

**Table of public health orders and directions
made, and other relevant rules and legislation,
regarding the global covid-19 pandemic**

As 19 August 2020

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Point-in-time summary of Commonwealth, State and Territory legal response to COVID-19

The table below provides a current snapshot of the material restrictions on businesses, venues and movement that have been imposed by the Australian, State and Territory Governments in response to the COVID-19 outbreak, as at **19 August 2020**.

Subject	Federal	VIC	NSW	SA	QLD	ACT	WA	NT	TAS
Restrictions on movement and transport									
Federal travel restrictions	<p>Border closure: Ban on persons other than Australian citizens, residents and immediate family members entering Australia (here)</p> <p>Effective from 9pm, 20 March AEDT</p> <p>Travel ban: Ban on Australian citizens and permanent residents from travelling overseas (here)</p> <p>Effective from 25 Mar</p> <p>Limited exemptions for: persons ordinarily resident outside Australia, aircraft or vessel crew or safety worker (other than outgoing aircraft or vessel), person involved in conduct of inbound/ outbound flights, travel for essential work offshore, official government business</p>								
Self-quarantine for 14 days following travel outside of Australia	Implemented by State/Territory laws	Effective from 19 Jul (here)	Effective from 7 Jul (here)	Effective from 14 Aug (here)	Effective from 8 Jul (here)	Effective from 6 Jul (here)	Effective from 5 Apr (here)* Borders closed except for limited exempt persons	Effective from 16 Jul (here)* Quarantine required for international arrivals and travellers from hotspot.	Effective from 17 Jul – General (here) and Affected Regions and Premises (here)
State border restrictions Mandatory self-quarantine for 14 days following out-of-state travel	Implemented by State/Territory laws				Effective from 7 Aug (here)* Quarantine no longer required	None yet			
Mandatory self-quarantine for diagnosed cases		From 16 Aug (here) – at private residence or other specified space until medically cleared	From 23 Jul (here) – at private residence or other designated space until medically cleared	From 27 Mar (here) – at suitable premises until determined by medical practitioner	From 19 May (here) - at suitable premises or hospital until medically cleared.	From 11 Jul (here) – at private residence or to a hospital until given clearance from isolation by authorised medical officer	From 9 May (here)* specified premises until told no longer need to isolate	From 28 Mar (here) – hospital/place of medical treatment until notified in writing that no longer needs to remain isolated Also from 16 Apr (here) if reasonably suspected or have come into close contact with someone who is reasonably suspected	From 17 Apr (here) – at suitable premises for isolation until given a release from isolation by relevant officer. Also from 17 Apr (here) if reasonably suspected or have come into close contact with someone who is reasonably suspected

Subject	Federal	VIC	NSW	SA	QLD	ACT	WA	NT	TAS
Cruise ships	International cruise ships may not enter Australian territory except where: there is a force permission given by a Collector, the ship is exercising the right of innocent passage; it is necessary for the purpose of securing the safety of the ship or saving life; or the voyage commenced in Australia and is solely for necessary maintenance. Foreign cruise ships are required to leave Australian territory except where there is a force permission to stay, it is necessary for the purpose of securing the safety of the ship or saving a life, or the ship is exercising the right of innocent passage. Effective from 25 May 2020 until 17 Sep 2020 (here)	From 20 Mar (here)	From 28 Mar (here)		From 11 Jun (here)				
Restrictions on gatherings and venues									
General restrictions on outdoor/indoor mass gatherings	Agreed nationally but implemented by State / Territory laws	Prohibitions on gatherings in public of specified numbers of people							
		16 Aug (here)	1 Jul (here)	14 Aug (here)	3 Jul (here)*	11 Aug (here)*	26 Jun (here)*	Gatherings revoked on 1 May (here)	26 Jun 2020 (here)*
		16 Aug (Restricted Areas) (here)	20 visitors in home and public gatherings of 20 persons	Maximum of 1000 people as long as 1 per 2 sq m. and max of 20 for private gatherings.	Gatherings now limited to 100 people	100 persons	Gatherings now unlimited as long as social distancing of 1 person per 2 sq m complied with	Physical distancing direction revoked on 11 Jun (here)	Stay at home direction revoked (here) 20 people in home Up to 500 people outdoor/250 people indoor. Density limit of 2 sq m/person
Exceptions to rules re gatherings		Exceptions across jurisdictions include airport, public transport, medical or health service facility, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery or retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility, outdoor or indoor space where people are transiting through.							
Restrictions on specific venues and public events	Agreed nationally but implemented by State / Territory laws <i>[Note – this approach may change as it's possible that some states may adopt more serious measures ahead of other states/territories]</i>	Prohibitions on: retail food services, auction houses, auctions and open inspections, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments, entertainment venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms, residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings (numbers differ across states); skate parks; outdoor playgrounds and gym equipment.							
Direction		16 Aug (here)	1 Jul (here)	14 Aug (here)*	24 Jul (here)*	11 Aug (here)	26 Jun (here)	22 May (here) Also 4 Jun (here)	5 Jun (here)
		16 Aug (Restricted Areas) (here)		Defined public activities allowed	Businesses allowed to operate with 1 person per 2 sq m up to 50 people at <200 sq m or no more than 1 person per 4 sq m for venues >200 sq m				
		16 Aug - Workplace Obligations and Additional Industry Obligations (here and here)							
		16 Aug –Worker Permit (here)							
Declarations of emergency and biosecurity powers									
State of emergency	Governor General declared "human biosecurity emergency" on 18 Mar (here)	Declared on 16 Mar (here)	N/A	Declared on 16 Mar (here and here)	Declared on 31 Jan (here)	Declared on 16 Mar (here)	Declared on 15 Mar – State of Emergency (here)	Declared on 18 Mar (here)	Declared on 19 Mar (here) Extended on 8 Jun for 12 weeks (here)

Subject	Federal	VIC	NSW	SA	QLD	ACT	WA	NT	TAS
	Extended until 17 Sep on 14 May (here)	Extended on 16 Aug to 13 Sep (here)		Declaration of Major Emergency on 22 Mar for 14 days (here). Last extended on 2 Apr for 28 days (here)	Last extended on 14 Aug for 46 days (here) Declaration of Disaster Situation declared on 22 Mar, published on 27 Mar (here). Last extended for 90 days on 28 May (here)	Last extended on 19 Aug (here)	Last extended on 5 Aug for 14 days from 6 Aug (here) Declared on 16 Mar – Public Health Emergency (here) Public Health Emergency last extended on 7 Aug for 14 days (here)	Last extended on 27 Mar for 90 days (here)	State of Emergency Declaration extended on 8 Jul (here)
Commercial leases	Announcement (here) Code of conduct (here)	COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) Act 2020 (here) COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) (Commercial Leases and Licences) Regulations 2020 (here)	Emergency Measures Act (here) Retail and Other Commercial Leases (COVID-19) Regulation 2020 (here)	COVID-19 Emergency Response (Further Measures) Amendment Act 2020 (here) COVID-19 Emergency Response (Commercial Leases No 2) Regulations 2020 (here)	COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020 (here) Land (COVID-19 Emergency Response – Waiver and Deferral of Rents and Instalments) Regulation 2020 (here) Retail Shop Leases and Other Commercial Leases (COVID-19 Emergency Response) Regulation 2020 (here)	COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020 (here) Leases (Commercial and Retail) COVID-19 Emergency Response Declaration 2020 (here)	Commercial Tenancies (COVID-19 Response) Act 2020 (here) Commercial Tenancies (COVID-19 Response (Early Termination)) Bill 2020 (here)	Tenancies Legislation Amendment Act (here) Business Tenancies COVID-19 Modification Notice 2020 (here)	COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 (here) COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 – Notice re commercial tenancies (here) COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Commercial Leases) Act 2020 (here)
	For summary, see page 10-13 below	For summary, see page 50-1 below	For summary, see pages 94-5, 98 and 101 below	For summary, see pages 134-40 below	For summary, see pages 25, 29, 34 below	For summary, see pages 149-50, 154 below	For summary, see page 107 below	For summary, see page 168-9 below	For summary, see page 116, 119-20. 125-6

Updates since last version

Federal	QLD	VIC	NSW	WA	TAS	SA	ACT	NT	
	Added in Border restrictions (No 11), Extension of State of Emergency	Added in multiple directions, including Public Health and Wellbeing Further Amendment (Infringements) Regulations 2020, Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions, Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas), Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne), Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas), Stay at Home Directions (Non-Melbourne), Workplace Directions, Permitted Worker Permit Scheme and Onsite Childcare/Kindergarten Permit Scheme Directions, Area Directions, Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions, Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency		Added in Extension of State of Emergency Declaration, Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration		Added in Emergency Management (Public Activities No 6) (COVID-19) Direction 2020, Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 11) (COVID-19) Direction 2020, Emergency Management (Public Activities No 7) (COVID-19) Direction 2020		Added in Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 6), Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 7), Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 11)	

Federal Government

Date	Description	Link
21 Jan 2020	<p>Biosecurity (Listed Human Diseases) Amendment Determination 2020</p> <p>The coronavirus was officially designated a “listed human disease” under the Biosecurity Act 2015 (Cth), meaning various powers can be exercised under the Act such as control orders.</p>	Here
3-7 Feb 2020	<p>Federal Government declares “health response zones”</p> <p>Power granted under <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> to define certain areas that certain classes of people are not allowed to enter, to prevent spread of infection. Zones declared at North West Point Immigration Detention Centre, Royal Australian Air Force Base Learmonth, and Howard Springs Accommodation Village</p>	Here Here Here
	<p>Repeal of health response zones</p> <p>The declarations of these three zones was repealed on 18 Mar 2020</p>	Here
18 Feb 2020	<p>Australian Health Sector Emergency Response Plan for Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) issued</p>	Here
12 Mar – 15 Apr 2020	<p>Determinations published by federal Government</p> <p>Addresses provision of telehealth services, and health insurance and bulk billing arrangements relating to Coronavirus testing</p>	Here Here Here
13 Mar 2020	<p>Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC) coronavirus (COVID-19) statement</p> <p>AHPPC considers that...the time has come to put in place social distancing measures to mitigate spread, rather than a strategy based primarily on case finding. These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limiting non-essential organised gatherings to fewer than 500 people • limiting non-essential meetings or conferences of critical workforce eg healthcare professionals and emergency services • encouraging all Australians to exercise personal responsibility for social distancing measures • initiating measures to protect vulnerable populations, such as reducing visitors to all residential care facilities and remote Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities. 	Here
18 Mar 2020	<p>Media statement – Prime Minister of Australia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • From 18 Mar, all non-essential indoor gatherings of greater than 100 people (including staff) will no longer be permitted. Refers to single enclosed area (room/premises) substantially enclosed by roof and walls (temporary or permanent, open or closed) • Essential activities such as public transport, medical and health care facilities, pharmacies, emergency service facilities, correctional facilities, youth justice centres or other places of custody, court or tribunals, parliaments, food markets, supermarkets or 	Here

	<p>grocery stores, shopping centres, office buildings, factories, construction sites and mining sites, where necessary for their normal operation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outdoor gatherings of fewer than 500 people may proceed. Must be no more than 1 person per 4 square metres • ANZAC day ceremonies and events cancelled • Endorsed advice against 'panic purchasing' of bulk foods, medicines and other goods • Additional measures adopted to ensure security and protect residents at aged care facilities • Schools, universities and other higher education centres to remain open • Implemented highest level of travel restrictions on international travel 	
	<p>Governor-General accepted recommendations to declare a “human biosecurity emergency” under the Biosecurity Act 2015, which allows the Health Minister to issue targeted, legally enforceable directions and requirements to combat COVID-19.</p> <p>First emergency requirement under declaration is to formally prohibit cruise ships for 30 days.</p> <p>An amended determination was registered on 2 Apr to extend the ban to 15 Jun and also to require foreign ships to leave Australian territory except in limited circumstances such as for the safety of the ship or to save a life.</p>	<p>Here Here</p>
19 Mar 2020	<p>Travel Ban</p> <p>The Australian Government announced a travel ban on all non-residents and non-citizens coming to Australia. The ban will be effective from 9pm on 20 March 2020.</p>	<p>Here</p>
	<p>Defence Determination, Conditions of service Amendment (COVID-19 response) Determination 2020 (No. 6)</p> <p>The Federal Government has made a determination under the Defence Act 1903 (Cth) to allow defence force members to take an absence of duty to self-isolate, care for their children and to obtain other benefits in response to COVID-19.</p>	<p>Here</p>
20 Mar 2020	<p>Further limits placed on indoor gatherings</p> <p>Indoor events of more than 100 people are still banned. Indoor events for fewer than 100 people must adhere to a strict density limit of 1 person per 4 square metres. Examples given were alternate or staggered seating in cinemas, and restaurants undertaking a capacity reduction.</p> <p>Although outdoor events of fewer than 500 people are still permitted to proceed, they also must adhere to the density limit of 1 person per 4 square metres.</p> <p>Additional exceptions to these rules allowed that aren't specified, subject to the discretion of the individual Chief Health Officer or equivalent.</p>	<p>Here</p>
22 Mar 2020	<p>Further limits placed on places of social gathering</p> <p>Premiers and Chief Ministers agreed to implement, through state and territory laws, new Stage 1 restrictions on social gatherings, to be reviewed on a monthly basis.</p> <p>Australians should expect these measures to be in place for at least 6 months.</p> <p>The following facilities will be restricted from opening from midday local time 23 March 2020:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pubs, registered and licenced clubs (excluding bottle shops attached to these venues), hotels (excluding accommodation) • Gyms and indoor sporting venues • Cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, and night clubs • Restaurants and cafes will be restricted to takeaway and/or home delivery 	<p>Here</p>

24 Mar
2020

- Religious gatherings, places of worship or funerals (in enclosed spaces and other than very small groups and where the 1 person per 4 square metre rule applies).

Update on coronavirus measures

- Under the *Biosecurity Act*, the Government will implement a 'do not travel' ban on all Australians travelling overseas. Limited exemptions will apply ([Determination issued by Minister Hunt on 25 Mar 2020](#))
- National Cabinet agreed to additional measures regarding non-essential businesses, including in relation to real estate, personal care, entertainment, retail, and leisure and recreation

[Here](#)

Coronavirus Economic Response Package Omnibus Act 2020

Federal government has implemented a number of Acts outlining its Economic Response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

These packages include the following economic support:

- a) Support for individuals and households includes:
 - a. expanding eligibility to income support payments and establishing a temporary COVID-19 supplement;
 - b. additional payments to income support recipients or concession card holders;
 - c. temporary early release of superannuation in this and the next financial year of up to \$10,000;
 - d. reducing minimum drawdown requirements for superannuation; and
 - e. reducing social security deeming rates;
- b) Support for businesses includes:
 - a. boosting cash flow for eligible small and medium-sized businesses and not-for-profit organisations to support employment. Small/medium businesses and NFPs that employ people. Minimum payment is \$20,000. Businesses with annual turnover of <\$50 million are eligible. Under the scheme, employers will receive payment of 100% of salary and wages withheld, with max payment increased from \$25,000 to \$50,000 and the minimum payment being increased to \$10,000. The enhanced scheme also introduces an additional payment for the July – October 2020 period. Eligible entities receive the additional payment equal to the first payment under the scheme. This means that eligible businesses will receive at least \$20,000, and a maximum payment of \$100,000 all up.
 - b. temporary relief for financially distressed businesses including raising the threshold for statutory demands and bankruptcy notices and extending the time for payment of statutory demand. The minimum threshold for a statutory demand has been increased from \$2,000 to \$20,000; and the minimum threshold for bankruptcy notices has been increased from \$5,000 to \$20,000. The time limit for responding to both has also been extended to 6 months.
 - c. supplementing existing safe harbour protections to provide temporary relief from insolvent trading;
 - d. increasing the instant asset write-off from \$30,000 to \$150,000 and expanding access to include businesses with an aggregated turnover of <\$500 million until 30 June 2020;
 - e. introducing an incentive scheme to support business investment and economic growth. Businesses with a turnover of <\$500 million will now be able to deduct 50% of the cost of an eligible asset on installation, with existing depreciation rules applying to the remaining balance;
 - f. introducing incentives for businesses to retain apprentices and trainees, offering a subsidy of up to 50% of the wage for 9 months from 1 January 2020 to 30 September 2020, up to a maximum of \$21,000 per eligible apprentice/trainee;

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

- g. offering guarantees of up to 50% to small to medium lenders offering new short-term unsecured loans to other small to medium enterprises; and
- h. allowing for a temporary exemption from responsible lending obligations for credit to small businesses.
- c) Setting aside \$1 billion for any regions severely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic

Packages include:

- a) [Appropriation \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act \(No 1\) 2020](#)
- b) [Appropriation \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act \(No 2\) 2020](#)
- c) [Australian Business Growth Fund \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act 2020](#)
- d) [Guarantee of Lending to Small and Medium Enterprises \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act 2020](#)
 - a. [Delegation](#) issued on 6 Apr
 - b. [Amendment Delegation](#) on 15 May
 - c. Further [Delegation](#) registered on 25 May
- e) [Structured Finance Support \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act 2020](#)
 - a. [Delegation](#) issued on 26 Mar
 - b. [Second Delegation](#) issued on 26 Mar
 - c. [Amendment Delegation](#) issued on 6 Apr
 - d. [Additional Delegation](#) registered on 20 May
- f) [Assistance for Severely Affected Regions \(Special Appropriation\) \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act 2020](#)
- g) [Boosting Cash Flow for Employers \(Coronavirus Economic Response Package\) Act 2020](#)
- h) [Paid Parental Leave Amendment \(Coronavirus Economic Response\) Rules 2020](#)

**25 Mar
2020**

Update on coronavirus measures

- Australian Health Principal Protection Committee recommends cessation of all gatherings, with a limit of 10 persons in a related group
- Funerals limited to 10 people and weddings to 5 people
- The following indoor gatherings should cease: All galleries, museums and libraries, All auction houses, real estate auctions and open house inspections (excluding private inspections); Organised meetings for social, educational or recreational purposes (for example Rotary, mothers' groups, U3A, study groups). Domestic and family violence and drug and alcohol support groups are able to continue as they are part of the health portfolio and considered essential; All health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre and spin facilities, saunas, bathhouses and wellness centres; Amusement parks, arcades and play centres; Gaming or gambling venues not currently covered by the casino or licensed venue restrictions
- There was also a strong recommendation to limit unnecessary visitors to private homes, including private events in homes.

[Here](#)

National COVID-19 Coordination Commission created

Commission created to coordinate the advice to the Australian Government on actions to anticipate and mitigate the economic and social impacts of the global pandemic. Board members include Mr Neville Power, Mr Greg Combet, Ms Jane Halton, Mr Paul Little, Ms Catherine Tanna, and Mr David Thodey

[Here](#)

Biosecurity (Human Health Response Zone) (Swissotel Sydney) Determination 2020

Order limits the class of people that may enter the zone, in order to have a treatment area for those entering Australian territory seeking treatment for COVID-19. Declaration remains in force for 3 months.

[Here](#)

<p>26 Mar 2020</p>	<p>Determination repealed by the Biosecurity Repeal (Human Health Response Zone) (Swissotel Sydney) Determination 2020 issued on 29 Apr</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>28 Mar 2020</p>	<p>Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) (Emergency Requirements for Remote Communities) Determination 2020</p> <p>Direction that declares certain designated areas in Queensland, Northern Territory, Western Australia and South Australia, and limiting the entry of persons into those areas except in limited circumstances.</p> <p>Determination issued on 7 Apr to provide clarity to original Determination.</p> <p>Amendment Determination issued on 25 May 2020</p> <p>Further Amendment Determination issued on 3 June 2020</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>29 Mar 2020</p>	<p>National Cabinet Statement</p> <p>National cabinet agreed to limit both indoor and outdoor gatherings to two persons only. Exceptions to this include: people in the same household going out together, funerals (<10 people), and weddings (<5 people), or family units</p> <p>Individual states and territories may choose to mandate/enforce this requirement.</p> <p>Strong guidance to all Australians to stay home unless for: Shopping for what you need – food and necessary supplies; Medical or health care needs, including compassionate requirements; Exercise in compliance with public gathering requirements; Work and study if not remotely.</p> <p>National Cabinet agreed to a moratorium on evictions for commercial and residential tenancies for 6 months, if they are in financial distress due to the impact of coronavirus. The agreed set of common principles are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) a short term, temporary moratorium on eviction for non-payment of rent to be applied across commercial tenancies impacted by severe rental distress due to coronavirus; b) tenants and landlords are encouraged to agree on rent relief or temporary amendments to the lease; c) the reduction or waiver of rental payment for a defined period for impacted tenants; d) the ability for tenants to terminate leases and/or seek mediation or conciliation on the grounds of financial distress; e) commercial property owners should ensure that any benefits received in respect of their properties should also benefit their tenants in proportion to the economic impact caused by coronavirus; f) landlords and tenants not significantly affected by coronavirus are expected to honour their lease and rental agreements; and g) cost-sharing or deferral of losses between landlords and tenants, with Commonwealth, state and territory governments, local government and financial institutions to consider mechanisms to provide assistance. <p>More details to follow.</p>	<p>Here</p>

Temporary changes to Foreign Investment framework

The Hon Josh Frydenberg MP, Commonwealth Treasurer, announced two key, temporary changes to foreign investment:

- a) reducing the threshold for screening to \$0 for all foreign investments proposed under the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975*, which will give the Australian government greater oversight over proposed foreign investment during this time; and
- b) the FIRB will work with new and existing applicants to extend timeframes for reviewing applications from 30 days to up to 6 months. This will allow the FIRB to prioritise any proposed investments which will best protect and support Australian businesses and jobs.

Given the increasing pressure being faced by many Australian businesses due to COVID-19, these measures will ensure that Australian businesses are offered some protections given there will likely be a rise in debt restructuring transactions for Australian businesses. These measures will ensure there is greater Government oversight to protect the national interest, as there will likely be international investors looking for opportunities to invest in distressed Australian businesses.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Customs (Prohibited Exports) Amendment (COVID-19 Human Biosecurity Emergency) Regulations 2020

Regulation prohibiting the export of equipment that assists in limiting the spread of COVID-19, including disposable face masks, gloves, gowns, goggles/glasses or eyewear, and disinfectant products such as hand sanitiser and alcohol wipes.

[Here](#)

30 Mar
2020

\$130 billion JobKeeper payment to keep Australians in a job

The Federal Government will provide a wage subsidy to around 6 million workers of \$1,500 per fortnight before tax from their employer, for full-time and part-time employees and casual employees that have been employed for at least 12 months with the same employer. The payment will be paid to employers for up to six months for each eligible employee that was on their books on 1 March 2020 and continues to be retained by that employer. Every employee must receive at least \$1,500 per fortnight from their employer.

Employers will be eligible if:

- a) they have an annual turnover of <\$1 billion who self-assess, and have a reduction in revenue of 30% since 1 March 2020, over a minimum one-month period;
- b) they have a turnover of \$1 billion and can demonstrate a 50% reduction in revenue.

[Here](#)

Update on coronavirus measures

Following agreement of a national baseline for social distancing and business restrictions, National Cabinet agreed to adopt the advice from the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC) that:

- a) Supports the long-term nationwide maintenance and enforcement of the restrictions currently in place;
- b) Local circumstances may prompt states and territories to introduce additional measures for a period to further control community transmission; and
- c) Local decisions should be on the advice of the local Chief Health Officer informed by the local epidemiology at the time.

The factors influencing such a recommendation include consideration of:

- a) the overall number of new cases, and particularly the rate of change
- b) the proportion of locally acquired cases without known links to other cases
- c) multiple outbreaks in vulnerable populations, including remote Indigenous communities and residential aged care facilities

[Here](#)

d) capacity of laboratory testing and the health system to respond to current and predicted load.

The next National Cabinet has been meeting scheduled for **this Friday**. At this meeting, the Cabinet will consider advice from Treasurers on changes to commercial and residential tenancies.

Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) (Essential Goods) Determination 2020

[Here](#)

A person must not engage in price gouging in relation to essential goods.

Price gouging is defined as: the purpose supplies or offers to supply the goods during the human biosecurity emergency period, they were purchased in a retail transaction on or after 20 Jan 2020, and the value of the consideration for which the person supplies or offers to supply the goods is more than 120% of the value of the consideration for which the goods were originally purchased.

Essential goods defined as: disposable face masks, disposable gloves, disposable gowns, or goggles, glasses or eye visors; or alcohol wipes or hand sanitizer.

**3 Apr
2020**

Update on coronavirus measures

[Here](#)

The National Cabinet made further progress on the issue of commercial tenancies. The Cabinet agreed that a mandatory code of conduct would be developed and legislated by the State and Territory Governments. This code would apply for tenancies where the tenant is eligible for the Commonwealth Government's JobKeeper assistance program and is a small- or medium-sized enterprise (<\$50 million in turnover). The guiding principles that the Cabinet agreed to were:

- a) *Where it can, rent should continue to be paid, and where there is financial distress as a result of COVID-19 (for example, the tenant is eligible for assistance through the JobKeeper program), tenants and landlords should negotiate a mutually agreed outcome*
- b) *There will be a proportionality to rent reductions based on the decline in turnover to ensure that the burden is shared between landlords and tenants*
- c) *There will be a prohibition on termination of leases for non-payment of rent (lockouts and eviction)*
- d) *There will be a freeze on rent increases (except for turnover leases)*
- e) *There will be a prohibition on penalties for tenants who stop trading or reduce opening hours*
- f) *There will be a prohibition on landlords passing land tax to tenants (if not already legislated)*
- g) *There will be a prohibition on landlords charging interest on unpaid rent*
- h) *There will be a prohibition on landlords from making a claim to a bank guarantee or security deposit for non-payment of rent*
- i) *Ensure that any legislative barriers or administrative hurdles to lease extensions are removed (so that a tenant and landlord could agree a rent waiver in return for a lease extension)*

The next National Cabinet meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday, 7 Apr**

**7 Apr
2020**

Update on coronavirus measures

[Here](#)

Reiterates the importance of social distancing.

Commercial tenancies

The National Cabinet agreed that the states and territories would implement this Mandatory [Code of Conduct](#), including via legislation or regulation as appropriate, to implement the principles referred to in above row.

	<p>The Code imposes a set of good faith leasing principles for application to commercial tenancies, including retail, office and industrial, between owners, operators, other landlords and tenants, where the tenant is a small-to-medium sized enterprise with <\$50 million turnover.</p> <p>The National Cabinet agreed there would be proportionality to rent reductions based on the decline in turnover so that the economic burden arising from COVID-19 is shared by landlords and tenants. However, it does not prevent individual landlords and tenants from agreed between themselves to a tailored approach in their individual circumstances to deal with the burden.</p> <p>The Cth government is acting as a model landlord and waiving all rents for small and medium enterprises and not-for-profit tenants within its owned and leased property around the country.</p>	
<p>9 Apr 2020</p>	<p><i>Coronavirus Economic Response Package (Payments and Benefits) Act 2020</i></p> <p>This Act forms part of the framework for the financial support announced by the Federal Government to assist businesses and their employees during the coronavirus pandemic.</p> <p>These rules may make provision for and in relation to: the eligibility criteria for a payment; if or how an application for a payment must be made; whether the payment is to be in instalments or a lump sum; entitlement to a payment or instalment; amount of a payment or instalment; when a payment or instalment is payable; conditions applying to a payment or instalment; providing information or notices; and rights or liabilities of an entity that is paid a payment, an entity that directly benefits from another entity being paid a payment, or, if the entitlement of an entity to a payment relates to a relationship existing between the entity and another entity, the other entity.</p> <p>There was also the Coronavirus Economic Response Package (Payments and Benefits) Rules 2020, some of which were, subsequently, partially amended on 24 Apr, again amended on 1 May 2020, again amended on 22 May, again amended on 6 Jul, again amended on 16 Jul, and again amended on 14 Aug</p>	<p>Here</p>
	<p><i>Coronavirus Economic Response Package Omnibus (Measures No 2) Act 2020</i></p> <p>Further to the first Omnibus Act from 24 Mar, this Act introduces additional amendments to implement the Federal Government's economic response to the coronavirus pandemic, including the JobSeeker scheme.</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>14 Apr 2020</p>	<p><i>ASIC Corporations (COVID-19 – Advice-related Relief) Instrument 2020</i></p> <p>Instrument regulating some of the circumstances in which advice may be required from an entity in regards to the COVID-19 pandemic, including eg when superannuation is released early.</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>16 Apr 2020</p>	<p><i>Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) (Emergency Requirements for Remote Communities) Determination 2020</i></p> <p>Direction that declares certain designated areas in Queensland, Northern Territory, Western Australia and South Australia, and limiting the entry of persons into those areas except in limited circumstances.</p>	<p>Here</p>
	<p><i>Update on coronavirus measures</i></p> <p>National Cabinet agreed that any changes to the current measures must be underpinned by a strengthened public health response for case and contact identification and management, continued surge capacity in the healthcare system and a clear communications plan.</p> <p>AHPPC's assessment is the precedent conditions required for change were unlikely to be in place within the next four weeks and cautioned against any material change in measures in this time. However, if Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) supply could be assured, there could</p>	<p>Here</p>

be further consideration of recommencing some high value health service activity including elective surgery.

National Cabinet agreed to baseline measures remaining in place for the next four weeks, with individual states and territories who have put in place extended measures beyond baselines, to consider these measures based on up to date data and circumstances.

National Cabinet agreed to AHPPC advice on seven precedent conditions to any further relaxations, with work to continue over the next four weeks.

- Situational awareness of current measures and their impact – sophisticated surveillance of disease incidence and spread, health system status, public health capabilities, stocks of material and community adherence to public health measures.
- Finalised surveillance plan – enabled with adequate resources.
- A better understanding of the implications of the modelling and a better understanding of the characteristics and transmission of the virus.
- Complete maturation of public health capacity – including capacity to conduct testing more broadly; and public health workforce and technology for contact tracing, data collection and analysis.
- Advanced technology for contact tracing – the role of a mobile phone application should be wholly explored, as it could be a valuable tool in contact tracing if numbers increase and the application is widely taken up. This would act to complement and augment our current public health contact tracing strategies and enable scale-back strategies.
- Assurance of adequate health system capacity – should control measures fail, there must be assurance that the system will cope with any surge in cases, including the requirement for hospital beds, ventilators, PPE and ongoing workforce training.
- Assurance of supply lines for – PPE, pathology consumables, ventilators.

21 Apr
2020

Update on Coronavirus measures

Elective surgery

National Cabinet agreed that the following procedures may recommence from 27 Apr: IVF, screening programs (cancer and other diseases), post cancer reconstruction procedures, procedures for children under 18, joint replacements (incl knees, hips and shoulders), cataracts and eye procedures, endoscopy and colonoscopy.

Next meeting will be this Friday.

[Here](#)

23 Apr
2020

Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Declaration 2020

Public health [State of Emergency](#) declared over the whole of Jervis Bay

[Here](#)

Coronavirus Economic Response Package (Payments and Benefits) Alternative Decline in Turnover Test Rules 2020

Rules providing an alternative test for businesses that started before 1 Mar 2020 but after the relevant comparison period, or where a business acquisition/disposal or restructure changed the entity's turnover for the purposes of the relevant comparison period.

[Here](#)

Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) (Emergency Requirements for Remote Communities) Amendment (No 2) Determination 2020

Slight amendments made to current [direction](#). Final direction registered on 5 May ([here](#))

[Here](#)

24 Apr
2020

Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Declaration Extension 2020 (No 1)

Public health emergency that was declared over the whole of Jervis Bay extended for 90 days.
Revoked and extended for 30 days by this [Direction](#)

[Here](#)

26 Apr
2020

COVIDSafe App launched

To assist with contact tracing and managing outbreaks of the infection. [Determination](#) issued by Minister Hunt regarding the collection, use and disclosure of any data gathered about users of this app, and limiting the circumstances in which and the parties who may do so.

[Amendments](#) were passed to the *Privacy Act 1988* on 15 May to make provisions for the collection and storage of data that is gained from people using the COVIDSafe App, in order to assist in maintaining privacy and ensure it is not collected and used by the wrong parties without consent. A [Determination](#) was then issued on 15 May under this new section to name the Digital Transformation Agency as the data store administrator for the collected data.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

1 May
2020

Update on Coronavirus measures

National Principles for Sport and Recreational Activities

National Cabinet considered and endorsed a series of [National Principles](#) developed by the national Health Committee together with sporting bodies across Australia. The Cabinet agreed that the resumption of sport and recreation will play a significant role in Australia's emergence from the COVID-19 environment due to the health, economic, social and cultural benefits it brings.

Key metrics to relax restrictions

The National Cabinet received and endorsed medical advice from the national Health Committee setting out the [key metrics](#) to support relaxing the existing restrictions.

The National Cabinet agreed to bring forward the review of the first phase of removing the restrictions on 8 May 2020.

The next meeting will occur on Tuesday 5 May.

[Here](#)

5 May
2020

Update on Coronavirus measures

Returning to work safely

A toolkit is being developed to assist businesses become work ready in a COVID-19 safe environment. National Cabinet encouraged businesses to be prepared for reopening, to protect their workers and protect their business.

Removing baseline restrictions

National Cabinet agreed to establish a three-step framework to gradually remove restrictions to enable Australians to live in a COVID-19 safe economy. Further details will be confirmed on Friday following the next meeting. Individual states and territories will determine the timeframe for graduating between steps and individual restrictions to remove.

The aim is to have a COVID-19 safe economy by July.

Next meeting to occur **Friday, 8 May**

[Here](#)

5 May
2020

Corporations (Coronavirus Economic Response) Determination (No 1) 2020

Modifies section 127(1) of the *Corporations Act* in regards to the methods for a company to execute documents, in order to allow company officers to sign and execute documents electronically.

[Here](#)

8 May
2020

Update on Coronavirus measures

For each of the major areas of restrictions we have set out three key steps between where we are now and where we want to be.

- 1) will focus on carefully reopening the economy, and giving Australians opportunities to return to work and social activities, including gatherings of up to 10 people, up to 5 visitors in the family home and some local and regional travel
- 2) builds on this with gatherings of up to 20, and more businesses reopening, including gyms, beauty services and entertainment venues like galleries and cinemas
- 3) will see a transition to COVID safe ways of living and working, with gatherings of up to 100 people permitted. Arrangements under step 3 will be the 'new normal' while the virus remains a threat. International travel and mass gatherings over 100 people will remain restricted.

The government also published a [summary](#) and more [detailed plan](#) explaining its proposal for easing restrictions.

[Here](#)

13 May
2020

Fair Work Amendment (COVID-19) Bill 2020

Proposed amendments to the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth) to introduce an entitlement to 14 days of paid COVID-19 leave for all employees including part-time and casual workers, under the National Employment Standards.

[Here](#)

14 May
2020

Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) Variation (Extension) Instrument 2020

Extended until 17 Sep 2020.

Amendment [Determination](#) issued on 20 May also confirming this extension.

[Declaration](#) issued confirming extension of declaration of Coronavirus as a listed disease.

[Here](#)

15 May
2020

Update on Coronavirus measures

National Cabinet endorsed the Mental Health and Wellbeing Pandemic Plan developed by the National Mental Health Commission. The three core objectives to this plan included:

- a) meet mental health and wellbeing needs of all Australians to reduce negative impacts of COVID pandemic in the short and long term;
- b) outline seven key principles and 10 key priorities to inform the jurisdictions as they respond to the challenges of COVID during the response and recovery from the pandemic;
- c) define governance, coordination and implementation requirements across jurisdictions to facilitate informed planning and decision making.

Elective surgery: due to unused hospital capacity in both public and private sectors, it is now considered safe to reopen elective surgery activity in an incremental and cautious way, while maintaining necessary ICU capacity for localised outbreaks. The reopening will occur in 3 stages, with each jurisdiction making its own determinations when the stages are appropriate:

- a) stage 1: up to 50% normal surgical activity levels (including reportable and non-reportable);
- b) stage 2: up to 75% normal surgical activity levels (including reportable and non-reportable);
- c) stage 3: up to 100% normal surgical activity levels (including reportable and non-reportable).

Next meeting scheduled for Friday, 29 May.

[Here](#)

25 May
2020

Biosecurity (Human Biosecurity Emergency) (Human Coronavirus with Pandemic Potential) (Emergency Requirements for Cruise Ships) Determination 2020

[Here](#)

Operator of a cruise ship that enters Australian territory before 17 Sep 2020 must immediately leave unless there is in force permission given by a Collector to enter; the ship is exercising right of innocent passage, the entry is necessary for the purpose of securing the safety of the ship or saving life; or the voyage commenced in Australian territory and is being conducted for necessary maintenance.

Temporary changes to continuous disclosure provisions for companies and officers

[Here](#)

Continuous disclosure provisions temporarily amended to enable companies and company officers to more confidently provide guidance to the market during the pandemic, given the heightened levels of uncertainty around future prospects.

[Here](#)

These amendments will be in effect for six months from 26 May.

[Determination](#) issued overnight including all the relevant amendments to sections 674, 675 and 677 of the *Corporations Act*.

29 May
2020

Update following National Cabinet meeting

[Here](#)

Given the success of the health system in reducing transmission, states and territories now have plans in place to move to Step 2 conditions under a COVIDSafe Australia 3 Step Framework in June 2020. This will allow most businesses to reopen with physical distancing, hygiene and COVID Safe work plans.

The National Cabinet endorsed the [Principles for COVID-19 Public Transport Operations](#) approved by the AHPPC.

National Cabinet has agreed to the formation of the National Federation Reform Council and the cessation of the COAG model.

National Cabinet has worked effectively to respond to COVID-19. The new National Federation Reform Council agreed to by Premiers, Chief Ministers and the Prime Minister, will change the way the Commonwealth and states and territories effectively and productively work together to address new areas of reform.

Next meeting scheduled for Friday 12 June

4 Jun
2020

HomeBuilder program to drive economic activity across the residential construction sector

[Here](#)

From today until 31 December, HomeBuilder will provide eligible owner-occupiers (not just first-home buyers) with a grant of \$25,000 to build a new home or substantially renovate an existing home. Applicants are subject to certain eligibility criteria including an income cap of \$125,000 for singles and \$200,000 for couples, and a cap of \$750,000 for new homes or renovation price range of \$150,000 - \$750,000 and for a property of >\$1,500,000.

More information on the package, including eligibility, can be found [here](#)

12 Jun
2020

Update on coronavirus measures

[Here](#)

The National Cabinet reconfirmed the commitment to the 3 step framework to loosening restrictions for a COVID-safe Australia, to be completed in Jul 2020. National Cabinet agreed to further changes based on AHPPC advice to enable the extended removal of restrictions under step 3 of the COVID-safe Australia plan for indoor gathering density rules and reopening ticketed and seated outdoor events.

Indoor gatherings

National Cabinet agreed to remove the 100 person limit on non-essential indoor gatherings under Step 3, and replace it with: 1 person per 4 sq m, staying 1.5m apart, maintaining good hand hygiene, staying home and getting tested if feeling unwell, downloading COVIDSafe App, and development COVIDSafe plans for workplaces and premises. This does not include high risk venues such as nightclubs.

Outdoor events

Venues with a capacity of up to 40,000 people will be allowed to open up to no more than 25% under step 3, with the same rules as above around distancing and hygiene.

National Federation Reform

The National Cabinet announced six priority areas of reform, and the formation of six National Cabinet Reform Committees: Rural and Regional, Skills, Energy, Infrastructure and Transport, Population and Migration, and Health.

The National Cabinet are scheduled to meet again on 26 June.



21 Jul
2020

Media release

JobKeeper payment will be extended by a further six months to 28 Mar 2021. The Government will taper the payment, reducing the fortnightly amount on 28 Sep and again on 4 Jan 2021. The Government will also introduce a tiered system for those who worked less than 20 hours a week on average prior to the COVID-19 pandemic (based on the 4 weeks prior to 1 Mar 2020).



[Here](#)

Queensland Government

Date	Description	Link
31 Jan 2020	<p>Public Health Emergency Order made</p> <p>Published in Queensland Government Gazette.</p>	Here
5 Feb 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency</p>	Here
6 Feb 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency</p>	Here
18 Feb 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency</p> <p>Public Health Emergency Order was extended by further 90 days</p>	Here
19 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health and other legislation (Public Health Emergency) Amendment Act 2020</p> <p>Amendment act granting wider powers to Queensland Government to prevent spread of coronavirus.</p> <p>In order to enforce mass gathering limits, power granted under this amendment to issue notices to businesses or undertakings of a stated class to open, close or limit access to the facility.</p> <p>An amendment has also been made to the compensation provision, disentitling businesses from reasonable compensation if powers are exercised in relation to the COVID-19 emergency.</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health Direction – Trading Hours</p> <p>Direction enabling owners of premises used predominantly for sale of food and groceries to open from 7am, and also to limit access to the store to certain classes of people eg pensioners</p>	Here
21 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health Direction – Mass Gatherings (No 2)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A person who owns, controls or operates premises in the State of Queensland must not allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises from the time of publication of this direction until the end of the declared public health emergency. 2. A person must not organise a mass gathering on premises in the State of Queensland from the time of publication of this direction until the end of the declared public health emergency. 3. A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in the State of Queensland from the time of publication of this direction until the end of the declared public health emergency. <p>*Mass gathering defined to mean 500 or more persons in single undivided outdoor space, 100 or more persons in a single undivided indoor space, or gathering of fewer than 100</p>	Here

	<p>persons in a single undivided indoor space, unless there is at least 4 square metres per person or the gathering is at a private residence</p> <p>Exceptions include airport, purposes related to public transport, medical or health services, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, prison or other correctional facility, court or tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility, outdoor space with 500 or more people transiting through, or indoor space with 100 or more people transiting through</p>	
23 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health Direction – Non-essential Business Closure</p> <p>A person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the State of Queensland must not operate the business or undertaking during the period specified in paragraph 3, including operating at a private residence.</p> <p>Included businesses are: registered and licensed clubs, licenced premises at hotels, gyms, fitness centres and indoor sporting centres, cinemas, gambling venues including casinos, nightclubs, theatres and entertainment venues or any kind, restaurants cafes, fast food outlets, food courts except for takeaway, theme parks, places of congregation for worship or fellowship, funerals except where at least 4 square metres per person.</p>	Here
24 Mar 2020	<p>Border control slows virus spread</p> <p>Measures include border road closures and police checks on major highways, advice at departure point that all travellers to Qld will be required to self-isolate for 14 days, police and other officers at arrivals gates, and termination of rail services.</p> <p>Exemptions include: freight, emergency vehicles or workers, those travelling to and from work, Court orders, compassionate grounds and medical treatment</p> <p>Direction issued by Chief Health Officer on 25 Mar 2020, and amended Direction issued by the Chief Health Officer issued on 31 Mar 2020.</p>	Here
25 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health Direction – Non-essential Business activity and undertaking closure</p> <p>Direction, with limited exception, for the closure of: all retail food services except for takeaway, auction houses, auctions and open inspections, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for 30 minute hairdresser appointments, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people</p>	Here
26 Mar 2020	<p>Queensland Education Department confirms school closures</p> <p>Pupil free days commencing 30 Mar to 3 Apr</p>	Here
26 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health Direction – Non-essential Business activity and undertaking closure (No 2)</p> <p>Direction, with limited exception, for the closure of non-essential businesses, activities and undertakings as defined in the direction. This definition includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres and social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed),</p>	Here

	residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people	
27 Mar 2020	<p>Self-isolation for Diagnosed Cases of COVID-19 Direction</p> <p>Direction that all those who receive a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 must enter self-isolation at their private residence or other specified space, unless travelling to receive treatment, until medically cleared or 14 days after diagnosis.</p>	Here
	<p>Restriction in Private Residences Direction</p> <p>An owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of a residence must not allow more than ten people to be present at any one time and take reasonable steps to encourage occupants of and visitors to the residence to practice social distancing to the extent reasonably practicable.</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health Direction – Non-essential Business activity and undertaking closure (No 3)</p> <p>Direction, with limited exception, for the closure of all non-essential businesses, activities, or undertakings as defined in the direction. This definition includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres and social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people</p>	Here
	<p>Gazette notice published</p> <p>Notice of Declaration of Disaster Situation on 22 Mar</p>	Here
28 Mar 2020	<p>Self-quarantine for persons arriving in Queensland from overseas Direction</p> <p>Direction requiring that individuals arriving from overseas, whether Queensland is their final destination or not, to self-quarantine in nominated premises for 14 days as instructed by a relevant authority.</p>	Here Here
	<p>Home Confinement Direction</p> <p>A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) To obtain food or other essential goods and services; b) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services; c) To engage in physical exercise (only with 1 other person or with a family group who ordinarily reside in the same household); d) To perform work on behalf of an employer that is engaged in an essential business, activity or undertaking (ie not prohibited by the above direction) and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence; e) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions; 	Here

- f) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member of the person's family;
- g) To attend any Court of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- h) To attend a childcare facility or educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence.

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods

31 Mar
2020

Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 4)

Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.

Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres and social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people

[Here](#)

2 Apr
2020

Border restrictions

From 3 Apr, any person arriving in Queensland from another state or territory will not be allowed into Queensland, unless they are an exempt person. If they are an exempt person, they will be allowed in but must self-isolate for 14 days if they have been overseas or travelled to a COVID-19 hotspot as declared by the Chief Health Officer in the preceding 14 days.

Exempt people include residents of Queensland (current residents or people looking to make Queensland their permanent place of residence); domestic transfers (provided they remain at the airport or in specific quarantine zones between flights); National/State Security and Government employees; health or emergency services personnel; people involved in transport/freight/logistics; those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key government services, industries, or businesses; those who live and work close to the border in neighbouring state; and persons entering Qld on compassionate grounds or under compulsion of law.

[Here](#)

Home Confinement, Movement and Gathering Direction

Home Confinement

Person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following limited, permitted purposes:

- a) For food or other essential goods/services;
- b) For medical treatment/health care services;
- c) For physical exercise;
- d) For work or volunteering, or carry on essential business, activity or undertaking, if work cannot reasonably be performed from home;

[Here](#)

	<p>e) For visiting another person's residence; f) For education; g) For visiting a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral/wedding; h) For aiding/caring/supporting an immediate family member; i) For attending any Court/tribunal or comply/give effect to orders of the Court; j) For attending an educational institution if not reasonable to stay home; k) For assisting with or participating in an investigation by law enforcement authority; l) To comply with/give effect to exercise of power/function of government agency; m) For children <18 years who live out of home, to visit family.</p> <p><u>Outdoor gatherings of up to 2 persons or with members of household</u></p> <p>Person leaving their residence for a permitted purpose may be accompanied only by members of their household or, if not, by one other person.</p> <p><u>Receiving up to 2 visitors at residence</u></p> <p>An owner, occupier, resident, tenant, temporary occupier or person in control of a residence may allow up to 2 visitors who are not ordinarily resident.</p> <p><u>Gatherings in non-residences</u></p> <p>A person who owns, controls or operates premises, other than a residence, must not organise or allow a gathering to occur.</p> <p><u>Exemptions</u></p> <p>Qld Chief Health Officer may grant specific exemptions in exceptional circumstances</p>	
3 Apr 2020	<p>Extension of disaster situation</p> <p>The period of the disaster situation declared for the whole of Qld is extended for a further period of 14 days.</p>	Here
6 Apr 2020	<p>Restricting cruise ships from entering Queensland waters</p> <p>The operator of a foreign cruise ship must not allow the ship to enter Qld waters before 15 June 2020 unless permitted under the Cth Government Determination</p>	Here
7 Apr 2020	<p>Self-quarantine for persons arriving in Queensland from overseas Direction (No 2)</p> <p>Direction requiring that individuals arriving from overseas, whether Queensland is their final destination or not, to travel in the instructed manner to nominated premises for a 14 day isolation period.</p>	Here
8 Apr 2020	<p>Restricted Access to Designated Areas Direction</p> <p>Any person, other than an exempt person, who travels to a designated area must self-isolate for 14 days if they have been overseas or travelled to a COVID-19 hotspot as declared by the Chief Health Officer in the preceding 14 days.</p> <p>At this stage, designated areas are: Frazer Island, Moreton Island and North Stradbroke Island.</p>	Here
9 Apr 2020	<p>Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 5)</p> <p>Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.</p>	Here

<p>10 Apr 2020</p>	<p>Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres, or massages etc performed by registered health service practitioners, with social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <2 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>17 Apr 2020</p>	<p>Border restrictions</p> <p>From 10 Apr, any person who arrives in Queensland from another state or territory will not be allowed to enter Queensland unless they are an exempt resident or person.</p> <p>An exempt resident or person must self-quarantine either in accordance with a direction from a relevant authority or for 14 days, if there is no direction, if they have been overseas in the last 14 days, or are moving to Queensland and make it their permanent place of residence</p> <p>Exempt resident is defined as: a person ordinarily resident in Queensland or who is looking to move to Queensland to make it their permanent place of residence, or any person living and working close to the border of NSW, SA or NT, who travels across the border to Queensland for essential goods or services, or for a permitted purpose, and enters by land, and does not propose to remain in Queensland, and vice versa anybody living in Queensland who needs to cross the border the other way in such circumstances.</p> <p>Exempt person includes: domestic air travel transfers, national and state security and Government employees, health and emergency services workers, transport, freight and logistics workers, those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key government services, industries or businesses and fly in/fly out workers, persons entering Queensland on compassionate grounds or under compulsion of law, other exemptions specifically permitted by the CHO.</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>21 Apr 2020</p>	<p>Disaster Management (Further Extension of Disaster Situation – COVID-19) Regulation 2020</p> <p>Further extended for 14 days</p> <p>Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 6)</p> <p>Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.</p> <p>Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres, or massages etc performed by registered health service practitioners, with social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with</p>	<p>Here</p>

<2 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people

22 Apr
2020

Appropriation (COVID-19) Bill

[Here](#)

Authorising the payment of additional monies from the consolidated fund.

23 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020

[Here](#)

Includes regulation-making power for retail leases and other prescribed leases, as well as residential tenancies.

Part 7 of this act includes the following: A regulation under this Act or the Retail Shop Leases Act 1994 may, for responding to the COVID-19 emergency—

- a) prohibit the recovery of possession of premises under a relevant lease by a lessor of the premises from a lessee of the premises; or
- b) prohibit the termination of a relevant lease by a lessor or owner of premises; or
- c) regulate or prevent the exercise or enforcement of another right of a lessor of premises under a relevant lease or other agreement relating to the premises; or
- d) exempt a lessee, or a class of lessees, from the operation of a provision of an Act, relevant lease or other agreement relating to the leasing of premises; or
- e) require parties to a relevant lease to have regard to particular matters or principles, or a prescribed standard, code or other document, in negotiating or disputing a matter under or in relation to the relevant lease; or
- f) require a mediator, conciliator, arbitrator, tribunal, court or other decision-maker to have regard to particular matters or principles, or a prescribed standard, code or other document, in mediating, conciliating, hearing or deciding a matter or proceeding relating to a relevant lease; or
- g) provide for a dispute resolution process for disputes relating to relevant leases, including, for example, by providing for the following—
 - a. who may apply for dispute resolution;
 - b. how the dispute resolution process is started;
 - c. the appointment and jurisdiction of mediators to mediate disputes;
 - d. the conduct of mediations;
 - e. the conferral of jurisdiction on a tribunal to hear and decide disputes;
 - f. the referral of disputes to a court or tribunal; or
 - g. prescribe any other matter necessary for, or incidental to, facilitating a matter mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (g).

Part 8 of this Act includes the following in relation to Residential tenancies and rooming accommodation - A regulation under this Act or the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 (the RTRA Act) may make provision for any matter necessary for responding to the COVID-19 emergency, including—

- 1) to ensure rights, obligations and processes under the RTRA Act operate appropriately having regard to COVID-19 response measures; and
- 2) to assist in achieving the objectives of COVID-19 response measures; and
- 3) to support the Queensland residential rental sector during the COVID-19 emergency period.

As part of the proposed amendments, the Act also introduces regulation making powers with regards to:

- a) witnessing and signing of documents, as well as to requirements of physical contact such as for board meetings, in order to reduce the need for people to attend face-to-face meetings except in limited circumstances.
- b) Modifying statutory time limits

24 Apr
2020

Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation (COVID-19 Emergency Response) Regulation 2020

Proposed regulation to effect the protections agreed by the National Cabinet for residential tenancies, including a moratorium on evictions.

[Here](#)

Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 7)

Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.

[Here](#)

26 Apr
2020

COVID restrictions ease

From 1 May, Queenslanders will be able to leave homes for recreation purposes with people from the same household and within a limited distance of 50km from their place of residence, eg to go for a drive, ride a motorbike, have a picnic, visit a national park or shop for non-essential items.

[Here](#)

Home Confinement Direction (No 2)

A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:

- a) To obtain food or other essential goods and services;
- b) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services;
- c) To engage in physical exercise;
- d) For recreation within a 50km radius of the person's principal place of residence;
- e) To perform work on behalf of an employer that is engaged in an essential business, activity or undertaking and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence;
- f) To visit another person's residence in accordance with the below
- g) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions;
- h) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member;
- i) To attend any Court of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- j) To attend a childcare facility or educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence;
- k) To assist with or participate in an investigation or other action by a law enforcement authority;
- l) For children <18, continuing existing arrangements for care and contact btn parents and/or siblings;
- m) Avoiding injury or illness or to escape risk of harm;
- n) To comply with or give effect to the exercise of a power or function of government agency

Outdoor gatherings of up to 2 persons or with members of same household: person may be accompanied by members of their household or by no more than one person who is not a member of the household, unless they require physical assistance.

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of residence may have up to two visitors who are not ordinarily members of the household (excluding workers/volunteers).

[Here](#)

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods.

Exceptions to gatherings including for: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, residential aged care facility, correctional facility, Court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility for residents and workers, wedding or funeral as permitted, outdoor or indoor space for transiting through, otherwise specified as exempt by CHO.

27 Apr
2020

Protecting Public Officials and Workers (Spitting, Coughing and Sneezing) Direction

Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting at, or coughing or sneezing on public officials and workers

[Here](#)

28 Apr
2020

Restricted Access to Designated Areas Direction (No 2)

A person who is not an exempt person, exempt resident or permitted person must not travel to a designated area. An exempt resident or permitted person must self-isolate for 14 days if they have travelled to a COVID-19 hotspot as declared by the Chief Health Officer in the preceding 14 days, unless if for an essential purpose.

At this stage, designated areas are: Frazer Island, Moreton Island and North Stradbroke Island.

[Here](#)

Self-isolation for Diagnosed Cases of COVID-19 Direction (No 2)

Direction that all those who receive a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 must enter self-isolation at their private residence or other specified space, unless travelling to receive treatment, until medically cleared or 14 days after diagnosis.

[Here](#)

1 May
2020

Self-quarantine for persons arriving in Queensland from overseas Direction (No 3)

Direction requiring that individuals arriving from overseas, whether Queensland is their final destination or not, to travel in the instructed manner to nominated premises for a 14-day isolation period.

[Here](#)

Protecting Public Officials and Workers (Spitting, Coughing and Sneezing) Direction (No 2)

Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting at, or coughing or sneezing on public officials and workers

[Here](#)

Disaster Management (Further Extension of Disaster Situation – COVID-19) Regulation (No 2) 2020

Further extended for 14 days

[Here](#)

Seasonal Workers Health Management Plans

A person who owns, controls or operates one or more of the following businesses or service providers must have a health management plan:

- 1) An agribusiness that employs seasonal workers;
- 2) A commercial fisheries business that employs seasonal workers;
- 3) A labour hire firm that employs seasonal workers;
- 4) An accommodation facility that houses or is available to house seasonal workers;

[Here](#)

- 5) A private or charter workforce transportation provider that provides services to a business described in the above subparagraphs.

Health Management Plan defined as a plan to manage preventing the transmission of COVID-19 amongst employees, seasonal workers and the community that complies with the requirements specified by the Chief Health Officer.

Border restrictions (No 5)

From 1 May, any person who arrives in Queensland from another state or territory will not be allowed to enter Queensland unless they are an exempt resident or person.

An exempt resident or person must self-quarantine either in accordance with the direction for 14 days,

Exempt resident is defined as: a person ordinarily resident in Queensland or who is looking to move to Queensland to make it their permanent place of residence, or any person living and working close to the border of NSW, SA or NT, who travels across the border to Queensland for essential goods or services, or for a permitted purpose, and enters by land, and does not propose to remain in Queensland, and vice versa anybody living in Queensland who needs to cross the border the other way in such circumstances.

Exempt person includes: domestic air travel transfers, national and state security and Government employees, health and emergency services workers, transport, freight and logistics workers, those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key government services, industries or businesses and fly in/fly out workers, agribusiness and commercial fishing employees; persons entering Queensland on compassionate grounds or under compulsion of law, other exemptions specifically permitted by the CHO.

[Here](#)

Home Confinement Direction (No 3)

A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:

- a) To obtain food or other essential goods and services;
- b) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services;
- c) To engage in physical exercise;
- d) For recreation within a 50km radius of the person's principal place of residence;
- e) To perform work on behalf of an employer that is engaged in an essential business, activity or undertaking and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence;
- f) To visit another person's residence in accordance with the below
- g) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions;
- h) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member;
- i) To attend any Court of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- j) To attend a childcare facility or educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence;
- k) To assist with or participate in an investigation or other action by a law enforcement authority;
- l) For children <18, continuing existing arrangements for care and contact b/n parents and/or siblings;
- m) Avoiding injury or illness or to escape risk of harm;
- n) To comply with or give effect to the exercise of a power or function of government agency

Outdoor gatherings of up to 2 persons or with members of same household: person may be accompanied by members of their household **or** by no more than one person who is not a member of the household, unless they require physical assistance.

[Here](#)

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of residence may have up to two visitors who are not ordinarily members of the household (excluding workers/volunteers).

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods.

Exceptions to gatherings including for: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, residential aged care facility, correctional facility, Court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility for residents and workers, wedding or funeral as permitted, outdoor or indoor space for transiting through, otherwise specified as exempt by CHO.

*Replaced by direction issued on 8 May.

Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 8)

Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.

Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres, or massages or other services provided by registered health service practitioners, with social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, drive-in cinemas, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as community and recreation centres and gyms (boot camps with <2 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people

[Here](#)

**8 May
2020**

Land (COVID-19 Emergency Response – Waiver and Deferral of Rents and Instalments) Regulation 2020

Regulation to provide for the waiver and deferral of rent on eligible tenures, as worked out under Part 4, Division 1 of the [Land Regulation 2009](#). For such eligible tenures, this new Regulation provides a threshold amount of rent, which is calculated based on the usual amount of rent paid. Then, under Part 2 of this new Regulation, those eligible may be entitled to a waiver of a portion of their rent during the waiver period (from 1 April to 30 September 2020), which is calculated by using various formulas listed in the Regulation depending on what category of lease it is. One such category of eligibility, category 13, encompasses where the lease is being used for a business, commercial or industrial purpose.

[Here](#)

Home Confinement Direction (No 4)

A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:

- a) To obtain food or other essential goods and services;
- b) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services;
- c) To engage in physical exercise;
- d) For recreation within a 50km radius of the person's principal place of residence;

[Here](#)

- e) To perform work on behalf of an employer that is engaged in an essential business, activity or undertaking and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence;
- f) To visit another person's residence in accordance with the below
- g) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions;
- h) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member;
- i) To attend any Court of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- j) To attend a childcare facility or educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence;
- k) To assist with or participate in an investigation or other action by a law enforcement authority;
- l) For children <18, continuing existing arrangements for care and contact b/n parents and/or siblings;
- m) Avoiding injury or illness or to escape risk of harm;
- n) To comply with or give effect to the exercise of a power or function of government agency

Outdoor gatherings of up to 2 persons or with members of same household: person may be accompanied by members of their household **or** by no more than one person who is not a member of the household, unless they require physical assistance.

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of residence may have up to two visitors who are not ordinarily members of the household (excluding workers/volunteers). From Sunday morning, this increases to 5 people.

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods.

Exceptions to gatherings including for: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, residential aged care facility, correctional facility, Court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility for residents and workers, wedding or funeral as permitted, outdoor or indoor space for transiting through, otherwise specified as exempt by CHO.

Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 9)

Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.

Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses, auctions and open inspections, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres, or massages or other services provided by registered health service practitioners, with social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, drive-in cinemas, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as community and recreation centres and gyms (boot camps with <2 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people

[Here](#)

14 May
2020

Restricted Access to Designated Areas Direction (No 3)

A person who is not an exempt person, exempt resident or permitted person must not enter a designated area. An exempt resident or permitted person must self-isolate for 14 days if they have travelled to a COVID-19 hotspot as declared by the Chief Health Officer in the preceding 14 days, unless if for an essential purpose.

[Here](#)

Home Confinement Direction (No 5)

A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:

- a) To obtain food or other essential goods and services, except for seated dining in according with below direction;
- b) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services;
- c) To engage in physical exercise;
- d) For recreation within a 150km radius of the person's principal place of residence (except for in outback, it is 500km);
- e) To perform work or volunteering, or carry out or conduct an essential business, activity or undertaking and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence;
- f) To visit another person's residence in accordance with the below
- g) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions;
- h) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member;
- i) To attend any Court of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- j) To attend a childcare facility
- k) To attend an educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence;
- l) To assist with or participate in an investigation or other action by a law enforcement authority;
- m) For children <18, continuing existing arrangements for care and contact b/n parents and/or siblings;
- n) Avoiding injury or illness or to escape risk of harm;
- o) To comply with or give effect to the exercise of a power or function of government agency

Outdoor gatherings of up to 10 persons or with members of same household: person may be accompanied by members of their household or by up to 9 other people who are not members of the household, unless they require physical assistance.

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of residence may have up to five visitors who are not ordinarily members of the household (excluding workers/volunteers).

Gatherings of up to 10 permitted at indoor non-residences.

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods.

Exceptions to gatherings including for: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, residential aged care facility, correctional facility, Court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility for residents and workers, wedding or funeral as permitted, outdoor or indoor space for transiting through, otherwise specified as exempt by CHO.

[Here](#)

Non-essential business, activity and undertaking Closure Direction (No 10)

[Here](#)

	<p>Person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business, activity or undertaking in Queensland, including at a private residence, must not operate the business, activity or undertaking (unless it is an online business eg online PT services) between the time this Direction is published and the end of the public health emergency, subject to limited exceptions.</p> <p>Non-essential business, activity or undertaking includes: all retail food services except for takeaway or delivery, seating up to 10 patrons in accordance (or 20 patrons in the outback) with COVID safe checklist, and limited exceptions where the food service is necessary eg prisons or airports, with social distancing observed; auction houses except up to 10 people and social distancing, auctions and open inspections except up to 10 people, outdoor and indoor markets except for food and farmers markets, licensed armourers and weapons dealers, beauty and personal care services, except for hairdresser appointments where there is 1 person per 4 square metres, limited permitted beauty and cosmetic services, or massages or other services provided by registered health service practitioners, with social distancing, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed and pubs, registered clubs, licensed clubs, RSL clubs etc with COVID Safe checklist and up to 10 patrons, drive-in cinemas, or bottle shops attached to licenced venues, leisure and recreation centres such as community and recreation centres and gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 10 people or funerals with 20 people (indoors) or 30 people (outdoors)</p>	
15 May 2020	<p>Justice Legislation (COVID-19 Emergency Response – Wills and Enduring Document) Regulation 2020</p> <p>Regulations introduced to permit the signing of wills and other enduring documents over audio-visual link, with a substituted witness.</p>	Here
	<p>Disaster Management (Further Extension of Disaster Situation – COVID-19) Regulation (No 3) 2020</p> <p>Further extended for 14 days</p>	Here
	<p>Protecting Public Officials and Workers (Spitting, Coughing and Sneezing) Direction (No 3)</p> <p>Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting at, or coughing or sneezing on public officials and health and other workers</p>	Here
18 May 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency</p> <p>Public Health Emergency Order was extended by further 90 days</p>	Here
19 May 2020	<p>Self-isolation for Diagnosed Cases of COVID-19 Direction (No 3)</p> <p>Direction that all those who receive a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 must enter self-isolation at a suitable premises or at a hospital, unless travelling to receive treatment or to avoid harm, until medically cleared. A person is medically cleared at the earlier of: 14 days after diagnosis if further isolation direction not given, 14 days following issuance of further direction, or if certified by a nurse or medical practitioner from the treating hospital.</p>	Here
	<p>Justice and Other Legislation (COVID-19 Emergency Response) Amendment Bill 2020</p> <p>Amendments to various pieces of legislation including, among others, changing the rules around collection of levies by Body Corporates to alleviate financial pressure on tenants.</p> <p>Act was assented to on 25 May 2020</p>	Here Here

'Trading Hours' Notice (No 2)

Direction enabling owners of premises used predominantly for sale of food and groceries to open from 7am, and also to limit access to the store to certain classes of people eg pensioners

[Here](#)

Home Confinement Direction (No 6)

A person who resides in Qld must not leave their principal place of residence except for, and only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish, the following permitted purposes:

- p) To obtain food or other essential goods and services, except for seated dining in according with this [direction](#);
- q) To obtain medical treatment or other health care services;
- r) To engage in physical exercise;
- s) For recreation within a 150km radius of the person's principal place of residence (in outback, it is 500km);
- t) To perform work or volunteering, or carry out or conduct an essential business, activity or undertaking and the work is of a nature that cannot reasonably be performed from the person's principal place of residence;
- u) To visit another person's residence in accordance with the below
- v) To visit a terminally ill relative or attend a funeral, subject to any applicable restrictions from other Public Health Directions;
- w) To provide assistance, care or support to an immediate family member;
- x) To attend any Court or tribunal of Australia or comply with or give effect to orders of the Court; or
- y) To attend a childcare facility
- z) To attend an educational institution, to the extent that care or instruction cannot reasonably be obtained in the person's principal place of residence;
- aa) To attend school;
- bb) To assist with or participate in an investigation or other action by a law enforcement authority;
- cc) For children <18, continuing existing arrangements for care and contact bwn parents and/or siblings;
- dd) Avoiding injury or illness or to escape risk of harm;
- ee) To comply with or give effect to the exercise of a power or function of government agency

Outdoor gatherings of up to 10 persons or with members of same household: person may be accompanied by members of their household or by up to 9 other people who are not members of the household, unless they require physical assistance.

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of residence may have up to five visitors who are not ordinarily members of the household (excluding workers/volunteers).

Gatherings of up to 10 permitted at indoor non-residences.

*essential goods and services defined to mean: food and other supplies, and services, that are needed for the necessities of life and operation of society, such as food, fuel, medical supplies and other goods.

Exceptions to gatherings including for: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, residential aged care facility, correctional facility, Court/tribunal, Parliament, food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre, workplace, educational institution, accommodation facility for residents and workers, wedding or funeral as permitted, outdoor or indoor space for transiting through, otherwise specified as exempt by CHO.

[Here](#)

22 May
2020

Justice Legislation (COVID-19 Emergency Response – Wills and Enduring Document) Regulation 2020

[Here](#)

Amended Regulations introduced to permit the signing of affidavits, declarations and certain other documents over audio-visual link. The new Regulations also permit the signing of affidavits electronically, and for the witness to verify the original document or a true copy.

28 May
2020

Retail Shop Leases and Other Commercial Leases (COVID-19 Emergency Response) Regulation 2020

[Here](#)

Lessor must not take prescribed actions in relation to an affected lease during the response period on the grounds of a failure to pay rent, a failure to pay outgoings, or where the business has not been open during hours required under the lease.

Lessor is also prohibited from increasing the rent payable, even if there is a term permitting a rental review in the lease agreement.

Prescribed action defined under the Regulation as being an action under a lease or starting of proceedings in a Court or tribunal, for any of the following: recovery of possession, termination of the lease, eviction of the lessee, exercising a right of re-entry to premises, seizure of any property, including for purpose of securing payment of rent, forfeiture, damages, the payment of interest on, or a fee or charge relating to, unpaid rent or outgoings; a claim on a bank guarantee, indemnity or security deposit for unpaid rent or outgoings; the performance of an obligation by the lessee or another person under a guarantee under the lease; exercising or enforcing another right by the lessor under the lease or other agreement relating to the leased premises.

Disaster Management (Further Extension of Disaster Situation – COVID-19) Regulation (No 3) 2020

[Here](#)

Further extended for 90 days

1 June
2020

Restrictions on Businesses, Activities and Undertakings Direction

[Here](#)

This Public Health Direction replaces the Public Health Direction *Non-Essential Business, Activity and Undertaking Closure (No. 10)* made on 14 May 2020 and is the successor of that Direction.

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking in Queensland may operate to the extent permitted under Column 2, paragraph 14 of the Direction, as summarised below. A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking must ensure **social distancing** is observed to the extent possible and there is no more than one person per 4 square metres in areas open to the public.

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate with more than the maximum number specified if they operate in compliance with a specific COVID SAFE Plan approved by the Chief Health Officer and any additional condition under the Direction. Where multiple businesses, activities or undertakings operate in one premises/venue, the total number of patrons allowed is 20 people, and more with an approved COVID SAFE Plan.

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking must keep contact information about all guests and staff for contact tracing purposes, including name, address and mobile phone number for at least 56 days and must be securely stored then deleted after 56 days.

Column 2, Paragraph 14 of the Direction provides that a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate to the extent permitted, with additional requirements provided for each category:

- **Retail food services** (cafes, restaurants, fast-food outlets) may operate with up to 20 seated patrons in compliance with a COVID SAFE checklist, with no more than one patron per 4 square metres and social distancing observed
- Food courts may only operate for takeaway food
- **Auctions** (both auction houses and real estate / open house) may operate with up to 20 people, with a maximum of 3 people conducting in addition to the 20 attendees
- Hairdressing may operate
- **Beauty and personal care services** (eauty therapy, nail services, tanning, cosmetic injections, personal skin services involving skin penetration, massages for management/prevention of a disease, injury or condition provided by a qualified massage therapist, and day spas and wellness centres (excluding water-based spa services) may operate in compliance with a COVID SAFE checklist with a maximum of 20 customers at a time
- **Entertainment venues** (such as pubs, registered and licenced clubs, RSL clubs, licenced premises in hotels and bars and community facilities as well as casinos, gaming or gambling venues) may operate with up to 20 seated patrons at one time in compliance with COVID SAFE checklist, with no more than one patron per 4 square metres and social distancing observed
- Other **entertainment venues** (such as indoor cinemas, concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, convention centres, major outdoor events (e.g. marathons), theme parks, outdoor amusement parks, tourism experiences, arcades, and indoor play centres) are to be limited to 20 people at a time
- **Leisure and recreation** (such as boot camps, indoor sporting centres, social sporting-based activities, swimming pools, and public artificial lagoons) may operate limited to 20 people
- **Non-residential institutions** (such as galleries, museums, government libraries and places of worship) may operate, limited to 20 people
- Wedding, religious and civil ceremonies may take place with a maximum of 20 guests, plus the couple and celebrant
- Funerals can be attended by a maximum of 50 people, except for compassionate grounds exemption

Movement and Gathering Direction

This Direction replaces the Public Health Direction *Home Confinement, Movement and Gathering Direction (No. 6)* made on 19 May 2020 and is the successor of that Direction.

A maximum of 20 people can gather publicly regardless of whether people are members of the same household or not.

A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of a residence may allow up to 20 people including the members of the person's household to gather at a residence.

A person who owns, control or operates premises, other than a residence, must not organise or allow a gathering to occur on the premises.

[Here](#)

Restricting cruise ships from entering Queensland waters Direction (No 2)

[Here](#)

11 Jun
2020

16 Jun
2020

The operator of a foreign cruise ship must not allow the ship to enter Qld waters before the Public Health Emergency ends unless permitted under the Cth Government [Determination](#)

Restrictions on Businesses, Activities and Undertakings Direction (No 2)

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking in Queensland may operate to the extent permitted under this Direction.

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate with more than the maximum number specified if they operate in compliance with an industry, Site Specific, or Professional Sporting Code COVID SAFE Plan approved by the Chief Health Officer and the conditions under this Direction. Where multiple businesses, activities or undertakings operate in one premises/venue, the total number of patrons allowed is 20 people, and more with an approved COVID SAFE Plan.

Column 2, Paragraph 14 of the Direction provides that a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate to the extent permitted, with additional requirements provided for each category:

- **Retail food services** (cafes, restaurants, fast-food outlets) may operate with up to 20 seated patrons in compliance with a COVID SAFE checklist, with no more than one patron per 4 square metres and social distancing observed. Food courts may only operate for takeaway food
- **Retail:** both auction houses and real estate / open houses may operate with up to 20 people, with a maximum of 3 people conducting in addition to the 20 attendees
- **Beauty and personal care services** Hairdressing may operate, beauty therapy, nail services, tanning, cosmetic injections, personal skin services involving skin penetration, massages for management/prevention of a disease, injury or condition provided by a qualified massage therapist, and day spas and wellness centres (excluding water-based spa services) may operate in compliance with a COVID SAFE checklist with a maximum of 20 customers at a time
- **Entertainment venues** (such as pubs, registered and licenced clubs, RSL clubs, licenced premises in hotels and bars and community facilities as well as casinos, gaming or gambling venues) may operate with up to 20 seated patrons at one time in compliance with COVID SAFE checklist, with no more than one patron per 4 square metres and social distancing observed
- **Other entertainment venues** (such as indoor cinemas, casinos and other gambling venues, concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, convention centres, major outdoor events (e.g. marathons), theme parks, outdoor amusement parks, tourism experiences, arcades, and indoor play centres) are to be limited to 20 people at a time
- **Leisure and recreation** (such as boot camps, indoor sporting centres, social sporting-based activities, swimming pools, and public artificial lagoons) may operate limited to 20 people
- **Residential facilities**, and places for **outdoor recreation** must have a health management plan
- **Non-residential institutions** (such as galleries, museums, government libraries and places of worship) may operate, limited to 20 people. For weddings, religious and civil ceremonies, a maximum of 20 guests, plus the couple and celebrant. Funerals can be attended by a maximum of 100 people, except for compassionate grounds exemption
- **Professional and elite sport** may operate in compliance with an approved Professional Sporting Code or an Industry COVID Safe Plan

[Here](#)

Restrictions on Businesses, Activities and Undertakings Direction (No 3)

[Here](#)

3 Jul
2020

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking in Queensland may operate to the extent permitted under this Direction, on the basis that the occupant density is no more than 1 person per 2 sq m (up to 50 people) for venues of <200 sq m, or no more than 1 person per 4 sq m for venues of >200 sq m; and in accordance with the COVID Safe framework and public health controls.

A business that does not have an approved plan or safety checklist may only operate for <50 people, with no more than 1 person per 4 sq m and physical distancing.

Column 2, Paragraph 16 of the Direction provides that a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate to the extent permitted, with additional requirements provided for each category:

- **Retail food services** (cafes, restaurants, fast-food outlets): no buffet self-service, may operate for takeaway and home delivery, and food courts may only operate in compliance with a COVID safe checklist.
- **Retail** (auction houses, real estate auctions and open inspections) no additional restrictions.
- **Beauty and personal care services** (hairdressing; beauty therapy, nail services, tanning, cosmetic injections, personal appearance services involving skin penetration, therapeutic massage, and day spas and wellness centres (excluding water-based spa services) may operate in accordance with above restrictions. Non-therapeutic massage and water-based spa services must operate in accordance with an approved plan and for <50 people in accordance with COVID Safe checklist.
- **Entertainment venues**
 - Pubs registered and licenced clubs, RSL clubs, function centres, bars, wineries, distilleries, microbreweries and licenced premises in hotels, and community facilities community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, community clubs, PCYCs - no buffet self-service and may also operate for takeaway and home delivery.
 - Cinemas: for drive-in cinemas, people should stay in their car to extent possible.
 - Casinos, gaming or gambling venues: may operate in compliance with Approved Plan and no buffet self-service.
 - Major sports facilities can operate in accordance with approved plan and up to lesser of 25,000 spectators or 50% capacity.
 - Indoor and outdoor events must operate in accordance with following conditions: fewer than 500 people (COVID Safe event checklist, without further approval); between 500 and 10,000 people (must comply with COVID safe event plan approved by local public health units), and over 10,000 people (must comply with COVID Safe Event Plan approved by CHO).
- **Leisure and recreation** (such as boot camps, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre, spin facilities and dance studios; indoor sporting centres, social sporting-based activities, swimming pools for training/rehab or swimming lessons/recreational) must observe physical distancing
- **Residential facilities**, and places for **outdoor recreation** must have a health management plan
- **Non-residential institutions** (such as galleries, museums, national and state institutions, historic sites, state and local government libraries, and higher educational institutions) may operate, limited to 1 person per 4 sq m. Community facilities (community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, RSLs, PCYCs), Religious and civil ceremonies/places of worship. Weddings and funerals can be attended by a maximum of 100 people.
- **Professional and elite sport** may operate in compliance with an approved Plan
- **Nightclubs**: may operate in accordance with Approved Plan but no dancing.

	<p>Movement and Gathering Direction (No 2)</p> <p>A maximum of 100 people can gather publicly regardless of whether people are members of the same household or not.</p> <p>A person who is an owner, resident, tenant, occupier, temporary occupier or person in control of a residence may allow up to 100 people to gather at a residence.</p> <p>reasonable steps must be taken to encourage visitors to premises to practice physical distancing to the extent reasonably practicable.</p>	Here
	<p>Border restrictions (No 6)</p> <p>From 3 Jul, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld must provide the information included in the direction.</p> <p>Any person who arrives in Queensland from another state or territory will not be allowed to enter Queensland unless they are an exempt person. An exempt resident or person must self-quarantine in accordance with the direction for 14 days if they have been overseas, in contact with a confirmed case, have been in a hotspot, or has any symptoms.</p> <p>Exempt person includes: domestic air travel transfers, national and state security and Government employees, health and emergency services workers, transport, freight and logistics workers, those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key government services, industries or businesses and fly in/fly out workers, agribusiness and commercial fishing employees; higher education institution and boarding school students/staff, or other persons specified.</p>	Here
4 Jul 2020	<p>Self-quarantine for persons arriving in Queensland from overseas Direction (No 4)</p> <p>Direction requiring that individuals arriving from overseas, whether Queensland is their final destination or not, travel in the instructed manner to nominated premises for a 14-day isolation period.</p>	Here
8 Jul 2020	<p>Border restrictions (No 7)</p> <p>From 8 Jul, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld must provide the information included in the direction.</p> <p>Any person who arrives in Queensland from another state or territory will only be allowed to enter Queensland if they are an exempt person. An exempt person must self-quarantine in accordance with the direction for 14 days if they have been overseas, in contact with a confirmed case, have been in a hotspot, or has any symptoms.</p> <p>Exempt person includes: domestic air travel transfers, national and state security and Government employees, health and emergency services workers, transport, freight and logistics workers, maritime crew, those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key government services, industries or businesses and fly in/fly out workers, agribusiness and commercial fishing employees; higher education institution and boarding school students/staff, or other persons specified.</p>	Here
	<p>Self-quarantine for persons arriving in Queensland from overseas Direction (No 5)</p> <p>Direction requiring that individuals arriving from overseas, whether Queensland is their final destination or not, travel in the instructed manner to nominated premises for a 14-day isolation period.</p>	Here
	<p>Restrictions on Businesses, Activities and Undertakings Direction (No 4)</p>	Here

10 Jul
2020

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking in Queensland may operate to the extent permitted under this Direction, on the basis that the occupant density is no more than 1 person per 2 sq m (up to 50 people) for venues of <200 sq m, or no more than 1 person per 4 sq m for venues of >200 sq m; and in accordance with the COVID Safe framework and public health controls.

A business that does not have an approved plan or safety checklist may only operate for <50 people, with no more than 1 person per 4 sq m and physical distancing.

Column 2, Paragraph 16 of the Direction provides that a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate to the extent permitted, with some additional restrictions provided for each category:

- **Retail food services** (cafes, restaurants, fast-food outlets): in addition to above restrictions, not permitted to offer buffet self-service, and permitted to operate for takeaway and home delivery; and food courts may only operate in compliance with a COVID safe checklist.
- **Retail** (auction houses, real estate auctions and open inspections) no additional restrictions.
- **Beauty and personal care services** (hairdressing; beauty therapy, nail services, tanning, cosmetic injections, personal appearance services involving skin penetration, therapeutic massage, and day spas and wellness centres (excluding water-based spa services) may operate in accordance with above restrictions. Non-therapeutic massage and water-based spa services must operate in accordance with an approved plan and for <50 people in accordance with COVID Safe checklist.
- **Entertainment venues** (in addition to above restrictions)
 - Pubs registered and licenced clubs, RSL clubs, function centres, bars, wineries, distilleries, microbreweries and licenced premises in hotels, and community facilities community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, community clubs, PCYCs - no buffet self-service and may also operate for takeaway and home delivery.
 - Cinemas: for drive-in cinemas, people should stay in their car to extent possible.
 - Casinos, gaming or gambling venues: may operate in compliance with Approved Plan and no buffet self-service.
 - Major sports facilities can operate in accordance with approved plan and up to lesser of 25,000 spectators or 50% capacity.
 - Indoor and outdoor events must operate in accordance with following conditions: fewer than 500 people (COVID Safe event checklist, without further approval); between 500 and 10,000 people (must comply with COVID safe event plan approved by local public health units), and over 10,000 people (must comply with COVID Safe Event Plan approved by CHO).
 - Concert venues, theatres, auditoriums, convention centres, show grounds: may operate in compliance with approved plan for greater of up to 50% capacity or one person per 4 sq m;
 - Theme parks, outdoor amusement parks, tourism experiences, and arcades: no additional restrictions
 - Indoor play centres: no additional restrictions
- **Leisure and recreation** (such as boot camps, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre, spin facilities and dance studios; indoor sporting centres, social sporting-based activities, swimming pools for training/rehab or swimming lessons/recreational) must observe physical distancing
- **Residential facilities**, and places for **outdoor recreation** must have a health management plan

- **Non-residential institutions** (such as galleries, museums, national and state institutions, historic sites, state and local government libraries, and higher educational institutions) may operate, limited to 1 person per 4 sq m. Community facilities (community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, RSLs, PCYCs) and other religious and civil ceremonies/places of worship may operate with no additional restrictions. Weddings and funerals can be attended by a maximum of 100 people.
- **Professional and elite sport** may operate in compliance with an approved Plan
- **Nightclubs:** may operate in accordance with Approved Plan but no dancing.

Border restrictions (No 8)

From 10 Jul, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld from another state or territory must: provide a valid Queensland Border Declaration Pass and provide an undertaking to present for a COVID-19 test if the person develops symptoms within 14 days of entering Qld and comply with that undertaking while present in Qld.

The person provides a Pass by providing in a written or electronic declaration to the best of their knowledge, true and correct information as listed in the Direction. This Pass will be valid for 7 days. Certain persons will not be permitted to enter if they meet certain criteria.

[Here](#)

Restrictions on Businesses, Activities and Undertakings Direction (No 5)

A person who owns, controls or operates a restricted business, activity or undertaking in Queensland may operate to the extent permitted under this Direction, on the basis that the occupant density is no more than 1 person per 2 sq m (up to 50 people) for venues of <200 sq m, or no more than 1 person per 4 sq m for venues of >200 sq m; and in accordance with the COVID Safe framework and public health controls.

A business that does not have an approved plan or safety checklist may only operate for <50 people, with no more than 1 person per 4 sq m and physical distancing.

Column 2, Paragraph 16 of the Direction provides that a restricted business, activity or undertaking may operate to the extent permitted, with some additional restrictions provided for each category:

- **Retail food services** (cafes, restaurants, fast-food outlets): in addition to above restrictions, not permitted to offer buffet self-service, and permitted to operate for takeaway and home delivery; and food courts may only operate in compliance with a COVID safe checklist.
- **Retail** (auction houses, real estate auctions and open inspections) no additional restrictions.
- **Beauty and personal care services** (hairdressing; beauty therapy, nail services, tanning, cosmetic injections, personal appearance services involving skin penetration, therapeutic massage, and day spas and wellness centres (excluding water-based spa services) may operate in accordance with above restrictions. Non-therapeutic massage and water-based spa services must operate in accordance with an approved plan and for <50 people in accordance with COVID Safe checklist.
- **Entertainment venues** (in addition to above restrictions)
 - Pubs registered and licenced clubs, RSL clubs, function centres, bars, wineries, distilleries, microbreweries and licenced premises in hotels, and community facilities community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, community clubs, PCYCs – no buffet self-service and may operate for takeaway and home delivery.
 - Cinemas: for drive-in cinemas, people should stay in their car to extent possible.
 - Casinos, gaming or gambling venues: may operate in compliance with Approved Plan and no buffet self-service.

[Here](#)

24 Jul
2020

- Major sports facilities can operate in accordance with approved plan and up to lesser of 25,000 spectators or 50% capacity.
- Indoor and outdoor events must operate in accordance with following conditions: fewer than 500 people (COVID Safe event checklist, without further approval); between 500 and 10,000 people (must comply with COVID safe event plan approved by local public health units), and over 10,000 people (must comply with COVID Safe Event Plan approved by CHO).
- Concert venues, theatres, auditoriums, convention centres, show grounds: may operate in compliance with approved plan for greater of up to 50% capacity or one person per 4 sq m;
- Theme parks, outdoor amusement parks, tourism experiences, and arcades: no additional restrictions
- Indoor play centres: no additional restrictions
- **Leisure and recreation** (such as boot camps, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre, spin facilities and dance studios; indoor sporting centres, social sporting-based activities, swimming pools for training/rehab or swimming lessons/recreational) must observe physical distancing
- **Residential facilities**, and places for **outdoor recreation** must have a health management plan
- **Non-residential institutions** (such as galleries, museums, national and state institutions, historic sites, state and local government libraries, and higher educational institutions) may operate, limited to 1 person per 4 sq m. Community facilities (community centres/halls, recreation centres, youth centres, RSLs, PCYCs) and other religious and civil ceremonies/places of worship may operate with no additional restrictions. Weddings and funerals can be attended by a maximum of 100 people.
- **Professional and elite sport** may operate in compliance with an approved Plan
- **Nightclubs**: may operate in accordance with Approved Plan but no dancing.

27 Jul
2020

Border restrictions (No 9)

From 27 Jul, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld from another state or territory must: provide a valid Queensland Border Declaration Pass and provide an undertaking to present for a COVID-19 test if the person develops symptoms within 14 days of entering Qld and comply with that undertaking while present in Qld. Person must not enter from hotspot unless Qld is their usual residence.

The person provides a Pass by providing in a written or electronic declaration to the best of their knowledge, true and correct information as listed in the Direction. This Pass will be valid for 7 days. Certain persons will not be permitted to enter if they meet certain criteria.

[Here](#)

31 Jul
2020

Border restrictions (No 10)

From 31 Jul, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld from another state or territory must: provide a valid Queensland Border Declaration Pass and provide an undertaking to present for a COVID-19 test if the person develops symptoms within 14 days of entering Qld and comply with that undertaking while present in Qld. Person must not come from a COVID-19 [hotspot](#) unless one of the exceptions in the Direction applies.

The person provides a Pass by providing in a written or electronic declaration to the best of their knowledge, true and correct information as listed in the Direction. This Pass will be valid for 7 days. Certain persons will not be permitted to enter if they meet certain criteria.

[Here](#)

**7 Aug
2020**

Border restrictions (No 11)

From 7 Aug, any person entering or proposing to enter Qld from another state or territory must: provide a valid Queensland Border Declaration Pass, provide an undertaking to present for a COVID-19 test if the person develops symptoms within 14 days of entering Qld, and comply with that undertaking while present in Qld. Person must not come from a COVID-19 [hotspot](#) unless one of the exceptions in the Direction applies.

The person provides a Pass by providing in a written or electronic declaration to the best of their knowledge, true and correct information as listed in the Direction. This Pass will be valid for 7 days. Certain persons will not be permitted to enter if they meet certain criteria.

[Here](#)

**14 Aug
2020**

Extension of State of Emergency

Public Health Emergency Order was extended by further 46 days

[Here](#)

Victorian Government

Date	Description	Link
15 Mar 2020	<p>Statement from Doctor Brett Sutton, Victoria's Chief Health Officer</p> <p>Advised:</p> <p>Not to hold non-essential mass gatherings of 500 people or more For the moment, if you are well and free of symptoms, you can continue catching the train if it's essential, going to work, sending your kids to school and going to your local shops. If you're unwell, you should be at home. We're also asking Victorians to think about buying a small amount of extra food and other essential supplies, a two-week supply of food and a 30-day supply of prescription medication.</p>	Here
16 Mar 2020	<p>State of Emergency declared in Victoria over COVID-19</p> <p>A State of Emergency has been declared in Victoria to combat COVID-19 and help to provide the Chief Health Officer with the powers he needs to enforce 14-day requirements for all travellers entering Australia and cancel mass gatherings of more than 500 people, as agreed by National Cabinet yesterday.</p> <p>Premier Daniel Andrews and Minister for Health Jenny Mikakos announced that the State of Emergency would begin on Monday, 16 March at midday and be in force for the next four weeks to assist with measures designed to 'flatten the curve' of COVID-19 and give our health system the best chance of managing the virus.</p> <p>Under a State of Emergency, Authorised Officers, at the direction of the Chief Health Officer, can act to eliminate or reduce a serious risk to public health by detaining people, restricting movement, preventing entry to premises, or providing any other direction an AO considers reasonable to protect public health.</p> <p>The first direction from the Chief Health Officer under these new powers will include banning non-essential mass gatherings of over 500 people such as cultural events, sporting events or conferences.</p>	Here Here
18 Mar 2020	<p>Deputy Chief Health Officer issued Mass Gatherings Direction</p> <p>The direction is as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A person who owns, controls or operates premises in the State of Victoria must not allow a mass gathering to occur isolationon the premises between 5 pm on 18 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. A person must not organise a mass gathering on premises in the State of Victoria between 5 pm on 18 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in the State of Victoria between 5 pm on 18 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020 <p>*mass gathering is defined as 500 or more persons in a single outdoor space or 100 or more persons in a single indoor space.</p> <p>Exceptions include public transportation, schools, medical and health care facilities, pharmacies, emergency service facilities, correctional facilities, youth justice centres or other places of custody, courts or tribunals, Parliaments, food markets, supermarkets and grocery</p>	Here

	stores, shopping centres, office buildings, factories, construction sites, and mining sites, where it is necessary for their normal operation	
	<p>Airport Arrivals Direction</p> <p>Any traveller arriving in Victoria from overseas is required to self-isolate for 14 days</p> <p>Revoked on 28 Mar (here)</p>	<p>Here</p> <p>Here</p>
20 Mar 2020	<p>Cruise ship docking</p> <p>Enforceable directions for the self-quarantine of any passengers arriving on a cruise ship, and imposing penalties for failure to comply.</p> <p>Revoked on 28 Mar (here)</p>	<p>Here</p>
22 Mar 2020	<p>Mass Gatherings Direction (No 2)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A person who owns, controls or operates premises in the State of Victoria must not allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises between midnight on 21 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. 2. A person must not organise a mass gathering on premises in the State of Victoria between midnight on 21 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. 3. A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in the State of Victoria between midnight on 21 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. <p>*Mass gathering is defined to mean gathering of 500 or more people in single undivided outdoor space, 100 or more people in single undivided indoor space, or gathering of less than 100 people if there is not at least 4 square metres per person.</p> <p>Listed exceptions apply, as per other jurisdictions.</p>	<p>Here</p>
23 Mar 2020	<p>Non-essential Business Closure Direction</p> <p>A person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the State of Victoria must not operate that business or undertaking between noon on 23 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020.</p> <p>Definition includes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) a business characterised as a pub, bar or club that supplies alcohol under a general licence, an on-premises licence or a club licence, but not including any part of the business constituted by a bottle shop; b) a hotel, whether licensed or unlicensed, but not: i. to the extent that it provides accommodation, takeaway meals or a meal delivery service; or ii. any part of the hotel constituted by a bottle shop; c) a gym; d) an indoor sporting centre; e) a casino; f) a cinema, nightclub or entertainment venue of any kind, g) a restaurant or cafe, other than to the extent that it provides takeaway meals or a meal delivery service; h) a place of worship, other than for the purposes of a wedding or funeral. 	<p>Here</p>
25 Mar 2020	<p>Coronavirus (COVID-19) – new restrictions and closures</p> <p>The Victorian Government has announced further closures of non-essential businesses, limitations on certain activities, and closure of a range of venues, attractions and facilities where large numbers of people would otherwise be in close proximity.</p>	<p>Here</p>

	<p>Activities include: all table service at cafes and food courts, all markets except for food markets, auction houses, auctions and open houses, beauty and personal care services except for hairdressers, entertainment venues, community and recreation centres, outdoor recreation centres, non-residential institutions, and places of worship (max of 5 people for weddings and 10 for funerals)</p>	
	<p>Premier confirms schools will close 1 week early On 24 Mar 2020</p>	Here
26 Mar 2020	<p>Isolation (Diagnosis) Direction Direction that all those who receive a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 must enter self-isolation at their private residence or other specified space, unless travelling to receive treatment, until medically cleared</p>	Here
	<p>Prohibited Gatherings Directions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A person who owns, controls or operates premises in Victoria must not allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises between midnight on 25 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. 2. A person must not organise a mass gathering to occur between midnight on 25 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. 3. A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in Victoria between midnight on 25 March 2020 and midnight on 13 April 2020. <p>*Mass gathering is defined to mean gathering of 500 or more people in single undivided outdoor space, 100 or more people in single undivided indoor space, or gathering of less than 100 people if there is not at least 4 square metres per person.</p> <p>Further to Mass Gatherings (No 2) above, this direction adds Social Sport Gatherings and Weddings and Funerals as prohibited events</p> <p>Listed exceptions apply, as per other jurisdictions.</p>	Here
	<p>Non-essential Activity Directions Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, non-essential retail facilities (eg beauty parlours), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied</p>	
27 Mar 2020	<p>Non-essential Activity Directions (No 2) Replacing the order made on 26 Mar, this order maintains the same closure requirements for closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, non-essential retail facilities (eg beauty parlours), food and drink facilities, except where consumed off premises; accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Hairdressers are no longer included, as long as the per person density limit is observed and social distancing is practiced to the extent possible. Otherwise, very limited exceptions applied.</p>	Here
28 Mar 2020	<p>On the spot fines to keep Victorians Sage Police have been given the power to issue on the spot fines of up to \$1,652 for individuals and \$9,913 to businesses who don't comply with the rules.</p>	Here

30 Mar
2020

Premier announces stage 3 restrictions

To come into effect at midnight tonight. No Direction has been published as yet. The Premier confirms that there will be *significant new restrictions on public gatherings*, and that the new rules *will also enforce that where people can stay home, they must stay at home*.

[Here](#)

31 Mar
2020

Stay at Home Directions

Indoor gatherings:

A person who is in Victoria must, between this direction being issued and 13 Apr 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, retail facility that is not prohibited;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend residential aged care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, or to escape harm;
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, education institution, anything necessary to attend that work/education institution. Only if not reasonably practicable to work from home;
- d) Exercise: as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if not resident; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences.

Person must not enter any single undivided indoor space unless there is no one else there, one other person there, or more than one person but they ordinarily reside at those premises. These rules do not apply for weddings/funerals, or for purposes specified above (eg food)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless for care, or work/education as specified above, or if they ordinarily reside at those premises; or the entry is for medical/emergency purposes or otherwise required by law (including if for inspection for violation of restricted activity direction)

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral, or it is necessary for care or work/education

Restricted Activity Directions

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, non-essential retail facilities (eg beauty parlours), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied

[Here](#)

3 Apr
2020

Stay at Home Directions (No 2)

Requirement to stay at home:

[Here](#)

A person who is in Victoria must, between this direction being issued and 13 Apr 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, retail facility that is not prohibited;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend residential aged care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, or to visit someone they are in an intimate relationship with;
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, education institution, anything necessary to attend that work/education institution. Only if not reasonably practicable to work from home;
- d) Exercise: as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if not resident; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences.

Gatherings

Person must not enter any single undivided indoor space unless there is no one else there, one other person there, or more than one person but they ordinarily reside at those premises. These rules do not apply for weddings/funerals, or for purposes specified above (eg food)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless for care, or work/education as specified above, or if they ordinarily reside at those premises; or the entry is for medical/emergency purposes or otherwise required by law (including if for inspection for violation of restricted activity direction)

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral, or it is necessary for care or work/education

**7 Apr
2020**

Stay at Home Directions (No 3)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who is in Victoria must, between this direction being issued and 13 Apr 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, retail facility that is not prohibited;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend residential aged care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, or to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, or to provide child-minding assistance;

[Here](#)

- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, education institution, anything necessary to attend that work/education institution. Only if not reasonably practicable to work from home;
- d) Exercise: as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if not resident; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not enter any single undivided indoor space unless there is no one else there, one other person there, or more than one person but they ordinarily reside at those premises. These rules do not apply for weddings/funerals, or for purposes specified above (eg food)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless for care, or work/education as specified above, or if they ordinarily reside at those premises; or the entry is for medical/emergency purposes or otherwise required by law (including if for inspection for violation of restricted activity direction)

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral, or it is necessary for care or work/education

Restricted Activity Directions (No 2)

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

Changed from previous direction to permit broadcasting of ceremonies from places of worship and to permit certain food and drink facilities to operate for purposes of providing food and drink to drivers of fatigue related heavy vehicles.

[Here](#)

**12 Apr
2020**

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Extended to 11 May 2020

[Here](#)

**13 Apr
2020**

Restricted Activity Directions (No 3)

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (No 4)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who is in Victoria must, between this direction being issued and 11 May 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to,

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

- goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, retail facility that is not prohibited;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, or to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, or to provide child-minding assistance;
 - c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, education institution, anything necessary to attend that work/education institution. Only if not reasonably practicable to work from home;
 - d) Exercise: as long as compliant with other restrictions;
 - e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if not resident; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not enter any single undivided indoor space unless there is no one else there, one other person there, or more than one person but they ordinarily reside at those premises. These rules do not apply for weddings/funerals, or for purposes specified above (eg food)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless for care, or work/education as specified above, or if they ordinarily reside at those premises; or the entry is for medical/emergency purposes or otherwise required by law (including if for inspection for violation of restricted activity direction)

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral, or it is necessary for care or work/education

Isolation (Diagnosis) Direction (No 2)

Direction that all those who receive a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 must enter self-isolation at their private residence or other specified space, unless travelling to receive treatment, until clearance from isolation is given.

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**17 Apr
2020**

Restricted Activity Directions (No 4)

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and putting in place additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

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**21 Apr
2020**

Temporary Emergency Measures to Manage Coronavirus Crisis

Press release from the Premier foreshadowing the release of a range of measures in the *COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) Bill 2020*. The Bill is yet to be introduced.

Primarily, the Bill will implement the reforms announced by the National Cabinet as regards the moratorium on eviction of residential and commercial tenants during the ongoing COVID-19 emergency.

[Here](#)

23 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) Bill 2020

Includes the following regulation making powers:

With respect to retail leases and non-retail commercial leases and licences

The Governor in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister for Small Business, may make regulations for or with respect to—

- 1) prohibiting the termination of an eligible lease;
- 2) changing any period under—
 - a. an eligible lease;
 - b. the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958 in relation to an eligible lease;
 - c. regulations made under the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958 in relation to an eligible lease— in which someone must or may do something;
- 3) changing or limiting any other right of a landlord under an eligible lease under—
 - a. that lease;
 - b. the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958;
 - c. regulations made under the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958;
- 4) changing or limiting any other right a person who is a landlord under an eligible lease has under an agreement related to that eligible lease;
- 5) exempting a landlord or tenant under an eligible lease from having to comply with—
 - a. an eligible lease;
 - b. the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958;
 - c. regulations made under the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958;
 - d. an agreement related to an eligible lease;
- 6) modifying the operation of an eligible lease or an agreement related to the eligible lease;
- 7) modifying the application, in relation to an eligible lease, of—
 - a. the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the 35 Transfer of Land Act 1958;
 - b. regulations made under the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978, the Land Act 1958, the Property Law Act 1958, the Retail Leases Act 2003, the Settled Land Act 1958 or the Transfer of Land Act 1958;
 - c. the common law;
- 8) extending the period during which an eligible lease is in effect;
- 9) deeming a provision of the regulations as forming part of an eligible lease;
- 10) imposing new obligations on landlords or tenants under an eligible lease, including requiring them to negotiate amendments to an eligible lease;
- 11) requiring landlords and tenants under an eligible lease who are in dispute about the terms of an eligible lease to participate in mediation arranged by the Small Business Commission;
- 12) requiring landlords and tenants under an eligible lease who are in dispute about the terms of an eligible lease to have a mediation certificate before commencing proceedings in VCAT or a court in relation to the dispute;

[Here](#)
[Here](#)

- 13) requiring a landlord or tenant under an eligible lease who are in dispute about the terms of an eligible lease to get leave of a court to commence a proceeding in relation to the dispute in the court;
- 14) the conduct of a mediation referred to in paragraph (k), including the payment of fees and expenses for the conduct of a mediation;
- 15) conferring jurisdiction on VCAT to hear and determine disputes about the terms of an eligible lease that is a retail lease;
- 16) any matter or thing required or permitted to be prescribed or necessary to be prescribed to give effect to this Part.

Also introduces protections for residential tenancies

[COVID-19 Omnibus \(Emergency Measures\) Act 2020](#) assented to on 24 Apr 2020.

**24 Apr
2020**

Restricted Activity Directions (No 5)

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and continuing additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

**1 May
2020**

COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) (Commercial Leases and Licences) Regulations 2020

Regulation enacting protections for eligible small and medium enterprises, including as regards to non-payment of rent during the relevant period and subsequent banning of any tenant evictions as a result of non-payment, and including various permitted variations of existing leases to help offset the burdens of businesses during the pandemic and if they are not able to operate due to restrictions. One example of this is allowing tenants to request rental relief, and putting in place various rules if the landlord and tenant are able to reach an agreeable form of relief, for example by deferring rent.

[Here](#)

**11 May
2020**

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Extended to 31 May 2020

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (No 6)

Remain in force until 11:59pm on 12 May.

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, except for bottle shops, takeaway and accommodation; recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and continuing additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (No 7)

Come into force from 11:59pm on 12 May.

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, except for bottle shops, takeaway and accommodation; recreational facilities, entertainment facilities, places of worship, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market), food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities, swimming pools, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections, and continuing additional requirements for retail facilities remaining open. Very limited exceptions applied.

[Here](#)

Updated to the previous direction include: permitting 10 persons to gather for religious purposes (in addition to those facilitating the ceremony), require various operators to keep a record of members of the public who attend certain facilities to assist with contact tracing; permit 10 persons to attend auctions and inspections (in addition to those facilitating the auction/inspection), permit 10 persons to attend support groups (in addition to those facilitating the support group); permit limited outdoor sport to occur; and permit professional sporting organisations to train and engage in sport at certain facilities.

Stay at Home Directions (No 5)

Remain in force until 11:59pm on 12 May.

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who is in Victoria must, between this direction being issued and 11:59pm on 12 May 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, retail facility that is not prohibited;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, or to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, or to provide child-minding assistance;
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, education institution, anything necessary to attend that work/education institution. Only if not reasonably practicable to work from home;
- d) Exercise: as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not enter any single undivided indoor space unless there is no one else there, one other person there, or more than one person but they ordinarily reside at those premises. These rules do not apply for weddings/funerals, or for purposes specified above (eg food)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless for care, or work/education as specified above, or if they ordinarily reside at those premises; or the entry is for medical/emergency purposes or otherwise required by law (including if for inspection for violation of restricted activity direction)

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral, or it is necessary for care or work/education

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (No 6)

Come into force from 11:59pm on 12 May.

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

[Here](#)

A person who is in Victoria must, between 11:59pm on 12 May 2020 and 31 May 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility; dealing with residential property eg attending an inspection/auction;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to provide child-minding assistance; to visit a cemetery
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, obtain educational services; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution; attend a lesson to operate a vehicle. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise: for participating in a sporting activity; for a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Visiting family or friends.
- f) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing [direction](#), it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to f) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under [Restricted Activity Direction](#); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law; entry for purposes of visiting family and friends (limited to 4 persons who are not ordinarily resident at premises).

Outdoor gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than nine other persons in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral (weddings allowed 10 guests, funerals allowed 30 persons if outdoor or 20 if indoor), or it is necessary for care or work/education

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions

Diagnosed persons must self-isolate until they are given a clearance notice from isolation by an officer of the Health Department.

Those who are given notice as a close contact must self-isolate for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

**12 May
2020**

COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) (Electronic Signing and Witnessing) Regulations 2020

New regulation proposed to put into place measures to allow for the electronic witnessing of signatures on certain documents, and electronic taking of oaths and affirmations, in certain circumstances.

[Here](#)

19 May
2020

Residential Tenancies (COVID-19 Emergency Measures) Regulations 2020

Regulation enacting protections for eligible residential tenants, and putting into place a specific dispute resolution process, for during the emergency period.

[Here](#)

COVID-19 Omnibus (Emergency Measures) (Integrity Entities) Regulations 2020

Regulations made with the objective of modifying the application of various provisions of certain acts in order to make additional allowances for service, attendance by audio-visual link, and other related matters to limit the need for in-person contact.

The Acts are:

- 1) *Freedom of Information Act 1982*;
- 2) *Independent Broad-based Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2011*,
- 3) *Local Government Act 1989*;
- 4) *Oaths and Affirmations Act 2018*;
- 5) *Ombudsman Act 1973*;
- 6) *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014*;
- 7) *Telecommunications (Interception) (State Provisions) Act 1988*;
- 8) *Victorian Incorporate Act 2011*

[Here](#)

24 May
2020

Stay at Home Directions (No 7)

Come into force from 11:59pm on 25 May.

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who is in Victoria must, between 11:59pm on 12 May 2020 and 31 May 2020, not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility; dealing with residential property eg attending an inspection/auction;
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody, to take child to school/educational facility; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to attend hospital if not prohibited; to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to provide child-minding assistance; to visit a cemetery
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, obtain educational services; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution; attend a lesson to operate a vehicle. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Visiting family or friends.
- f) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing [direction](#), it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to f) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under [Restricted Activity Direction](#); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law; entry for purposes of visiting family and friends (limited to 4 persons who are not ordinarily resident at premises) for exercise or recreation.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than nine other persons in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, or for wedding/funeral (weddings allowed 10 guests, funerals allowed 30 persons if outdoor or 20 if indoor), or it is necessary for care or work/education.

Updates from previous directions to facilitate students returning to school.

Restricted Activity Directions (No 8)

Come into force from 11:59pm on 25 May.

Additional restrictions forcing the closure of pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels, except for bottle shops, takeaway and accommodation; physical recreational facilities except for outdoor services with <10 people, community facilities except for essential public support service/group with <10 people; entertainment facilities except for broadcasting or training for single sporting team, places of worship except for essential public support service/group with <10 people or wedding/funeral, restricted retail facilities (eg beauty parlours, market except for food market) except for auctions with <10 people; food and drink facilities, accommodation facilities except for residents, swimming pools except for professional training, animal facilities, and real estate auctions and inspections except with <10 people. Very limited exceptions continuing.

Updated to the previous direction include: permitting publicly accessible playgrounds, skateparks and outdoor communal gym equipment.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

31 May
2020

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Extended to 21 June 2020 to keep slowing the spread of coronavirus

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Direction (No 9)

Revokes the *Restricted Activity Directions (No 8)*. Under this direction, a density quotient is introduced, which limits the members of the public permitted in a space, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); physical recreational facility used predominantly for indoor physical recreation; an entertainment facility except for broadcasting.

A gallery or museum may operate to the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors). An arcade or amusement park may operate if it is only outdoors and the number of members of public is limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 persons

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a ceremony / wedding / funeral in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, the participants maintain a distance of 1.5 metres from each other and the activity does not involve organised competition

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted and must comply with the density quotient for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements. Further an auction house may operate for purpose of conducting an auction to be attended by no more than 20 members of the public. A beauty and personal care facility may operate provided that the number of persons in the venue is limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and complies with the records requirement

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 6 people are permitted to sit at a table, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; alcohol is not served if the person has not also ordered a meal; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate for tourism if the accommodation facility is only operated so that members do not share cooking and bathroom facilities and ensures not more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, with 3 in each lane, and in the number of people in the non-water parts of the pool facility are limited by the number permitted by the density quotient; and no access is permitted to communal showers, change rooms, saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Stay Safe Directions

Replaces the *Stay at Home Directions (No 7)*.

A group of 20 people (including those who ordinarily reside at the premises) may gather in a person's home or in an open public place, A wedding may be attended by 20 guests, including two persons witnessing the marriage, as well as the two persons being married and the celebrant. A funeral may be attended by no more than 50 members of the public, regardless of whether it is indoors or outdoors

A person may leave their premises to attend work or higher education services only if it is not reasonably practicable to work / obtain higher education services from their premises. However, despite this, under clause 16 of the *Restricted Activity Direction*, an employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work from home.

A person must not arrange to meet with more than 19 other persons at an open, public place except for a wedding, funeral, or it is necessary to arrange a meeting for work, education, emergency purposes, or for a purpose according to law.

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Direction and Detention Notice (No 4)

[Here](#)

This notice may be issued to a person where they have arrived in Victorian from overseas from 31 May. Under the notice, a person is to be detained at a hotel specified in the notice until the date specified in the notice. A person who is issued with a notice is not allowed to leave the room unless they have been granted to do so e.g. to receive medical care, or there is an emergency situation.

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 2)

Replaces the *Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions* given on 11 May 2020 and amends the requirements of self-isolation and self-quarantine to allow a person who is required to self-quarantine to visit a patient in a hospital if permitted to do so under the *Hospital Visitor Directions (No 4)* and allow a person who is required to self-isolate or self-quarantine to receive assistance with personal care or household assistance if needed by reason of the person's age, disability, or chronic health condition.

As before, a person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person or at the premises they are required to reside at under a Revoked Isolation Direction. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person until 14 days after clearance from self-isolation is given to the diagnosed person; or if an officer of the Department determines and notifies that a person has been in close contact with a diagnosed person until the end of the period given in the notice.

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21 Jun
2020

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Extended to 19 Jul to keep slowing the spread of coronavirus

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Direction (No 10)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); an entertainment facility except for broadcasting.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate for <20 people in the space, or <10 people participating in a group activity, provided they can comply with the density quotient. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a ceremony, or conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions (No 2)*

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, outdoor arcades or amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, or bingo centres; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

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An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; alcohol is not served if the person has not also ordered a meal; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate for tourism if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, and no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Stay Safe Directions (No 2)

Gatherings in private residences are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public are restricted to 10

A person may leave their premises to attend work or higher education services only if it is not reasonably practicable to work / obtain higher education services from their premises. However, despite this, under clause 16 of the *Restricted Activity Direction*, an employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work from home.

Weddings permitted up to 20 and funerals up to 50 guests.

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Direction and Detention Notice (No 4)

This notice may be issued to a person where they have arrived in Victorian from overseas from 21 Jun. Under the notice, a person is to be detained at a hotel specified in the notice until the date specified in the notice. A person who is issued with a notice is not allowed to leave the room unless they have been granted permission to do so e.g. to receive medical care, or there is an emergency situation.

[Here](#)

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 3)

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person until 14 days after clearance from self-isolation is given to the diagnosed person; or if an officer of the

[Here](#)

	Department determines and notifies that a person has been in close contact with a diagnosed person until the end of the period given in the notice.	
27 Jun 2020	<p>Direction and Detention Notice (No 5)</p> <p>This notice may be issued to a person where they have arrived in Victorian from overseas from 27 Jun. Under the notice, a person is to be detained at a hotel specified in the notice until the date specified in the notice (generally 14 days, plus an additional 10 days if you refuse a COVID test). A person who is issued with a notice is not allowed to leave the room unless they have been granted permission to do so e.g. to receive medical care, or there is an emergency situation.</p>	Here
1 Jul 2020	<p>Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 4)</p> <p>A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.</p> <p>A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person until 14 days after clearance from self-isolation is given to the diagnosed person; or if an officer of the Department determines and notifies that a person has been in close contact with a diagnosed person until the end of the period given in the notice.</p>	Here
	<p>Direction and Detention Notice (No 6)</p> <p>This notice may be issued to a person where they have arrived in Victorian from overseas from 1 Jul. Under the notice, a person is to be detained at a hotel specified in the notice until the date specified in the notice (generally 14 days, plus an additional 10 days if you refuse a COVID test). A person who is issued with a notice is not allowed to leave the room unless they have been granted permission to do so e.g. to receive medical care, or there is an emergency situation.</p>	Here
	<p>Stay Safe Directions (No 3)</p> <p>Gatherings in private residences, other than restricted postcodes, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in restricted postcodes, are restricted to 10.</p> <p>Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a restricted postcode may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a restricted postcode unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.</p>	Here
	<p>Restricted Activity Direction (No 11)</p> <p>Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate</p> <p>Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); an entertainment facility except for broadcasting and takeaway food or drink services, or accommodation services, or retail betting venues.</p> <p>Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate for <20 people in the space, or <10 people participating in a group</p>	Here

activity, provided they can comply with the density quotient. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a ceremony, or conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions (No 3)*

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Postcode, and it is in the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, outdoor arcades or amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, or bingo centres; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; alcohol is not served if the person has not also ordered a meal; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate for tourism if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, and no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Postcodes)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); an entertainment facility except for operating a bottle shop, providing food/drink to be consumed off premises, or providing accommodation.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; are

[Here](#)

closed except for outdoor activities with up to 2 people, or professional sport activities for a single team.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions Restricted Postcodes*)

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, outdoor arcades or amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, or bingo centres; may operate in some circumstances – for educational purposes, for a single sports team, or for broadcasting.

An open retail facility, including hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the limited extent permitted, including compliance with signage requirements, density quotients, and cleaning. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may only operate for takeaway services, unless in eg a prison, hospital, residential aged care facility, childcare facility, or a workplace where food is provided only to employees.

An accommodation facility may operate for residents only.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for educational purposes or professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may not operate except for caring or treatment, performing rescues, or maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent must not organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Postcodes)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Postcode must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if

[Here](#)

permitted; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Postcodes); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, if they are a parent or guardian, or for wedding/funeral.

4 Jul
2020

Area Directions (No 2)

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted postcodes and impose additional restrictions.

Restricted Postcodes currently include the following:

- a) 3012: Brooklyn, Kingsville, Maidstone, Tottenham, West Footscray;
- b) 3021: Albanvale, Kealba, Kings Park, St Albans;
- c) 3031: Flemington, Kensington;
- d) 3032: Ascot Vale, Highpoint City, Maribyrnong, Travancore;
- e) 3038: Keilor Downs, Keilor Lodge, Taylor Lakes, Watergardens;
- f) 3042: Airport West, Keilor Park, Niddrie, Niddrie North;
- g) 3046: Glenroy, Hadfield, Oak Park;
- h) 3047: Broadmeadows, Dallas, Jacans;
- i) 3051: Hotham Hill, North Melbourne;
- j) 3055: Brunswick South, Brunswick West, Moonee Vale, Moreland West;
- k) 3060: Fawkner;
- l) 3064: Craigieburn, Donnybrook, Kalkallo, Mickelham, Roxburgh Park

[Here](#)

8 Jul
2020

Area Directions (No 3)

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted areas and impose additional restrictions.

Restricted Areas currently include the following:

- a) 3012: Brooklyn, Kingsville, Maidstone, Tottenham, West Footscray;
- b) 3021: Albanvale, Kealba, Kings Park, St Albans;
- c) 3031: Flemington, Kensington;
- d) 3032: Ascot Vale, Highpoint City, Maribyrnong, Travancore;
- e) 3038: Keilor Downs, Keilor Lodge, Taylor Lakes, Watergardens;
- f) 3042: Airport West, Keilor Park, Niddrie, Niddrie North;
- g) 3046: Glenroy, Hadfield, Oak Park;
- h) 3047: Broadmeadows, Dallas, Jacans;
- i) 3051: Hotham Hill, North Melbourne;
- j) 3055: Brunswick South, Brunswick West, Moonee Vale, Moreland West;
- k) 3060: Fawkner;
- l) 3064: Craigieburn, Donnybrook, Kalkallo, Mickelham, Roxburgh Park

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone

[Here](#)

applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); an entertainment facility except for operating a bottle shop, providing food/drink to be consumed off premises, or providing accommodation.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre or publicly accessible playground, skatepark, outdoor communal gym equipment, or trampolining centres - closed except for outdoor activities with up to 2 people, or professional sport activities for a single team.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or support group, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions Restricted Areas*)

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, outdoor arcades or amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, gaming machine area, bingo centre or escape room; may operate in some circumstances – for educational purposes, for a single sports team, or for broadcasting.

An open retail facility, including hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the limited extent permitted, including compliance with signage requirements, density quotients, and cleaning. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may only operate for takeaway services, unless in eg a prison, hospital, residential aged care facility, childcare facility, or a workplace where food is provided only to employees.

An accommodation facility may operate for residents only.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for educational purposes or professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may not operate except for caring or treatment, performing rescues, or maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent must not organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Restricted Activity Direction (No 12)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Closure of following premises still applies: pub, bar, club, nightclub, hotel with alcohol under a licence); an entertainment facility except for broadcasting and takeaway food or drink services, or accommodation services, or retail betting venues.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate for <20 people in the space, or <10 people participating in a group

[Here](#)

activity, provided they can comply with the density quotient. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a ceremony, or conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Area, and it is outside the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, outdoor arcades or amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; alcohol is not served if the person has not also ordered a meal; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, and no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

10 Jul
2020

Stay Safe Directions (No 5)

Gatherings in private residences, other than restricted postcodes, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in restricted postcodes, are restricted to 10.

Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a restricted postcode may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a Restricted Area unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 2)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

[Here](#)

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; private property inspection, attend a driving lesson, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; moving between two premises if both are ordinary residences, or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Postcodes); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, if they are a parent or guardian, or for wedding/funeral.

15 Jul
2020

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 5)

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

19 Jul
2020

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Extended to 16 Aug to keep slowing the spread of coronavirus

[Here](#)

Area Directions (No 4)

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted areas and impose additional restrictions.

Restricted Areas currently include the following:

[Here](#)

- a) 3012: Brooklyn, Kingsville, Maidstone, Tottenham, West Footscray;
- b) 3021: Albanvale, Kealba, Kings Park, St Albans;
- c) 3031: Flemington, Kensington;
- d) 3032: Ascot Vale, Highpoint City, Maribyrnong, Travancore;
- e) 3038: Keilor Downs, Keilor Lodge, Taylor Lakes, Watergardens;
- f) 3042: Airport West, Keilor Park, Niddrie, Niddrie North;
- g) 3046: Glenroy, Hadfield, Oak Park;
- h) 3047: Broadmeadows, Dallas, Jacans;
- i) 3051: Hotham Hill, North Melbourne;
- j) 3055: Brunswick South, Brunswick West, Moonee Vale, Moreland West;
- k) 3060: Fawkner;
- l) 3064: Craigieburn, Donnybrook, Kalkallo, Mickelham, Roxburgh Park

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 3)

[Here](#)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; private property inspection, attend a driving lesson, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas) (No 2); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, if they are a parent or guardian, or for wedding/funeral.

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 2)

[Here](#)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone

applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels: may not operate except for a bottle shop, providing food/drink to be consumed off premises, or providing accommodation.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre or publicly accessible playground, skatepark, outdoor communal gym equipment, or trampolining centres - closed except for outdoor activities with up to 2 people, or professional sport activities for a single team.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or support group, members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, and conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions Restricted Areas*)

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, gaming machine area, bingo centre or escape room; may operate in some circumstances – for educational purposes, for a single sports team, or for broadcasting.

An open retail facility, including hairdressing facilities, auction house, markets, may operate to the limited extent permitted, including compliance with signage requirements, density quotients, and cleaning. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen) may only operate for takeaway services, unless in eg a prison, hospital, residential aged care facility, childcare facility, or a workplace where food is provided only to employees.

An accommodation facility may operate for residents only.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for educational purposes or professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may not operate except for caring or treatment, performing rescues, or maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent must not organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Stay Safe Directions (No 6)

Gatherings in private residences, other than Restricted Areas, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in Restricted Areas, are restricted to 10.

Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a Restricted Areas may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a Restricted Area unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.

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Restricted Activity Direction (No 13)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone

[Here](#)

applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for takeaway food or drink services, accommodation services, or retail betting venues.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate in certain circumstances for <20 people in the space, or <10 people participating in a group activity, provided they can comply with the density quotient. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20. Also permitted to conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Area, and it is outside the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail gambling venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; alcohol is not served if the person has not also ordered a meal; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, or for a single class, or for professional sport, provided no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Direction and Detention Notice (No 7)

This notice may be issued to a person where they have arrived in Victorian from overseas from 19 Jul. Under the notice, a person is to be detained at a hotel specified in the notice until the date specified in the notice (generally 14 days, plus an additional 10 days if you refuse a COVID test). A person who is issued with a notice is not allowed to leave the room unless

[Here](#)

they have been granted permission to do so e.g. to receive medical care, or there is an emergency situation.

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 6)

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

**22 Jul
2020**

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 4)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; private property inspection, attend a driving lesson, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas) (No 2); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, if they are a parent or guardian, or for wedding/funeral.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas) (No 3)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone

[Here](#)

applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels: may not operate except for a bottle shop, providing food/drink to be consumed off premises, or providing accommodation.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre or publicly accessible playground, skatepark, outdoor communal gym equipment, or trampolining centres - closed except for outdoor activities with up to 2 people, or professional sport activities for a single team.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or support group, as long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, or conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions (Restricted Areas)*, or a broadcast.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine area, bingo centre or escape room; may operate in some circumstances – for educational purposes, for a single sports team, or for broadcasting.

An open retail facility, including hairdressing facilities, auction house, markets, may operate to the limited extent permitted, including compliance with signage requirements, density quotients, and cleaning. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen) may only operate for takeaway services, unless in eg a prison, hospital, residential aged care facility, childcare facility, or a workplace where food is provided only to employees.

An accommodation facility may operate for residents only (permanent or temporary).

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for educational purposes or professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may not operate except for caring or treatment, performing rescues, or maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent must not organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Stay Safe Directions (No 7)

Gatherings in private residences, other than Restricted Areas, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in Restricted Areas, are restricted to 10.

Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a Restricted Areas may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a Restricted Area unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Direction (No 14)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone

[Here](#)

applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for takeaway food or drink services, accommodation services, retail betting venues, or in accordance with below (food and drink facilities).

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate in certain circumstances for lesser of 20 people or number permitted by density quotient in the space, or the lesser of 10 people or number permitted by density quotient participating in a group activity. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20, or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Area, and it is outside the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, or for a single school, or for professional sport, provided no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No 7)

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed

[Here](#)

person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they reside with a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

30 Jul
2020

Area Directions

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted and safe areas and impose additional or different restrictions.

Restricted Area defined as the aggregate area consisting of municipal districts, suburbs, localities, and addresses within greater Melbourne and the Shire of Mitchell.

Safety area defined as the aggregate area consisting of municipal districts under the local governments of: Colac Otway, Golden Plains, Moorabool, and Surf Coast Shire Councils and City of Greater Geelong and Borough of Queenscliff Councils.

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; private property inspection, attend a driving lesson, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law.

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except where they ordinarily reside in the same premises, if they are a parent or guardian, or for wedding/funeral.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Direction

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for takeaway food or drink services, accommodation services, retail betting venues, or in accordance with below (food and drink facilities).

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate in certain circumstances for lesser of 20 people or number permitted by density quotient in the space, or the lesser of 10 people or number permitted by density quotient participating in a group activity. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Area, and it is outside the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, or for a single school, or for professional sport, provided no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises.

[Here](#)

Stay Safe Directions

Gatherings in private residences, other than Restricted Areas, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in Restricted Areas, are restricted to 10.

Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a Restricted Areas may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a Restricted Area unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.

[Here](#)

2 Aug
2020

Stay Safe Directions

Gatherings in private residences, other than Restricted Areas and Safety Areas, are restricted to allow up to 4 guests who are not ordinarily residents, and gatherings in public, except in Restricted Areas, are restricted to 10. Persons in Safety Areas must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassionate reasons, work/education or other specified reasons, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under other Directions; medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice; entry authorised/required by law; or national security.

Persons in Victoria who reside outside of a Restricted Areas may leave their residence for any reason subject to the limitations in the direction, including a face covering requirement, and providing they comply with all other directions. People must not enter a Restricted Area unless it is for necessary goods and services, care or compassionate reasons, work/education, exercise, or other specified reasons.

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Restricted Activity Direction

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for takeaway food or drink services, accommodation services, retail betting venues, or in accordance with below (food and drink facilities).

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre and trampolining centre; permitted to operate in certain circumstances for lesser of 20 people or number permitted by density quotient in the space, or the lesser of 10 people or number permitted by density quotient participating in a group activity. Not permitted to open saunas or spas.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Community sport or recreational activities may be arranged or participated in an outdoor space if no more than 20 members of the public participate, it is non-contact, no participants reside in a Restricted Area, and it is outside the Restricted Area.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances, and for the lesser of the number of persons permitted by the density quotient or 20 persons (for indoors) and the density quotient (for outdoors).

[Here](#)

An open retail facility, including beauty and personal care, hairdressing, auction house, markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and with up to 20 persons for each indoor space, signage and cleaning requirements.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for dine-in service if no more than 10 people are permitted per group booking, members of the public are at least 1.5 meters from each other at different tables; only food and drink are served to seated persons; and members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20

An accommodation facility may operate if the accommodation facility is only operated so no more than 20 members of the public are permitted in the facility per group booking. The operator must also use reasonable endeavours to ascertain what area each person lives in and must not allow persons from Safety Area to reside with anyone from outside a Safety Area.

A non-residential swimming pool may be used if no more than 20 members of the public are in a swimming pool, or for a single school, or for professional sport, provided no access is permitted to saunas and spas (except toilet facilities)

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may operate to allow members of the public to visit if the number of members of the public for each indoor space is limited to the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 and for each outdoor space to the number permitted by the density quotient

A real estate agent may organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property only if attended in person by no more than 20 members of the public.

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises, and if employees are on premises the employer must take reasonable steps to ensure face coverings are worn.

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas)

Under this direction, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels: may not operate except for a bottle shop, providing food/drink to be consumed off premises, or providing accommodation.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre or publicly accessible playground, skatepark, outdoor communal gym equipment, or trampolining centres - closed except for professional sport.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or support group, as long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)*, or a broadcast.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine area, bingo centre or escape room; may operate in some circumstances – for educational purposes, for a professional sport, or for broadcasting.

An open retail facility, including hairdressing facilities, auction house, markets, may operate to the limited extent permitted, including compliance with signage requirements, density quotients, and cleaning. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

[Here](#)

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen) may only operate for takeaway services, unless in eg a prison, hospital, residential aged care facility, childcare facility, or a workplace where food is provided only to employees.

An accommodation facility may operate for residents only (permanent or temporary).

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for educational purposes or professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may not operate except for caring or treatment, performing rescues, or maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent must not organise an auction or an inspection of a residential property

An employer must not permit an employee to work at the employer's premises where it is reasonably practicable for the employee to work at the employee's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the employer's premises, and if employees are on premises the employer must take reasonable steps to ensure face coverings are worn.

NB: Directions number 4 and 5 were issued on the Same Day. The above refers to Direction number 5.

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; if premises no longer suitable or available to reside in; private property inspection, attend a driving lesson, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

If leaving premises, the following restrictions apply:

- a) Must not travel in a vehicle with another person with whom you don't ordinarily reside, and
- b) Must not travel more than 5kms from residence and only once a day if for necessary goods and services (except for medical/emergency, and financial institution/government body/agency) or exercise (limited to 1 hour)
- c) With limited exceptions, must not leave premises between 8pm and 5am.

Restrictions on gatherings

[Here](#)

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for purposes specified an a) to e) above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

NB: Directions number 6 and 7 were issued on the Same Day. The above refers to Direction number 7.

4 Aug
2020

Public Health and Wellbeing Further Amendment (Infringements) Regulations 2020

The fine for failing to comply with an order to self-isolate or quarantine has been increased to 30 penalty units, or \$4,956.60.

[Here](#)

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they are a close contact of a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

6 Aug
2020

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas)

A person who owns, controls or operates a [Permitted Work Premises](#) in the Restricted Area may operate that premises during the restricted activity period to the extent permitted by the Directions in force.

A person who owns or operates a Closed Work Premises (meaning any premises that is not a Permitted Work Premises) in the Restricted Area must not permit persons to attend that premises during the restricted activity period, unless it is for essential maintenance, to ensure the premises is closed safely, by permitting employees to work from the place they ordinarily reside to operate the premises, as required/authorised by law, in an emergency, or as otherwise permitted by Directions.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Under this direction, which applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space/zone applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for bottleshops, takeaway food or drink services, or accommodation services, or in accordance with below (food and drink facilities).

[Here](#)

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre, skate park, outdoor communal gym equipment, and trampolining centre; not permitted to operate except for outdoor facilities with 2 people per group, and a maximum of 10 people in the facility and for professional sport.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances for broadcasting or professional sport.

An open retail facility, including hairdressers, auction houses, and food markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and record keeping, signage and cleaning requirements. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for takeaway, or if premises is located in a hospital, residential aged care facility, prison, childcare centre, land held by the Commonwealth for purposes of defence, for freight drivers, or if at a workplace.

An accommodation facility may operate only for residents.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may only operate for treating or caring for animals, for performing animal rescue functions, or for maintaining the facility.

A real estate agent may only organise a remote auction, and an inspection that complies with Stay at Home (Non-Melbourne) Directions.

Educational and childcare facilities can only operate in limited circumstances, and only for limited class of people.

Alpine resorts must not operate.

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance, or to take pet out.
- c) For work or education: if permitted worker in the Restricted Area, or if outside the Restricted Area, and if not reasonably practicable to work from home; or to obtain

[Here](#)

educational services if the parents or guardians are not working from home, or the child is a vulnerable child or young person, or if they attend a special school.

- d) Exercise: only if compliant with other restrictions and social distancing is maintained
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

If leaving premises, the following restrictions apply:

- a) Must not travel in a vehicle with another person with whom you don't ordinarily reside, and
- b) Must not travel more than 5kms from residence and only once a day if for necessary goods and services (except for medical/emergency, and financial institution/government body/agency) or exercise (limited to 1 hour)
- c) With limited exceptions, must not leave premises between 8pm and 5am.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

NB both Directions (No 8) and (No 9) were included in this gazette. The above refers to Directions (No 9)

Stay at Home Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Relevant Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance.

[Here](#)

- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

Workplace Directions

Operation of a Work Premises

An employer must not permit a worker to perform work at the Work Premises where it is reasonably practicable for the worker to work at the worker's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the Work Premises.

Preventative measures at Work Premises to reduce risk

- a) Employers must take reasonable steps to ensure workers wear face coverings at all times when at the Work Premises;
- b) Employers must have in place a COVID-19 safe plan (unless <5 workers at the Work Premises);
- c) Employers must keep a record of all workers and visitors who attend for longer than 15 minutes;
- d) Employers must ensure that the density quotient is complied with in any shared spaces or publicly accessible areas;
- e) Employers must display signage including the maximum number of members of the public permitted;
- f) Employers must take all reasonable steps to ensure that shared spaces and areas accessible to members of the public are cleaned on a regular basis.

All workers must be notified of a suspected, and subsequently a confirmed, case of COVID-19.

[Here](#)

Permitted Worker Permit Scheme and Onsite Childcare/Kindergarten Permit Scheme Directions

[Here](#)

NB only information about Permitted Worker Scheme has been included.

A person who is a diagnosed person or close contact must not hold a Permitted Worker Permit, or otherwise attend a Work Premises. Any person who is notified that they are a diagnosed person or close contact must immediately inform their employer, must not attend Work Premises and any Permit is automatically revoked.

A person must not leave the premises at which they ordinarily reside:

- a) To attend a Work Premises in the Restricted Area (regardless of whether they reside in a Restricted Area or not), or
- b) Attend a Work Premises outside of the Restricted Area, if they ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area;

Unless the person has been issued with, or has in their possession, photographic personal ID and a current Permitted Worker Permit issued by a Permitted Employer to perform a Permitted Service, or an exemption applies

The Permitted Worker Permit must be in the approved form and contain relevant information as listed in the Direction.

Exemptions include where travelling to work to obtain permit, where required to work at Work Premises on short notice, it is not reasonable to work at their ordinary residence, or in exceptional circumstances, if carrying a document with all the same info as a Permit.

Area Directions

[Here](#)

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted and safe areas and impose additional or different restrictions.

Restricted Area defined as the aggregate area consisting of municipal districts, suburbs, localities, and addresses within greater Melbourne.

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2020

Workplace Directions

[Here](#)

Operation of a Work Premises

An employer must not permit a worker to perform work at the Work Premises where it is reasonably practicable for the worker to work at the worker's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the Work Premises.

Preventative measures at Work Premises to reduce risk

- a) Employers must take reasonable steps to ensure workers wear face coverings at all times when at the Work Premises;
- b) Employers must have in place a COVID-19 safe plan (unless <5 workers at the Work Premises or Work Premises located outside of Restricted Area);
- c) Employers must keep a record of all workers and visitors who attend for longer than 15 minutes;
- d) Employers must ensure that the density quotient is complied with in any shared spaces or publicly accessible areas;
- e) Employers must display signage including the maximum number of members of the public permitted;
- f) Employers must take all reasonable steps to ensure that shared spaces and areas accessible to members of the public are cleaned on a regular basis.

All workers must be notified of a suspected, and subsequently a confirmed, case of COVID-19.

Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions

These directions apply to Additional Obligation Industries, including:

- Anywhere in Victoria: poultry processing, abattoir/meat processing facilities, seafood processing;
- In the Restricted Area (greater Melbourne): supermarkets, medical supply, pharmaceutical supply and PPE supply facilities, warehousing, distribution centres, freight, postal and logistics businesses, construction, and retail facilities.

High risk COVID Safe plan: each Additional Obligation Industry Work Premises must have a High Risk COVID Safe plan, including a COVID Safe Plan under the Workplace Directions (above), and an Additional Obligation Industry attachment for the relevant industry in the form specified on the [Business Victoria](#) website.

Additional obligations placed on Work Premises in the above industries, including in some instances placing restrictions on the number of workers permitted on site.

[Here](#)

Permitted Worker Permit Scheme and Onsite Childcare/Kindergarten Permit Scheme Directions

NB only information about Permitted Worker Scheme has been included.

A person who is a diagnosed person or close contact must not hold a Permitted Worker Permit, or otherwise attend a Work Premises. Any person who is notified that they are a diagnosed person or close contact must immediately inform their employer, must not attend Work Premises and any Permit is automatically revoked.

A person must not leave the premises at which they ordinarily reside:

- To attend a Work Premises in the Restricted Area (regardless of whether they reside in a Restricted Area or not), or
- Attend a Work Premises outside of the Restricted Area, if they ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area;

Unless the person has been issued with, or has in their possession, photographic personal ID and a current Permitted Worker Permit issued by a Permitted Employer to perform a Permitted Service, or an exemption applies

The Permitted Worker Permit must be in the approved form and contain relevant information as listed in the Direction.

Exemptions include where travelling to work to obtain permit, where required to work at Work Premises on short notice, it is not reasonable to work at their ordinary residence, or in exceptional circumstances, if carrying a document with all the same info as a Permit.

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10 Aug
2020

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide childcare/early childhood education/schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in

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- an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance, or to take pet out.
- c) For work or education: if permitted worker in the Restricted Area, or reside outside of Restricted Area, and if not reasonably practicable to work from home; or to obtain educational services if the parents or guardians are not working from home, or the child is a vulnerable child or young person, or if they attend a special school.
 - d) Exercise: only if compliant with other restrictions and social distancing is maintained
 - e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

If leaving premises, the following restrictions apply:

- a) Must not travel in a vehicle with another person with whom you don't ordinarily reside, and
- b) Must not travel more than 5kms from residence and only once a day if for necessary goods and services (except for medical/emergency, and financial institution/government body/agency) or exercise (limited to 1 hour)
- c) With limited exceptions, must not leave premises between 8pm and 5am.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions

These directions apply to Additional Obligation Industries, including:

- Anywhere in Victoria: poultry processing, abattoir/meat processing facilities, seafood processing;
- In the Restricted Area (greater Melbourne): supermarkets, medical supply, pharmaceutical supply and PPE supply facilities, warehousing, distribution centres, construction, and retail facilities.

High risk COVID Safe plan: each Additional Obligation Industry Work Premises must have a High Risk COVID Safe plan, including a COVID Safe Plan under the Workplace Directions (above), and an Additional Obligation Industry attachment for the relevant industry in the form specified on the [Business Victoria](#) website.

Additional obligations placed on Work Premises in the above industries, including in some instances placing restrictions on the number of workers permitted on site.

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12 Aug
2020

Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions

These directions apply to Additional Obligation Industries, including:

- Anywhere in Victoria: poultry processing, abattoir/meat processing facilities, seafood processing;
- In the Restricted Area (greater Melbourne): supermarkets, medical supply, pharmaceutical supply and PPE supply facilities, warehousing, distribution centres, construction, and retail facilities.

High risk COVID Safe plan: each Additional Obligation Industry Work Premises must have a High Risk COVID Safe plan, including a COVID Safe Plan under the Workplace Directions (above), and an Additional Obligation Industry attachment for the relevant industry in the form specified on the [Business Victoria](#) website.

Employer must, to extent reasonably practicable, consult with health and safety representatives, together with workers who are, or are likely to be, directly affected to, among other things, identify or assess healthy and safety risks and make decisions about measures to be taken to better control those risks.

Additional obligations placed on Work Premises in the above industries, including in some instances placing restrictions on the number of workers permitted on site.

[Here](#)

14 Aug
2020

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they are a close contact of a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

Permitted Worker Permit Scheme and Onsite Childcare/Kindergarten Permit Scheme Directions

NB only information about Permitted Worker Scheme has been included.

A person who is a diagnosed person or close contact must not hold a Permitted Worker Permit, or otherwise attend a Work Premises. Any person who is notified that they are a diagnosed person or close contact must immediately inform their employer, must not attend Work Premises and any Permit is automatically revoked.

A person must not leave the premises at which they ordinarily reside:

- To attend a Work Premises in the Restricted Area (regardless of whether they reside in a Restricted Area or not), or
- Attend a Work Premises outside of the Restricted Area, if they ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area;

Unless the person has been issued with, or has in their possession, photographic personal ID and a current Permitted Worker Permit issued, or an exemption applies.

For employees attending work at a Work Premises located within a Restricted Area, a Permitted Employer which conducts a Permitted Service must issue the Permit in the approved form. For employees who ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area being permitted to attend work at a Work Premises located outside the Restricted Area, their employer must issue the Permit in the approved form.

The Permitted Worker Permit must contain relevant information as listed in the Direction.

[Here](#)

Exemptions include where travelling to work to obtain permit, where required to work at Work Premises on short notice, it is not reasonable to work at their ordinary residence, or in exceptional circumstances, if carrying a document with all the same info as a Permit.

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas)

A person who owns, controls or operates a [Permitted Work Premises](#) in the Restricted Area may operate that premises during the restricted activity period to the extent permitted by the Directions in force.

A person who owns or operates a Closed Work Premises (meaning any premises that is not a Permitted Work Premises) in the Restricted Area must not permit persons to attend that premises during the restricted activity period, unless it is for essential maintenance, to ensure the premises is closed safely, by permitting employees to work from the place they ordinarily reside to operate the premises, as required/authorised by law, in an emergency, or as otherwise permitted by Directions.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Under this direction, which applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space, market, or retail shopping centre, applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for bottleshops, takeaway food or drink services, or accommodation services.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre, skate park, outdoor communal gym equipment, and trampolining centre; not permitted to operate except for outdoor facilities with 2 people per group, and a maximum of 10 people in the facility, and for professional sport.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances for broadcasting or professional sport.

An open retail facility, including hairdressers, auction houses, and food markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and record keeping, signage and cleaning requirements. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for takeaway, or if premises is located in a hospital, residential aged care facility, prison, childcare centre, land held by the Commonwealth for purposes of defence, for freight drivers, or if at a workplace.

An accommodation facility may operate only for residents.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may only operate for treating or caring for animals, for performing animal rescue functions, or for maintaining the facility.

[Here](#)

A real estate agent may only organise a remote auction, and an inspection that complies with Stay at Home (Non-Melbourne) Directions.

Educational and childcare facilities can only operate in limited circumstances, and only for limited class of people.

Alpine resorts must not operate.

Stay at Home Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Relevant Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to provide schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance, to meet obligations to sustain life and wellbeing of a pet;
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, driving lesson/practise, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for if reside at same premises, for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to obtain or provide childcare/early childhood services, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance in limited circumstances, or to take pet out.
- c) For work or education: if permitted worker and if not reasonably practicable to work from home; or to obtain educational services if the parents or guardians are permitted workers, or the child is a vulnerable child or young person, or if they attend a special school, or they are a permitted higher education student.
- d) Exercise: only if compliant with other restrictions and social distancing is maintained
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

If leaving premises, the following restrictions apply:

- d) Must not travel in a vehicle with another person with whom you don't ordinarily reside, and
- e) Must not travel more than 5kms from residence and only once a day if for necessary goods and services (except for medical/emergency, and financial institution/government body/agency) or exercise (limited to 1 hour)
- f) With limited exceptions, must not leave premises between 8pm and 5am.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

[Here](#)

16 Aug
2020

Extension of Declaration of a State of Emergency

Remains in force until 13 Sep 2020

[Here](#)

Area Directions

Grants power to Chief Health Officer to specify restricted and safe areas and impose additional or different restrictions.

Restricted Area defined as the aggregate area consisting of municipal districts, suburbs, localities, and addresses within greater Melbourne.

[Here](#)

Stay at Home Directions (Restricted Areas)

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Restricted Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to obtain or provide childcare/early childhood services, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance in limited circumstances, or to take pet out or meet obligations in relation to life and wellbeing of an animal.
- c) For work or education: if permitted worker and if not reasonably practicable to work from home; or to obtain educational services if the parents or guardians are permitted workers, or the child is a vulnerable child or young person, or if they attend a special school, or they are a permitted higher education student.
- d) Exercise: only if compliant with other restrictions and social distancing is maintained
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

If leaving premises, the following restrictions apply:

- a) Must not travel in a vehicle with another person with whom you don't ordinarily reside, and
- b) Must not travel more than 5kms from residence and only once a day if for necessary goods and services (except for medical/emergency, and financial institution/government body/agency) or exercise (limited to 1 hour)
- c) With limited exceptions, must not leave premises between 8pm and 5am.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is

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necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education, care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

Stay at Home Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions

Direction – stay at home other than in specified circumstances:

A person who resides in a Relevant Area must not leave the premises where the person ordinarily resides, other than for one or more of the following reasons:

- a) To obtain necessary goods and services: takeaway food or drink, goods or services for health/medical purposes; other necessary goods or services including, but not limited to, goods or services provided by a financial institution, government body/agency, post office, pharmacy, hardware store, petrol station, pet store/vet, open retail facility
- b) For care or other compassionate reasons: to meet obligations in relation to shared parenting, to visit child in custody; to obtain or provide schooling, to provide care/support for relative or other person who has specific needs because of eg age/disability, to attend care facility, to attend hospital, to attend funeral/wedding, to donate blood, to escape harm, to visit someone with whom they are in an intimate relationship, to attend cemetery, to provide child-minding assistance in some circumstances, to meet obligations to sustain life and wellbeing of a pet;
- c) For work or education: paid or voluntary, attend education institution; anything necessary to attend that work/education institution eg dropping child at childcare. Only if not reasonably practicable to do from home.
- d) Exercise or recreation: exercise, including participating in a sporting activity; or a recreational purpose, as long as compliant with other restrictions;
- e) Other reasons: emergency purposes; as required by law; for purposes relating to the administration of justice, including a police station or a Court; attending a place of worship; attending a community facility; driving someone they ordinarily reside with for permitted purpose, if premises no longer available to reside in; private property inspection, driving lesson/practise, moving to new premises; leaving Victoria if not resident; leaving Australia if permitted; or national security.

Face covering requirement: a person must wear a face covering at all times if leaving their premises, except in limited circumstances, and must carry a face covering with them at all other times

Restrictions on gatherings

Person must not permit someone else to enter their premises unless they ordinarily reside at the premises, they are residing there under the contact tracing direction, it is necessary for other person to enter premises for care/compassion or work/education as per above, it is necessary for purposes of inspection under Restricted Activity Direction (Restricted Areas); for purposes of moving to premises, medical/emergency purposes; administration of justice purposes, entry authorised/required by law, or national security

Public gatherings:

During the same period, a person must not arrange to meet with more than one other person in an outdoor space, except for if reside at same premises, for care and support, if they are a parent or guardian, for wedding/funeral, for an essential purpose for work/education,

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care/compassionate reasons, or other specified reasons above, or where for one of more of purposes specified above for necessary goods/services.

Restricted Activity Directions (Restricted Areas)

A person who owns, controls or operates a [Permitted Work Premises](#) in the Restricted Area may operate that premises during the restricted activity period to the extent permitted by the Directions in force.

A person who owns or operates a Closed Work Premises (meaning any premises that is not a Permitted Work Premises) in the Restricted Area must not permit persons to attend that premises during the restricted activity period, unless it is for essential maintenance, to ensure the premises is closed safely, by permitting employees to work from the place they ordinarily reside to operate the premises, as required/authorised by law, in an emergency, or as otherwise permitted by Directions.

[Here](#)

Restricted Activity Directions (Non-Melbourne)

Under this direction, which applies in all areas outside of the Restricted Area as defined in the Area Directions, density quotient continues to apply, calculated by dividing the total publicly accessible space (measured in square metres) by 4 and for an indoor space applies to each single undivided space permitted to operate and for an outdoor space, market, or retail shopping centre, applies to the total space permitted to operate

Pubs, bars, clubs, nightclubs, hotels (premises with alcohol under a licence) may not operate except for bottleshops, takeaway food or drink services, or accommodation services.

Physical recreational facilities; including facilities used predominantly for indoor or outdoor physical recreation or sport, personal trailing facility, play centre, skate park, outdoor communal gym equipment, and trampolining centre; not permitted to operate except for outdoor facilities with 2 people per group, and a maximum of 10 people in the facility, and for professional sport.

A community facility or place of worship may host an essential public support service or group, so long as members of the public limited to the lesser of the number permitted by the density quotient and 20 or conduct a ceremony or a funeral/wedding in accordance with the *Stay Safe Directions*, or broadcast.

Entertainment facilities such as theatres, cinemas, music hall/concert hall/auditoriums, gallery or museums, arenas/stadiums/convention centres, arcades, amusement parks, casinos, retail betting venues, gaming machine areas, bingo centres or escape rooms; may operate in some circumstances for broadcasting or professional sport.

An open retail facility, including hairdressers, auction houses, and food markets, may operate to the extent permitted, including complying with the density quotient and record keeping, signage and cleaning requirements. Beauty and personal care facilities not permitted to operate.

A food and drink facility (café, restaurant, fast-food store, cafeteria, canteen, licenced premises) may operate for takeaway, or if premises is located in a hospital, residential aged care facility, prison, childcare centre, land held by the Commonwealth for purposes of defence, for freight drivers, or if at a workplace.

An accommodation facility may operate only for residents.

A non-residential swimming pool may only be used for professional sport.

An animal facility (zoo, wildlife centre, petting zoo, aquarium or animal farm not for producing food) may only operate for treating or caring for animals, for performing animal rescue functions, or for maintaining the facility.

[Here](#)

A real estate agent may only organise a remote auction, and an inspection that complies with Stay at Home (Non-Melbourne) Directions.

Educational and childcare facilities can only operate in limited circumstances, and only for limited class of people.

Alpine resorts must not operate.

Permitted Worker Permit Scheme and Onsite Childcare/Kindergarten Permit Scheme Directions

[Here](#)

NB only information about Permitted Worker Scheme has been included.

A person who is a diagnosed person or close contact must not hold a Permitted Worker Permit, or otherwise attend a Work Premises. Any person who is notified that they are a diagnosed person or close contact must immediately inform their employer, must not attend Work Premises and any Permit is automatically revoked.

A person must not leave the premises at which they ordinarily reside:

- a) To attend a Work Premises in the Restricted Area (regardless of whether they reside in a Restricted Area or not), or
- b) Attend a Work Premises outside of the Restricted Area, if they ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area;

Unless the person has been issued with, or has in their possession, photographic personal ID and a current Permitted Worker Permit issued, or an exemption applies.

For employees attending work at a Work Premises located within a Restricted Area, a Permitted Employer which conducts a Permitted Service must issue the Permit in the approved form. For employees who ordinarily reside in the Restricted Area being permitted to attend work at a Work Premises located outside the Restricted Area, their employer must issue the Permit in the approved form.

The Permitted Worker Permit must contain relevant information as listed in the Direction.

Exemptions include where travelling to work to obtain permit, where required to work at Work Premises on short notice, it is not reasonable to work at their ordinary residence, or in exceptional circumstances, if carrying a document with all the same info as a Permit.

Workplace Directions

[Here](#)

Operation of a Work Premises

An employer must not permit a worker to perform work at the Work Premises where it is reasonably practicable for the worker to work at the worker's place of residence or another suitable premises which is not the Work Premises.

Preventative measures at Work Premises to reduce risk

- a) Employers must take reasonable steps to ensure workers wear face coverings at all times when at the Work Premises;
- b) Employers must have in place a COVID-19 safe plan (unless <5 workers at the Work Premises or Work Premises located in Relevant Area);
- c) Employers must keep a record of all workers and visitors who attend for longer than 15 minutes;
- d) Employers must ensure that the density quotient is complied with in any shared spaces or publicly accessible areas;
- e) Employers must display signage including the maximum number of members of the public permitted;
- f) Employers must take all reasonable steps to ensure that shared spaces and areas accessible to members of the public are cleaned on a regular basis.

g) Employers must not require or permit a worker to perform work at more than one Work Premises of the employer unless not practicable (eg healthcare or social worker).

All workers must be notified of a suspected, and subsequently a confirmed, case of COVID-19.

Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions

These directions apply to Additional Obligation Industries, including:

- Anywhere in Victoria: poultry processing, abattoir/meat processing facilities, seafood processing;
- In the Restricted Area (greater Melbourne): supermarkets, medical supply, pharmaceutical supply and PPE supply facilities, warehousing, distribution centres, construction, and retail facilities.

High risk COVID Safe plan: each Additional Obligation Industry Work Premises must have a High Risk COVID Safe plan, including a COVID Safe Plan under the Workplace Directions (above), and an Additional Obligation Industry attachment for the relevant industry in the form specified on the [Business Victoria](#) website.

Employer must, to extent reasonably practicable, consult with health and safety representatives, together with workers who are, or are likely to be, directly affected to, among other things, identify or assess healthy and safety risks and make decisions about measures to be taken to better control those risks.

Additional obligations placed on Work Premises in the above industries, including in some instances placing restrictions on the number of workers permitted on site.

[Here](#)

Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions

A person who has been informed they have been diagnosed with 2019-nCoV must self-isolate at the premises chosen by the person. The self-isolation period ends when a diagnosed person is given clearance from self-isolation, i.e. when a Department officer makes a determination in relation to the person and the person is given notice of the determination.

A person must also self-quarantine if they are a close contact of a diagnosed person and are given a notice that the Department has made a determination in relation to the person, for the period specified in the notice.

[Here](#)

New South Wales Government

Date	Description	Link
15 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Public Events) Order 2020</p> <p>The Minister directs that a person must not hold a public event at which there are, or are likely to be, 500 persons or more in attendance at any one time.</p> <p>Exceptions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Court b) Educational institutions c) Transport services d) Workers attending a workplace 	Here
16 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Quarantine) Order 2020</p> <p>Any person arriving in NSW from overseas must self-isolate for 14 days</p>	Here
18 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Mass Gatherings) Order 2020</p> <p>5 Direction of the Minister</p> <p>The Minister directs that a person must not—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) if the person is the occupier or operator of premises in New South Wales— allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises during the relevant period, or <u>Note</u>. The Public Health Act 2010 defines the occupier of premises or a part of premises to mean the owner of the premises or part of premises or if any other person is entitled to occupy the premises or part to the exclusion of the owner, that person. b) organise a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales during the relevant period, or c) attend a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales during the relevant period. <p>*Mass gathering is defined as 100+ for any indoor gathering in single space and 500+ for any outdoor gathering in single space</p> <p>*Exceptions include airport, public transport, hospital, emergency services, aged or disability care facility, prison or other place of custody, court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, food market, grocery or other retail store or shopping centre, office building, factory, mining or construction site, school, university or other educational institution, hotel, motel or other accommodation facility, or where 500+ people are transiting through an outdoor space</p>	Here
20 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Lord Howe Island) Order 2020</p> <p>Direction restricting access to Lord Howe Island to residents, those leaving the island, anybody who is required to provide health or emergency services, or anyone else who requests permission from the Coordinator-General, at his discretion</p>	Here
21 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Gatherings) Order 2020</p> <p>5 Direction of the Minister</p> <p>(1) The Minister directs that a person must not, during the relevant period—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. if the person is the occupier or operator of premises in New South Wales— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises, or 	Here

- ii. allow another gathering to occur on the premises unless the size of the premises is sufficient to ensure there is 4 square metres of space for each person on the premises, or

Note. The *Public Health Act 2010* defines the occupier of premises or a part of premises to mean the owner of the premises or part of premises or if any other person is entitled to occupy the premises or part to the exclusion of the owner, that person.

- b. organise a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales, or
- c. attend a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales.

*Mass gathering is defined as 100+ for any indoor gathering in single space and 500+ for any outdoor gathering in single space

Exceptions to this direction include airport, transportation, hospitals, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, place of custody eg prison, court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket or other food market, school, university or other educational institution, hotel, motel or accommodation facility, outdoor space where 500 or more people are transiting through.

23 Mar
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Places of Social Gathering) Order 2020

[Here](#)

The Minister directs that the following must not be open to members of the public except as provided in this clause—

- (a) pubs and registered clubs, except for the purposes of—
 - A. selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises, or
 - B. if the premises include hotel or motel accommodation, providing that accommodation including by providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms,
- (b) food and drink premises (other than pubs), except for the purposes of—
 - A. selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises, or
 - B. if the premises are part of hotel or motel accommodation, providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms,
- (c) entertainment facilities,
- (d) amusement centres,
- (e) casinos, except for the purposes of, if the premises include hotel or motel accommodation, providing that accommodation including by providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms,
- (f) micro-breweries or small distilleries holding a drink on-premises authorisation under the Liquor Act 2007 or cellar door premises, except for the purposes of selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises,
- (g) recreation facilities (indoor),
- (h) places of public worship, except for the purposes of conducting wedding services or funeral services.

24 Mar
2020

COVID-19 Legislation Amendment (Emergency Measures) Bill 2020

[Here](#)

Broad range of amendments proposed to assist in containing the spread of COVID-19, including changes to health, justice, corrections, planning, better regulation, local Government, and community services. These amendments will give public authorities the legislative powers needed to respond to this crisis. Amendments were proposed to a wide range of legislation, including some key statutes summarised below:

Amendments to the *Public Health Act* include granting police officers the power to arrest a person if they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that person is in breach of a public health order relating to COVID-19, and making police officers authorised officers under the *Public Health Act* for the purposes of issuing penalty notices to those in breach of public health orders.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

Amendments to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* include granting the Minister power to authorise development on any land without needing any prior approval.

Amendments to the *Residential Tenancies Act* and *Retail Leases Act* include offering greater protections for tenants and preventing the landlord, owner, or proprietor from exercising some of their powers during the public health emergency caused by COVID-19. Under the amendments, in particular circumstances:

- a) the landlord, owner, proprietor or lessor of property or land is prohibited from recovering possession of premises from a lessee or tenant under the relevant Act;
- b) the landlord, owner, proprietor or lessor of property or land is prohibited the termination of a lease or tenancy agreement under the relevant Act;
- c) the exercise or enforcement of another right of the landlord, owner, proprietor or lessor of property or land under the relevant Act or agreement relating to those premises is regulated or prevented; and
- d) a lessee or tenant, or class of lessees or tenants, is exempted from the operation of a provision of the relevant Act or any agreement relating to the premises or land.

[COVID-19 Legislation Amendment \(Emergency Measures\) Act 2020 No 1](#) assented to 25 Mar 2020

Additional amendments proposed to various other pieces of legislation in:

- 1) [COVID-19 Legislation Amendment \(Emergency Measures – Miscellaneous\) Act 2020](#)
- 2) [COVID-19 Legislation Amendment \(Emergency Measures – Treasurer\) Act 2020](#)
- 3) [COVID-19 Legislation Amendment \(Emergency Measures – Attorney General\) Act 2020](#)

**25 Mar
2020**

Public Health (COVID-19 Self-Isolation) Order 2020

Directs that a person diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate at a private residence or other designated space until medically cleared

[Here](#)

Public Health (COVID-19 Gatherings) Order (No 2) 2020

Person must not, during the relevant period:

- a) if the person is the occupier or operator of premises in New South Wales—
 - a. allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises, or
 - b. allow another gathering to occur on the premises unless the size of the premises is sufficient to ensure there is 4 square metres of space for each person on the premises, or
- b) organise a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales, or
- c) attend a mass gathering on premises in New South Wales.

The direction also orders that the following businesses must not, except in limited circumstances, be open to the public: pubs and registered clubs, food and drink premises, entertainment facilities, amusement centres, casinos, micro-breweries or small distilleries, recreation facilities (indoor), places of worship, beauty salons, hairdressers, auction houses, markets except for food markets, information/education facilities, caravan parks/camping grounds, community facilities.

Environmental Planning and Assessment (COVID-19 Development—Extended Operation) Order 2020

Order regarding the use of retail premises or home businesses, and the limiting of adverse community impact during operating hours

[Here](#)

Treasury Legislation Amendment (COVID-19) Act 2020 No 2

Amendments to the *Long Service Leave Act* to allow businesses to give less than one month's long service leave if the employee agrees, and to the *Payroll Tax Act* to permit businesses with

[Here](#)

	less than \$10 million in annual wages to pay only 75% of the payroll tax they would otherwise have paid.	
27 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Gatherings) Order (No 3) 2020</p> <p>A person must not, between the date of the order and 23 June 2020:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) if the person is the occupier or operator of premises in NSW: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises; or b. allow another gathering to occur on the premises unless the size of the premises is sufficient to ensure there is 4 sq m for each person; b) organise a mass gathering on premises in NSW; or c) attend a mass gathering on premises in NSW <p>Mass gathering is defined to mean:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 500+ people in a single undivided outdoor space; or b) 100+ people in a single undivided indoor space; or <p>*Limited exceptions allowed for 'essential gatherings'</p> <p>The direction also orders that the following businesses must not, except in limited circumstances, be open to the public: pubs and registered clubs, food and drink premises except for takeaway, entertainment facilities, amusement centres, casinos, micro-breweries or small distilleries, recreation facilities (indoor), places of worship, beauty salons, hairdressers, auction houses, markets except for food markets, information/education facilities, caravan parks/camping grounds, community facilities.</p>	Here
28 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Maritime Quarantine) Order 2020</p> <p>Direction limiting the people who may disembark or board vessels docked in NSW.</p> <p>Amended on 3 Apr to clarify direction for 14 day quarantine at a quarantine facility/ hospital/medical facility (here)</p> <p>New Directions issued on 24 Jun (here)</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Air Transportation Quarantine) Order 2020</p> <p>Direction ordering that anybody who has arrived in NSW by plane, and has been overseas in the previous 14 days, must go directly to a quarantine facility specified by the Commissioner of Police, or travel to a medical facility for treatment, for a period of 2 weeks following their arrival in NSW.</p> <p>Amended on 29 Mar to clarify compliance for those already under a quarantine order before this Order came into effect (here)</p> <p>Further amended on 3 Apr to clarify when quarantine period starts (here)</p> <p>New Directions issued on 24 Jun (here)</p>	Here
30 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Order 2020</p> <p>Movement: Minister directs that a person must not, without reasonable excuse, leave their place of residence. Reasonable excuses include obtaining food or other goods/services, travelling for purposes of work or education if not possible to do from home, exercise or medical/caring reasons.</p> <p>Gatherings of 2+ people: Minister directs that a person must not participate in a gathering in a public place of 2+ people. This does not apply for: essential gatherings as listed in Sch 2, gathering for purposes of work, gathering of same household, gathering for wedding with <5 people, gathering for funeral with <10 people, moving to new residence, care or assistance to vulnerable persons, emergency assistance, or gatherings necessary to fulfil legal obligation</p>	Here

	<p>Closure of certain premises: Minister directs that the following businesses must not, except in limited circumstances, be open to the public: pubs, registered clubs, food and drink premises except for takeaway; entertainment facilities; amusement centres; casinos; micro-breweries or small distilleries; recreation facilities (indoor); places of worship; beauty salons; auction houses; markets except for food markets; information/education facilities; caravan parks/camping grounds; community facilities; public swimming pool; property operated by National Trust or Historic Houses Trust; gaming lounge; outdoor playground equipment; outdoor gym; skate park</p> <p>Further direction issued on 4 Apr clarifying certain of the clauses of this direction (here)</p> <p>Further direction issued on 30 Apr clarifying certain of the clauses of this direction (here)</p>	
1 Apr 2020	<p>Environmental Planning and Assessment (COVID-19 Development—Health Services Facilities) Order 2020</p> <p>Order regarding the change of use of premises to health services facilities, and construction of temporary health services facility.</p>	Here
2 Apr 2020	<p>Environmental Planning and Assessment (COVID-19 Development—Construction Work Days) Order 2020</p> <p>Order regulating the performing of construction activities on a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday; including to restrict the hours of work that may be performed and limit the type of work to exclude rock breaking, rock hammering, sheet piling, pile driving or other similar activities</p>	Here
	<p>Environmental Planning and Assessment (COVID-19 Development—Takeaway Food and Beverages) Order 2020</p> <p>Order regulating the use of community facilities; education establishments, business or office premises that was operating as a cooking school; food and drink premises; a function centre; or a mobile food and drink outlet; to provide food or beverages for consumption off premises.</p>	
9 Apr 2020	<p>Environmental Planning and Assessment (COVID-19 Development—Infrastructure Construction Work Days) Order 2020</p> <p>Order regulating the performing of infrastructure construction activities on a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday; including to restrict the hours of work that may be performed and limit the type of work to exclude rock breaking, rock hammering, sheet piling, pile driving or other similar activities</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Spitting and Coughing) Order 2020</p> <p>Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting or coughing on a public official in such a way that would cause fear of the spread of COVID-19</p>	Here
15 Apr 2020	<p>Residential Tenancies Amendment (COVID-19) Regulation 2020</p> <p>Amendment to put into effect the decision of the National Cabinet around putting in place a moratorium to prevent the termination of residential leases for a period of 6 months, to assist renters with managing the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic</p>	Here
19 Apr 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Spitting and Coughing) Amendment Order 2020</p> <p>Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting or coughing on a public official, or another worker at their place of work or travelling to their place of work, in such a way that would cause fear of the spread of COVID-19</p> <p>Without limiting the definition, another worker said to include: retail worker, airport worker, worker for electricity, gas, water or utility company, or person who works in transport/transport-related industry.</p>	Here

24 Apr
2020

Retail and Other Commercial Leases (COVID-19) Regulation 2020

Enacting the following restrictions and prohibitions in relation to 'impacted lessees as defined in the regulation:

- 1) Lessor must not take any prescribed action against the lessee on the grounds of a breach of the commercial lease during the prescribed period consisting of—
 - a. a failure to pay rent, or
 - b. a failure to pay outgoings, or
 - c. the business operating under the lease not being open for business during the hours specified in the lease.
- 2) If, during the prescribed period, a lessee under a commercial lease is an impacted lessee, the rent payable under the commercial lease (other than rent or a component of rent determined by reference to turnover) must not be increased.
- 3) If, during the prescribed period, a lessee under a commercial lease was an impacted lessee, a lessor must not, after the prescribed period, take any prescribed action against the lessee on the grounds of a breach of the commercial lease consisting of a failure to pay an amount equivalent to or representing the rent increase amount referred to in subclause (2).
- 4) If an impacted lessee is required by a provision of a commercial lease to pay a fixed amount that represents an amount of land tax or any other statutory charge (such as local council rates) or insurance payable by a lessor and the amount of the land tax or other statutory charge or insurance payable is reduced, the impacted lessee is exempted from the operation of the provision to the extent of the reduction.
- 5) An act or omission of a lessee required under a law of the Commonwealth or the State in response to the COVID-19 pandemic— (a) is taken not to amount to a breach of a commercial lease, and (b) does not constitute grounds for termination of the lease or the taking of any prescribed action by the lessor against the lessee.
- 6) Nothing in this clause prevents a lessor and lessee agreeing to the parties taking any action in relation to the commercial lease (including the lessor taking any prescribed action or the parties agreeing to terminate the commercial lease).

Lessee is classified as an "Impacted lessee" if:

- 1) They qualify for the JobKeeper Scheme and
- 2) The following turnover in the 2018/19 FY was less than \$50 mil.
 - a. If a franchisee – the turnover of the business conducted at the premises or land concerned;
 - b. If the lessee is a corporation that is a member of a group – the turnover of the group;
 - c. In any other case – the turnover of the business conducted by the lessee.

[Here](#)

7 May
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gatherings and Movement) Amendment (Real Estate) Order 2020

Additional clarifications added to this [Direction](#) concerning the permitting of gatherings of more than 2 persons at houses for the purposes of selling, including at auction, or leasing properties.

[Here](#)

14 May
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Order (No 2) 2020

Work and gatherings:

- 1) Employer must allow employee to work at home if reasonably practicable;
- 2) Minister directs that a person must not participate in a gathering in a public place of 10+ people. This does not apply for: essential gatherings as listed in Sch 2, gathering for purposes of work, gathering of same household, gathering for moving to new residence, gathering for wedding with <10 people, gathering for funeral with <20 people (indoor) or <30 people (outdoor) or religious service with <10 people, care or assistance to vulnerable persons, emergency assistance, or gatherings necessary to fulfil legal obligation, property inspections, display home, auctions.

[Here](#)

Closure of certain premises: Minister directs that the following businesses must not, except in limited circumstances, be open to the public: pubs, registered clubs, food and drink premises except for takeaway and with up to 10 seated patrons; entertainment facilities; amusement centres; casinos; micro-breweries or small distilleries; recreation facilities (indoor); places of worship (except as above); beauty salons; auction houses (except as above); betting agencies, markets except for food markets; information/education facilities; caravan parks/camping grounds (except for permanent residents).

Allowed up to 5 visitors at primary residence.

1 June
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Order (No 3) 2020

[Here](#)

This Order revokes the *Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Order (No 2) 2020*

The Minister directs that Schedule 1, column 2 provides the limitation on the number of persons that may be on the premises referred to in column 1, subject to the condition that no person may be on the premises as part of an individual group of more than 10 persons (except if engaging in work, or at a wedding, funeral, memorial or religious service). In summary, Schedule 1 provides the following:

- Aquariums, zoological and reptile parks are limited to having no more than the total number of persons calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each person (including staff members) on the premises
- Caravan parks, camping grounds, national parks and State forests have no limitation on persons; caravan parks and camping grounds must have a COVID-safety plan.
- Casinos, food and drink premises, microbreweries, pubs and registered clubs may have the lesser of 50 customers per existing seated food or drink area, or the total number of customers calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each customer (excluding staff members) on the premises and must keep contact details and a COVID-19 safety plan. Food courts are take-away only
- Community centres may be used for assisting vulnerable members of the community and for early education or care purposes. For counselling, no more than the total number of persons calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each person (including staff members) shall be on the premises
- Holiday homes and holiday rentals may have no more than 10 persons, unless all persons are members of the same household
- Nail salons, beauty salons, waxing salons, tanning salons may have the lesser of 10 customers and the business's staff members, or the total number of persons calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each person (including staff members) on the premises
- Public swimming pools may have no more than the total number of persons calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each person (including staff members) on the premises. Indoor swimming pools further may only have one swimmer per lane, and have no more than 10 persons in the pool at any one time
- Retail stores may have no more than the total number of persons calculated by allowing 4 square metres of space for each person on the premises. Similar for spas, tattoo parlours and massage parlours, but are only open for the retail sale of goods and gift vouchers

Premises that remain closed: amusement centres, entertainment facilities, markets that are not predominately food markets, indoor recreation facilities

Aside from the premises referred to in Schedule 1, a person who is the occupier or operator of a premises must not allow more than 500 persons to be on the premises if it is predominately an outdoor space; or allow more than 100 persons for a predominately indoor space; or allow persons to be on the premises if the size of the premises is insufficient to ensure there is 4 square metres of space for each person.

An adult member of a household must not allow more than 5 visitors to be at the place of residence of the household at any one time, or must take reasonable steps to ensure that no more than 5 visitors are at the place of residence of the household at any one time. A person is not a visitor if they are a member of the household, or they are at the place of residence for the purpose of engaging in work; childcare; fulfilling cares' responsibilities or providing care; participating in a wedding / funeral / memorial service; contact between parents and children or between siblings; assisting in moving a person to or from place of residence; to avoid injury, illness or escape harm; or because of an emergency or compassionate reasons.

The Minister directs that an employer must allow an employee to work at the person's place of residence if it is reasonably practicable to do so.

The Minister directs that a person must not participate in a public gathering of more than 10 persons, except for a gathering for a wedding, funeral, memorial or religious service, for moving from premises, to provide emergency assistance, necessary to fulfil a legal obligation, or for viewing / inspecting a property for the purpose of sale or lease.

A wedding may have 20 persons, excluding the persons being married, the persons necessary for the conduct of the service / gathering, and one photographer and one videographer. A funeral may have 50 persons, including the persons necessary for the conduct of the service or gathering. A religious service may have 50 persons, excluding the persons necessary for the conduct of the service.

12 Jun
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Amendment Order (No 3) 2020

[Here](#)

Amendments made to the above order, including:

- a) increasing the gathering limit at residential premises to 20 persons;
- b) increasing the limit on public gatherings to 20 persons;

19 Jun
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Self-Isolation) Order (No 2) 2020

[Here](#)

Directs that a person diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate at a private residence or other designated space until medically cleared

1 Jul
2020

Public Health (COVID-19 Restrictions on Gathering and Movement) Order (No 4) 2020

[Here](#)

Non-residential premises:

The minister directs that occupiers of the following premises must develop and comply with a COVID safety plan that addressed the COVID safety checklist developed by the CHO: amusement centres, aquariums, auction houses, betting agencies, businesses that are used for nail salons, beauty salons, waxing salons, tanning salons, spas, tattoo parlours or massage parlours; caravan parks/camping grounds; casinos; community centres; drive-in cinemas; entertainment facilities; food/drink premises; food courts, function centres; information/education facilities; markets; micro-breweries/distilleries; places of public worship; premises operated by National Trust or Historic Houses Trust; Public indoor or outdoor swimming pools; pubs/small bars/registered clubs; recreation facilities (indoor or major); commercial scuba diving vessels; commercial tour vessels; zoos. These businesses must also comply with the maximum density of 1 person per 4 sq m.

Gatherings at residential premises and in public restricted to 20 visitors.

[Amended](#) on 17 Jul to introduce specific requirements for pubs. Again [amended](#) on 23 Jul to introduce additional requirements for COVID-19 safety plans, as well as specific requirements for hospitality venues, places of public worship, and premises where events of significance are held. Further [amended](#) on 31 Jul, including to direct that persons can provide contact details electronically

2 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Order 2020</p> <p>Certain persons not permitted to enter NSW, unless they are ordinarily resident in NSW or to obtain medical care, fulfil legal obligation, or provide an essential service.</p> <p>Amended by later Order</p>	Here
3 Jul 2020	<p>Retail and Other Commercial Leases (COVID-19) Amendment Regulation 2020</p> <p>Minor amendments made to clarify the original protections enforced for commercial tenants.</p> <p>Of note is that there is now a requirement for the lessee to provide a statement to the effect that they are an impacted lessee as defined under the Regulation. If they do not provide such a statement, the lessor is taken to have complied with the renegotiation requirements under the Regulation</p>	Here
7 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Spitting and Coughing) (No 2) Order 2020</p> <p>Direction prohibiting the intentional spitting or coughing on a public official in such a way that would cause fear of the spread of COVID-19</p>	Here
23 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Border Control) Order 2020</p> <p>Minister directs that an affected person must not enter NSW unless authorised, and must self-isolate for 14 days following entry.</p> <p>Amended on 20 Jul, on 22 Jul, on 24 Jul, on 25 Jul on 7 Aug, on 11 Aug and on 17 Aug</p>	Here
23 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Self-Isolation) Order (No 3) 2020</p> <p>Directs that a person diagnosed with COVID-19, and close contacts, must self-isolate at a private residence or other designated space until medically cleared as assessed by a medical practitioner.</p>	Here

Western Australian Government

Date	Description	Link
15 Mar 2020	<p>State of Emergency declared over Western Australia</p> <p>Measures include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anyone arriving into Western Australia from overseas needs to self-isolate for 14 days. • International cruise ships will also be banned from docking in Australia for at least 30 days • Non-essential, organised gatherings of more than 500 people can no longer go ahead. <p>These measures do not include impacts to schools, universities, public transport or airports.</p>	Here
16 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health State of Emergency declared</p>	Here
18 Mar 2020	<p>Self-quarantine following overseas travel directions</p> <p>Directions enforcing the rules declared by the federal Government to enforce self-quarantine, and listing the penalty for failure to comply.</p> <p>Revoked on 5 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 5 Apr.</p>	Here
19 Mar 2020	<p>Extension of declaration of State of Emergency</p> <p>For a further period of 14 days</p>	Here
	<p>The State of Emergency declaration provides the Western Australian Government, the WA Police Force and the Chief Health Officer with the powers and flexibility they need to enforce quarantine and self-isolation measures, as was agreed at the National Cabinet meeting between the Prime Minister, State Premiers and Chief Ministers.</p> <p>These nationally consistent measures include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anyone arriving into Western Australia from overseas needs to self-isolate for 14 days. • International cruise ships will also be banned from docking in Australia for at least 30 days • Non-essential, organised gatherings of more than 500 people can no longer go ahead. <p>*These measures do not include impacts to schools, universities, public transport or airports.</p>	Here
20 Mar 2020	<p>Mass gatherings directions (No 2)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A person who owns, controls or operates premises in the State of Western Australia must not allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises A person must not organise a mass gathering on premises in the State of Western Australia A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in the State of Western Australia 	Here

	<p>Mass gathering is defined to mean:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Any outdoor gathering in a single undivided space for 500 or more people b) Any indoor gathering in a single undivided space for 100 or more people c) Any gathering of 2 or more people where there is not at last 4 square metres for each person at the gathering 	
22 Mar 2020	<p>Self-quarantine and isolation (tested, close contact and appearance of symptoms) Directions</p> <p>Direction requiring that any individual who is tested for COVID-19 or is a close contact of a person who has been tested, must immediately self-quarantine.</p> <p>Revoked by this direction</p>	Here
23 Mar 2020	<p>Closure of Certain Places of Business, Worship and Entertainment Directions</p> <p>Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public for a period commencing at 12 noon on 23 March and ending at midnight on 13 April 2020.</p> <p>Affected place includes: business characterised as a pub, bar or club that supplies alcohol under licence granted under the <i>Liquor Control Act 1988 (WA)</i>, but not including bottle shops; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, but not to extent it provides accommodation or takeaway, or any part that constitutes a bottle shop; a gym; an indoor sporting centre; a casino; a cinema or nightclub; an entertainment venue of any other kind; a restaurant or cafe, other than takeaway; a place of worship, other than for wedding or funeral.</p> <p>Revoked on 7 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 7 Apr.</p>	Here
	<p>Declaration (No 2)</p> <p>Public Health State of Emergency declared from 23 Mar to 29 Mar</p>	Here
24 Mar 2020	<p>Border closure</p> <p>From 1:30pm, WA will implement strict border controls for all access points. Unless exempt, all arrivals including interstate will be ordered to self-isolate for 14 days.</p> <p>Revoked on 5 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 5 Apr.</p>	Here Here
25 Mar 2020	<p>Rottneest Island Closure Direction</p> <p>Direction that only permanent residents are allowed to enter and remain on Rottneest Island, except for limited exceptions including provision of medical or emergency services or law enforcement</p>	Here
	<p>Closure of Certain Places of Business, Worship and Entertainment Directions (No 2)</p> <p>Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public for a period commencing at the beginning of the day after the day these directions are made and ending at midnight on 13 April 2020.</p> <p>Affected place defined as: auction house, beauty parlour, nail salon, tattoo parlour, spa, massage parlour, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre, community/recreation/youth centre or facility, health/fitness club, sauna, bathhouse, boot camp, swimming pool, gallery, museum, historic site, library, and local government non-essential services</p> <p>Revoked on 7 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 7 Apr.</p>	Here
26 Mar 2020	<p>Preventative Restriction of Activities Directions</p>	Here

28 Mar 2020	<p>A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend an affected activity.</p> <p>Affected activity defined as: real estate auction, open house, beauty therapy services, personal training except where <10 people, gathering of 2+ people who do not ordinarily reside at same premises, for purposes of sporting activity,</p>	
	<p>Self-quarantine following overseas travel directions (No 2)</p> <p>A person arriving in WA from overseas, or on a connecting flight from overseas, must wait at the airport for a quarantine direction from a relevant officer. They must travel to a quarantine centre and stay there for 14 days.</p> <p>Revoked on 5 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 5 Apr.</p>	Here
30 Mar 2020	<p>Extension of Declaration (No 2) of Public Health State of Emergency</p> <p>Extended for period of 14 days</p>	Here
	<p>Limits on public gatherings for coronavirus (COVID-19)</p> <p>WA government announces that it will be introducing stage 3 restrictions, to have effect from 31 Mar.</p> <p>These rules will enforce the new limit on indoor and outdoor non-essential gatherings of 2 people. It will also encompass the current advice, which is to stay home unless going to work or education, if unable to stay at home; shopping for essential suppliers such as groceries; going out for personal exercise alone or with one other; or attending medical appointments or compassionate visits.</p> <p>More details to come</p>	Here
	<p>Self-quarantine following overseas travel directions (No 3)</p> <p>All persons arriving in WA from overseas will be given a quarantine direction from a relevant officer, and will be required to travel directly to a quarantine centre as instructed by the relevant officer and remain there for 14 days following arrival.</p> <p>Revoked on 5 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 5 Apr.</p>	Here
	<p>Preventative Restriction of Activities Directions (No 2)</p> <p>A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend an affected activity.</p> <p>Affected activity defined as: real estate auction, open house inspection, beauty therapy services, personal training (if >2 people), wedding (if >5 people), funeral (if >10 people or not immediate family).</p> <p>Revoked on 7 Apr (here). Replacement direction issued on 7 Apr.</p>	Here
	<p>Closure of Certain Places of Business, Worship and Entertainment Directions (No 3)</p> <p>In addition to Direction (No 1) and Direction (No 2), every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public for the period commencing at the beginning of the day after the day these directions are made and ending at midnight on 13 Apr. The existing directions are modified or clarified in respect of a modified affected place.</p> <p>Affected place defined to mean: playgrounds, slide parks and outdoor gyms.</p> <p>Modified affected place modifies definition in previous directions to exclude live streaming from an entertainment venue by no more than 2 people provided the place remains closed to the public</p>	Here

31 Mar
2020

Revoked on 7 Apr ([here](#)). Replacement direction issued on 7 Apr.

Prohibited Gatherings Directions

Directions that:

- a) A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises;
- b) A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA

Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of more than 2 persons in a single undivided indoor space or single undivided outdoor space that is a public place at the same time, or a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor space or a single undivided outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 4 sq m of space per person.

Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household; or other exemption specified by Chief Health Officer.

Revoked on 7 Apr ([here](#)). Replacement direction issued on 7 Apr.

[Here](#)

Emergency Management Amendment (COVID-19 Response) Bill 2020

Provides greater power to authorised officers during the COVID-19 pandemic. The main amendment was to give them the option to electronically monitor someone under a quarantine direction to ensure compliance.

Amendments incorporated into *Emergency Management Act 2005* ([here](#))

[Here](#)

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for period of 14 days

[Here](#)

5 Apr
2020

Quarantine (Closing the Border) Directions

Order preventing the entry of any traveller except an exempt traveller into WA, except if that exempt traveller has symptoms, has received oral or written notice from a responsible officer that they are a close contact, are awaiting test results, or has received a positive test result for COVID-19.

Exempt traveller is defined to include the following:

- a) National and State security and governance: senior Government official, active military personnel, member of Cth parliament and accompanying staff members, person carrying out functions under a Cth law; Premier of WA and accompanying staff members
- b) Health services: a person who enters WA at request of Chief Health Officer or Director General of Department of Health, or delegate of any of those officers, to assist in the provision of health services in Western Australia;
- c) Transport, freight and logistics: any person, except for airline/maritime crew member, who is responsible for provision of transport or freight or logistics services into/out of WA, provided only for as long as is reasonably required to perform those duties;
- d) Specialist skills not available in WA: required for business or industry continuity and maintenance of competitive operation, or any person who is responsible for critical maintenance or repair of infrastructure critical to a region of, or to, WA, or a person who is employed or engaged in agriculture, food production or primary industry and is required to be physical present in WA;

[Here](#)

- e) FIFO: provided subject to strict quarantine conditions and complete 14 day self-isolation in location agreed with State Emergency Coordinator or someone authorised by them
- f) Emergency service workers: includes fire fighter, paramedic, ambulance officer, police officer or member of the State Emergency Service;
- g) Court/tribunal/commission: any judicial officer or staff member of a Court/tribunal/commission who enters WA for related purposes
- h) Entry approved on compassionate grounds, to comply with a Court order or on a residential facility ground
- i) Persons otherwise approved on any other grounds, including other compassionate grounds

Amendment Directions issued on [7 Jul](#), [9 Jul](#) and [20 Jul](#)

COVID Testing Reporting Directions

Direction requiring the reporting by all responsible pathologists to the Chief Health Officer of the details of each analysis involving testing for COVID-19 in the approved form as soon as practicable, and in any event within 24 hours of the performance of the analysis, and the details of each analysis involving testing for COVID-19 which was performed on and from 13 Mar until these directions came into effect in the approved form as soon as practicable, and in any event within 72 hours of these directions.

[Here](#)

Closure and Restriction (Limit the Spread) Directions

Directions that:

- a) A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises;
- b) A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA

Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of more than 2 persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space that is a public place at the same time, or a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 4 sq m of space per person.

Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household, or place of worship/entertainment venue for purposes of streaming or broadcasting, at an affected place if it must remain open and the gathering is necessary; or specified in writing from the Chief Health Officer as exempt.

A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend a prohibited activity.

Prohibited activity defined as: real estate auction, open house, beauty therapy services, personal training except where <2 people, wedding except where <5 people, funeral except where <10 people or approved by Chief Health Officer.

Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public while this direction remains in effect.

Affected place defined as: pub/bar or club except for bottle shop; hotel except for accommodation and bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; casino; cinema/nightclub; entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant or cafe except for takeaway; place of worship; auction house, beauty parlour, nail salon, tattoo parlour, spa, massage parlour, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre,

[Here](#)

7 Apr
2020

community/recreation/youth centre or facility, health/fitness club, sauna, bathhouse, wellness centre; boot camp, swimming pool, gallery, museum, historic site, library, and local government non-essential services; playground; skate park; outdoor gym; any part of roadhouse selling food/drink except for takeaway or to commercial drivers/homeless.

12 Apr
2020

Extension of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days

[Here](#)

14 Apr
2020

New laws to provide support for commercial and residential tenancies

The [Commercial Tenancies \(COVID-19 Response\) Bill 2020](#) will introduce a moratorium on evictions for small commercial tenancies and provide a range of other measures to offer support for tenants in response to COVID-19, including the introduction of a code of conduct for landlords and tenants.

This Bill sets out various prohibited actions in relation to small commercial leases, including:

- a) eviction of the tenant from the land or premises that are the subject of the small commercial lease;
- b) exercising a right of re-entry to the land or premises that are the subject of the small commercial lease;
- c) possession;
- d) recovery of land;
- e) distraint of goods;
- f) forfeiture;
- g) termination of the small commercial lease;
- h) damages;
- i) requiring a payment of interest on unpaid rent or on any other unpaid amount of money payable by the tenant to the landlord under the small commercial lease (including, without limitation, operating expenses);
- j) recovery of the whole or part of any security for the performance of the tenant's obligations under the small commercial lease (including, without limitation, a security bond);
- k) performance of obligations by the tenant or any other person under a guarantee given in respect of the small commercial lease (including, without limitation, making a demand on a bank guarantee);
- l) any other remedy otherwise available to the landlord against the tenant at common law or under a written law

Also proposed was the [Commercial Tenancies \(COVID-19 Response \(Early Termination\)\) Bill 2020](#) to address tenants in severe financial stress due to COVID-19 who seek early termination of their commercial leases.

[Commercial Tenancies \(COVID-19 Response\) Act 2020](#) assented to on 23 Apr 2020

Bill agreed to by the Legislative Council, with minor *amendments* listed in [this message](#)

[Commercial Tenancies \(COVID-19 Response\) Regulations 2020](#) published on 30 May 2020 with some further details around requesting and giving rent relief and payment of outgoings.

In addition to providing legislation for commercial tenancies, the State Government has acted swiftly to prepare further measures that are necessary to alleviate the impact of the pandemic on residential tenants and landlords.

The [Residential Tenancies \(COVID-19 Response\) Bill 2020](#) will introduce:

- a) a moratorium on eviction for six months except in limited circumstances including, for example: if a tenant is causing serious damage to the property or injury to the landlord or a person in adjacent premises; the landlord or tenant is experiencing undue hardship; a tenant is experiencing family violence and the perpetrator needs to be evicted; the tenant abandons the premises; or the agreement is frustrated;

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

	<p>b) a prohibition on rent increases during the emergency period;</p> <p>c) that any fixed term tenancy agreement due to expire during the emergency period will continue as a periodic agreement;</p> <p>d) relieving lessors of the obligation to conduct ordinary repairs if the reason they cannot do so is COVID-19 related financial hardship or a lawful restriction on movement; and</p> <p>e) enabling a tenant to end a fixed term tenancy prior to its end date without incurring break lease fees (tenants will still be liable for damage and rent arrears).</p> <p>Bill agreed to by the Legislative Council, with amendments listed in this message</p> <p>Residential Tenancies (COVID-19 Response) Act 2020 assented to on 23 Apr 2020, new version issued on 9 Jul.</p>	
15 Apr 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency Declaration</p> <p>Extended for a period of 14 days</p>	Here
	<p>Pay-roll Tax Relief (COVID-19 Response) Bill 2020</p> <p>Bill proposed to supplement the <i>Pay-roll Tax Act</i> and <i>Pay-roll Tax Assessment Act</i> to assist businesses by making certain portions of wages exempt from pay-roll tax during the emergency period.</p> <p>Payroll Tax Relief (COVID-19 Response) Act 2020 assented to on 20 Apr</p>	Here
17 Apr 2020	<p>Notice of Exemption from Planning Requirements during State of Emergency</p> <p>Notice from the Minister for Planning containing a schedule of exemptions from local planning schemes to help manage the effect of COVID-19 on WA businesses (starts at p22 of Gazette)</p>	Here
24 Apr 2020	<p>Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration</p> <p>Extended for a period of 14 days.</p>	Here
26 Apr 2020	<p>Closure and Restriction (Limit the Spread) (No 2) Directions</p> <p>Directions that:</p> <p>a) A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises;</p> <p>b) A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA;</p> <p>c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA</p> <p>Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of more than 10 persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space that is a public place at the same time, or a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 4 sq m of space per person.</p> <p>Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household, or place of worship/entertainment venue for purposes of streaming or broadcasting, at an affected place if it must remain open and the gathering is necessary; in a motor vehicle, or specified in writing from the Chief Health Officer as exempt.</p> <p>A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend a prohibited activity.</p> <p>Prohibited activity defined as: real estate auction, open house, beauty therapy services, personal training except where <10 people, wedding except where <10 people, funeral except</p>	Here

	<p>where <10 people, sporting activity where people normally come into contact with each other or if >10 people, or approved by Chief Health Officer.</p> <p>Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public while this direction remains in effect.</p> <p>Affected place defined as: pub/bar or club except for bottle shop; hotel except for accommodation and bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; casino; cinema/nightclub; entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant or cafe except for takeaway; place of worship; auction house, beauty parlour, nail salon, tattoo parlour, spa, massage parlour, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre, community/recreation/youth centre or facility, health/fitness club, sauna, bathhouse, wellness centre; boot camp (except for outdoor PT sessions with <10 people), swimming pool, gallery, museum, historic site, library, and local government non-essential services; playground; skate park; outdoor gym; any part of roadhouse selling food/drink except for takeaway or to commercial drivers/homeless.</p>	
30 Apr 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency Declaration</p> <p>Extended for a period of 14 days</p>	Here
7 May 2020	<p>Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration</p> <p>Extended for a period of 14 days.</p>	Here
9 May 2020	<p>Isolation (Diagnosed) Directions</p> <p>Person who receives a positive test result or is otherwise informed that they have been diagnosed with COVID is required to isolate at a specified premises until they are told that they no longer need to isolate</p>	Here
14 May 2020	<p>Extension of State of Emergency Declaration</p> <p>Extended for a period of 14 days</p>	Here
17 May 2020	<p>Closure and Restriction (Limit the Spread) (No 3) Directions</p> <p>Directions that:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises; A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA; A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA <p>Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of more than 20 persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space that is a public place at the same time, or a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 4 sq m of space per person.</p> <p>Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household, at an affected place to the extent it can remain open and the gathering is necessary; at a drive-in cinema in a motor vehicle, in a motor vehicle, or specified in writing from the Chief Health Officer as exempt.</p> <p>A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend a prohibited activity.</p>	Here

Prohibited activity defined as: real estate auction, open house except for <20 persons, beauty therapy services except for hairdressing and barbering with <20 persons and 4 sq m per person, personal training except where <20 people without shared equipment or contact, wedding except where <20 people indoors or 30 people outdoors, funeral except where <20 people indoors or 30 people outdoors, or funeral approved by someone with authority, sporting activity where people normally come into contact with each other or if >20 people.

Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public while this direction remains in effect, except to the extent (if at all) the affected place is permitted by these directions (and if so, must comply with all requirements applicable to that affected place)

Affected place defined as: pub/bar or club except for bottle shop; hotel except for accommodation, bottle shop, meal service to <20 patrons; gym; indoor sporting centre, wellness centre, health club or fitness centre except re above with <20 people; casino; cinema/nightclub except for drive in cinema; entertainment venue of any kind (except for live streaming); restaurant or cafe except for takeaway and meal service to <20 patrons; place of worship other than for wedding or funeral or authorised purpose with <20 patrons; auction house, beauty parlour other than hairdresser/barbershop and remaining open to sell goods for use off-premises, nail salon except for selling goods for use off-premises, tattoo parlour except for selling goods for use off-premises, spa except for selling goods for use off-premises, massage parlour except for selling goods for use off-premises, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre, community/recreation/youth centre or facility except for <20 patrons, sauna, bathhouse, wellness centre; boot camp (except for outdoor PT sessions with <10 people), swimming pool except for <20 patrons; gallery, museum, historic site (except for the purposes of live streaming); library except for <20 patrons; playground; skate park; outdoor gym.

21 May
2020

Planning and Development Amendment Bill 2020

Bill proposed to amend the *Planning and Development Act 2005*, in order to achieve two principal aims of:

- a) providing an urgent response to the COVID pandemic, as it relates to planning and development impacted by the pandemic, by facilitating development, removing regulatory roadblocks to development, refocusing planning, enhancing how development contribution funds are used for community benefit and providing a more robust planning environment; and
- b) implementing a comprehensive series of public, stakeholder and specialist review of the planning system, carried out over the last seven-plus years, to create a better planning system.

[Here](#)

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

28 May
2020

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days

[Here](#)

3 Jun
2020

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

5 Jun
2020

Closure and Restriction (Limit the Spread) (No 4) Directions

Directions that:

- a) A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises;
- b) A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA

[Here](#)

Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of more than 100 persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space that is a public place at the same time, or a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 2 sq m of space per person.

Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household, at an affected place to the extent it can remain open and the gathering is necessary; at a formerly affected place, in a motor vehicle, at an auction held outdoors, or specified in writing from the Chief Health Officer as exempt.

A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend a prohibited activity.

Prohibited activity defined as: real estate auction, open house except for <100 persons, beauty therapy services except where distance of 1.5m is kept, wedding except where <100 people indoors or 300 people outdoors, funeral except where <100 people indoors or 300 people outdoors, or funeral approved by someone with authority

Every owner, occupier or person in charge of a formerly affected place must only open that place to the public if: the place is a playground, skate park or outdoor gym, or the re-opening requirements have been complied with, including preparation of a safety plan.

Every owner, occupier or person apparently in charge of an affected place must close that place to the public while this direction remains in effect, except to the extent (if at all) the affected place is permitted by these directions (and if so, must comply with all requirements applicable to that affected place)

Affected place defined as: casino; nightclub except to the extent that there are no more than 300 people, and no more than 100 people in single undivided space.

Formerly affected place: pub/bar or club except for bottle shop; hotel except for accommodation, bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre, wellness centre, health club or fitness centre; cinema, including drive in cinema; entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant or cafe; place of worship; auction house, beauty parlour other than hairdresser/barbershop, nail salon, tattoo parlour, spa, massage parlour, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre, community/recreation/youth centre or facility, sauna, bathhouse, swimming pool; gallery, museum, historic site; library; playground; skate park; outdoor gym, or Perth Zoo.

**9 Jun
2020**

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 11 Jun

[Here](#)

**17 Jun
2020**

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

**24 Jun
2020**

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 25 Jun

[Here](#)

**26 Jun
2020**

Closure and Restriction (Limit the Spread) (No 5) Directions

Directions that:

- a) A person who owns, controls or operates premises in WA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur on the premises;

[Here](#)

- b) A person must not organise a prohibited gathering on premises in WA;
c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering on premises in WA

Prohibited gathering defined as a gathering of 2 or more persons in a single undivided indoor or outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 2 sq m of space per person.

Exceptions include: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; disability/aged care facility; for purposes of provided care/assistance to vulnerable person or emergency assistance; purposes of emergency services; prison or other place of custody; Parliament; Court/tribunal; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site/other place of work; educational institution or childcare facility; accommodation facility; outdoor or indoor space for purposes of transiting through; indoor space where everyone is a member of the same household, at an affected place to the extent it can remain open and the gathering is necessary; at a formerly affected place, in a motor vehicle, at an auction held outdoors, or specified in writing from the Chief Health Officer as exempt.

A person must refrain from undertaking or engaging in, must not organise, and must not attend a prohibited activity.

Prohibited activity defined as: music festival or beauty therapy services, including but not limited to tanning, waxing, massages, nail services, tattooing and piercing, hairdressing and barbering except where a distance of 1.5m is kept btm each person providing service and each customer.

Every owner, occupier or person in charge of a formerly affected place must only open that place to the public if: the place is a playground, skate park or outdoor gym, or the re-opening requirements have been complied with, including preparation of a safety plan.

Affected place defined as: casino; nightclub except to the extent that there are no more than 300 people, and no more than 100 people in single undivided space.

Formerly affected place: pub/bar or club except for bottle shop; hotel except for accommodation, bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre, wellness centre, health club or fitness centre; cinema, including drive in cinema; entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant or cafe; place of worship; auction house, beauty parlour other than hairdresser/barbershop, nail salon, tattoo parlour, spa, massage parlour, gaming or gambling venue, amusement park or arcade, indoor/outdoor play centre, community/recreation/youth centre or facility, sauna, bathhouse, swimming pool; gallery, museum, historic site; library; playground; skate park; outdoor gym, Perth Zoo, casino, nightclub.

**30 Jun
2020**

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

8 Jul 2020

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 9 Jul

[Here](#)

**14 Jul
2020**

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

**22 Jul
2020**

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 23 Jul

[Here](#)

**27 Jul
2020**

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 27 Jul

[Here](#)

**5 Aug
2020**

Extension of State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days to 20 Aug

[Here](#)

**7 Aug
2020**

Extension of Duration of Public Health State of Emergency Declaration

Extended for a period of 14 days from 7 Aug

[Here](#)

Tasmanian Government

Date	Description	Link
<p>15 Mar 2020</p>	<p>Additional measures to ensure the safety and wellbeing of Tasmanians</p> <p>From Monday non-essential static gatherings of more than 500 people should not occur as a precaution to ensure we can manage the transmission of this virus in the most effective way possible.</p> <p>This measure will not include schools, universities or workplaces, however the principle of social distancing should still apply in these settings. For example, non-essential assemblies and lectures housing more than 500 students in schools should be avoided.</p> <p>The type of static event that will be captured by these measures will be, for example, events that have more than 500 people attending such as football games, where people are seated closely together, or a seated concert performance.</p> <p>However, fairs, festivals and markets that have people moving through them, and attending at disparate times throughout the event, are not considered static events and can continue. This means large markets, like Salamanca or Harvest markets, would likely be considered non-static events.</p> <p>It has been agreed by all jurisdictions the new border policy of self-isolation, and the restrictions on non-essential gatherings of more than 500 people, will be mandated with powers available under our Public Health Act and other emergency management legislation as appropriate, used to apply this new policy.</p> <p>I urge Tasmanians to be aware of social distancing as an effective way to slow the transmission of the virus and encourage people to be mindful of the 1.5 metre rule, and the need to limit physical contact through handshakes, hugs or kisses, whilst interacting in public.</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>17 Mar 2020</p>	<p>Public Health Emergency declared</p> <p>Non-essential static gatherings of more than 500 people banned. There are a number of exceptions.</p> <p>Schools can still function, transport system can still function and fairs, festivals and markets that have people moving through them and attend at different times during the day can still be held. However the principle of social distancing should still apply in these settings.</p> <p>Tasmanian schools are currently adopting social distancing measures, requiring the cancellation of assemblies, excursions, travel, some events and conferences. Schools being kept open at the moment based on expert medical advice whilst at the same time putting in place distance education and other support services should this change.</p> <p>All international travel banned for public sector workforce until further notice unless approved under exceptional circumstances. Official domestic travel will only be undertaken if it is absolutely essential.</p> <p>On Sunday following the National Cabinet meeting, the Prime Minister announced that all visitors to Australia including Australians returning from overseas will have to self-isolate for 14 days. The Tasmanian Government strongly supports this decision. To enable the Tasmanian Government to understand who those people are when required to self-isolate, as from today the new Tasmania Arrivals Card (TAC) has been introduced which people</p>	<p>Here</p> <p>Here</p>

	<p>will be required to fill out when they enter Tasmania from an international destination. It will be an offence to not comply and penalties will be imposed for those that don't.</p> <p>Declaration of State of Emergency to last for 12 weeks</p>	
18 Mar 2020	<p>Direction of Director of Public Health</p> <p>All non-essential indoor gatherings of more than 100 people, including staff, are no longer permitted</p>	Here
19 Mar 2020	<p>Border protection measures</p> <p>From Friday 20 Mar, all non-essential travellers departing for Tasmania will be required to quarantine for 14 days.</p> <p>Exceptions allowed for essential travel including health care workers, emergency workers, defence personnel, air and ship crew, specialists, and essential freight personnel</p>	Here Here
20 Mar 2020	<p>Additional measures for indoor venues</p> <p>Premier announced additional risk mitigation measures for non-essential indoor gatherings of fewer than 100 people including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In a given occupied space, there must be a density of no more than one person per four square metres of floor space. The four square metre arrangements for venues will come into effect from 20 March 2020 and will be mandated through state and territory regulatory arrangements. • For example, there can be 25 people in a 100 square metre room, who should maintain a physical healthy distance between each other of 1.5 metres. • Hand hygiene products and suitable waste receptacles must be made available, with frequent cleaning and waste disposal taking place. • The Department of Health recommendations for unwell individuals to isolate at home must be promoted. • For example, cinemas and theatres will decrease density of patrons, which could include alternate seating, staggered seating and alternate rows, except for family groups who may be seated together. • Seated restaurants may need to undertake a capacity reduction in order to meet the above density requirements. <p>The decision to introduce these measures were not taken lightly and are being implemented to help better protect Tasmanians.</p>	Here
23 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health Direction</p> <p>Each person who owns, controls or operates the following premises in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, from midday on 23 March 2020 to midday on 22 April 2020:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption at those premises (including pubs, registered and licensed clubs and hotels) other than such part of those premises lawfully operated – <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. to provide alcohol for consumption at another location than the premises; or B. to provide accommodation; II. all gymnasiums, indoor venues used for sports or fitness, indoor play grounds and centres, and other similar premises or venues; III. all cinemas, theatres, entertainment venues, casinos, dance venues, night clubs and other similar premises; IV. all restaurants and cafes, other than such part of those restaurants and cafes lawfully operated to provide food or drinks to be consumed at another location than the premises; V. all religious gatherings, places of worship and religious ceremonies, other than funerals on premises where the gathering – 	Here

	<p>A. is less than 12 people; and B. complies with paragraph (b)(iii)(A)</p> <p>Additionally, Direction reiterates the rules around the prohibiting of mass gatherings, lengthening the ban to 22 April.</p>	
24 Mar 2020	<p>Declaration extending Public Health Emergency</p> <p>For a further period from 24 Mar to 31 Mar</p>	Here
25 Mar 2020	<p>Additional coronavirus management measures</p> <p>Premier announced additional restrictions agreed to by the National Cabinet for the closure of further non-essential businesses including all table service at cafes and food courts, all markets except for food markets, auction houses, auctions and open houses, beauty and personal care services except for hairdressers, entertainment venues, community and recreation centres, outdoor recreation centres, non-residential institutions, and places of worship (max of 5 people for weddings and 10 for funerals)</p>	Here
	<p>COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2020</p> <p>Bill proposed to assist Tasmanians respond to COVID-19 pandemic, including protections offered to commercial tenants to prevent rent increases or termination of leases, and providing limited circumstances when an owner or tenant of residential premises may apply to have a fixed lease terminated due to financial hardship.</p> <p>COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 received royal assent on 27 March (here)</p>	Here
27 Mar 2020	<p>Direction under section 16 (Isolation)</p> <p>If a person tests positive for COVID-19 while in Tasmania, they must travel directly to a suitable premises to reside in until they are given a release from isolation by a relevant officer, for meeting the criteria for discharge from isolation under the relevant guidelines from the Department of Health. Any other person residing with that patient must also remain isolated at those same premises for 14 days after the release from isolation is given.</p>	Here
	<p>Direction under section 16 (closure of certain businesses or undertakings)</p> <p>Each person who owns, controls or operates a premises specified in schedule 1 to this Direction, or provides a service specified in schedule 2, must not open or operate the premises or provide that service;</p> <p>Each person who owns, controls or operates a premises in Tasmania must not allow the following mass gatherings to occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) gathering of 500+ people in single undivided outdoor space; b) gathering of 100+ people in single, undivided indoor space; c) gathering of <100 people, unless there is at least 4 square metres of space per person <p>person must also not organise or attend a mass gathering as defined.</p> <p>Limited exceptions are provided for some gatherings, as in other states.</p> <p>Schedule 1 includes the following: all restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens unless for consumption off premises, all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises other than parts which are lawfully operated providing for consumption off premises, accommodation centres except for workers and residents, residential rehab centres except for workers and residents, places of worship, except to perform weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people, cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other</p>	

30 Mar
2020

similar premises, galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises, concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums stadiums and other similar premises unless for live streaming performance with <5 people, amusements parks, arcades, play centres, other similar premises, auction houses, spas and other similar premises, indoor/outdoor sporting centres, community centres and other similar premises, council premises, wildlife centres/zoos and other similar premises. Schedule 2 includes many services provided in relation to the above premises

Declaration under section 16

Each person who:

- a) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- b) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises, or provide that service, commencing from 31 Mar.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of 3+ people to occur in a single indoor or outdoor space.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all venues where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <5 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds, and other similar premises; auction houses; spas and massage parlours and other similar premises; indoor/outdoor swimming pools, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres or other similar premises; community/recreation/youth centres and other similar premises; premises owned or operated by council if not for essential voluntary or public service; zoos or other similar premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies, provision of beauty therapy, provision or hair and barber services except if social distancing is applied, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <3 people, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless outdoors and social distancing applies, or provision or social sports activities.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre for normal business, office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health.

Direction under Section 16

Person must remain in, or on, their primary residence unless leaving for: shopping for supplies or services that are lawfully operating, undertaking personal exercise, attending medical/health care appointments or treatment; visits to the vet; providing social care/support to another person as long as other directions complied with; attending school/study if unable to be performed at home; attending work/volunteering, if unable to be performed at home; performing essential maintenance/security inspections of another premises owned or

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

	occupied by that person; attending another location if they have a reasonable excuse in the opinion of the Director of Public Health	
31 Mar 2020	Declaration extending Public Health Emergency For a further period from 1 Apr to 7 Apr	Here
2 Apr 2020	Further business restrictions From 2 Apr, As of 6pm 3 Apr, additional restrictions on the operation of businesses and services will come into effect. The following will no longer be allowed to operate: food markets that are 'eat on premises', including mobile food vans or businesses operating at markets; garage sales; uBet petting shopfronts (TAB Agencies)	Here
3 Apr 2020	COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 – Notice under section 22 Premier declares that, despite any provisions of a lease, in relation to premises, that is a residential tenancy agreement to which the <i>Residential Tenancy Act 1997</i> applies: a) the lease may not be terminated within the emergency period if there is, in relation to the premises, a notice to vacate that is served within that period on the tenant in relation to the premises, except: a. if the lease was terminated by an order under s38A of the Act; or b. with the agreement of the tenant b) the lease may not be terminated within the emergency period if there is, in relation to the premises, a notice to vacate that is served, before the day on which this notice takes effect, on the tenant in relation to the lease and the tenant has not, before that day, delivered vacant possession of the premises to the landlord, except if a. the lease is not a fixed term lease, within the meaning of the Act; and b. the notice to vacate is served on the tenant because the premises are to be sold; c) the lease may not be terminated within the emergency period if there is, in relation to the premises, a notice to vacate, for the reasons referred to in s42(1)(a) of the Act, that is served on the tenant in relation to a failure of the tenant to comply with s52 of the Act This notice remains in effect for 90 days	Here Here
7 Apr 2020	Declaration of Public Health Emergency – COVID-19 Extending Declared Public Health Emergency until 13 Apr 2020	Here Here
	Direction under Section 16 Person must remain in, or on, their primary residence unless leaving for: shopping for supplies or services that are lawfully operating, undertaking personal exercise, attending medical/health care appointments or treatment; visits to the vet; providing social care/support to another person as long as other directions complied with; attending school/study if unable to be performed at home; attending work/volunteering, if unable to be performed at home; performing essential maintenance/security inspections of another premises owned or occupied by that person; launching a boat, if launched in municipal area where person's primary residence is located, attending another location if they have a reasonable excuse in the opinion of the Director of Public Health	Here
8 Apr 2020	Declaration under section 16 Each person who: c) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or	Here

d) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of 3+ people to occur in a single indoor or outdoor space.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and gatherings in public or at private premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all venues where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <5 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds, and other similar premises; auction houses; all premises where racing, gambling or gaming services are provided except for newsagencies; spas and massage parlours and other similar premises; indoor/outdoor swimming pools, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres or other similar premises; community/recreation/youth centres and other similar premises; premises owned or operated by council if not for essential voluntary or public service; zoos or other similar premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies, provision of beauty therapy, provision of hair and barber services except if social distancing is applied, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <3 people, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless outdoors and social distancing applies, provision of social sports activities, provision of garage sales.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where 3+ people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health, or where the operator has a social distancing policy approved by the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

Direction under Section 16

Specified class of persons arriving in Tasmania must monitor themselves for 14 days in case of symptoms. Specified persons include: National and state security/governance; health service workers; persons in transport/freight/logistics; those with specialist skills critical to maintaining key industries or businesses; paramedics and ambulance officers; other persons exempted by the Secretary of DPIPWE.

[Here](#)

Extension of Declaration of Public Health Emergency – COVID-19

Extending Declared Public Health Emergency until 20 Apr.

[Here](#)

COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act Notice under section 22

Declaration that:

(a) the premises, or the part of premises, to which the lease relates are being used (or were, at any time during the period from 1 February 2020 to the date of this notice, being used) by the tenant, wholly or predominantly for the carrying on of any business, trade or

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

9 Apr
2020

- profession, whether or not by a person for profit, by a charitable organisation or by a body of persons that is not predominantly established for the purpose of profit; and
- (b) the turnover, in a continuous one month period since 1 February 2020, in relation to the carrying on of any such business, trade or profession by the tenant, has reduced by more than 30% in at least one continuous one month period since 1 February 2020; and
 - (c) the turnover in relation to any such business, trade or profession carried on by the tenant for the period from 1 February 2019 to 31 January 2020 is not more than \$50 000 000
- then –
- (d) the lease in relation to the premises, or the part of premises, must not, within the emergency period, be terminated on the grounds that rent or any other moneys due and payable in relation to the premises, or the part of the premises, have not been paid; and
 - (e) the rent in relation to the premises, or the part of the premises, may not be increased other than by virtue of the rent increasing, under the lease, because the turnover in relation to any such business, trade or profession carried out by the tenant increases.

Payroll Tax (Pandemic) Order 2020

Order to limit the pressure on businesses during the emergency period by reducing payroll tax obligations in certain circumstances and for certain employers.

[Here](#)

Direction under Section 16 (Stay at Home)

Person must remain in, or on, their primary residence unless leaving for: shopping for supplies or services that are lawfully operating, undertaking personal exercise, attending medical/health care appointments or treatment; visits to the vet/providing reasonable measures for a pet within their care; providing social care/support to another person as long as other directions complied with; attending school/study if unable to be performed at home; attending work/volunteering, if unable to be performed at home; performing essential maintenance/security inspections of another premises owned or occupied by that person; launching a boat, if launched in municipal area where person's primary residence is located, attending another location if they have a reasonable excuse in the opinion of the Director of Public Health

[Here](#)

Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings)

Each person who:

- e) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- f) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of 3+ people to occur in a single indoor or outdoor space.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and gatherings in public or at private premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, strip clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <5 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds, and other similar premises; auction houses; all

[Here](#)

14 Apr
2020

premises where racing, gambling or gaming services are provided except for newsagencies; spas and massage parlours and other similar premises; indoor/outdoor swimming pools, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres or other similar premises; community/recreation/youth centres and other similar premises; premises owned or operated by council if not for essential voluntary or public service; zoos or other similar premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies, provision of beauty therapy, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <3 people, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless outdoors and social distancing applies, provision or social sports activities, provision of garage sales.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, providing support to person with disability, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where 3+ people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health, or where the operator has a social distancing policy approved by the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

17 Apr
2020

Section 15 Extension of Emergency Declaration

Extended for further 7 days til 27 Apr 2020

[Here](#)

Direction under Section 16 (Quarantine)

A person who has been notified that they are an identified contact by the Director of Public Health must travel directly to a suitable place and remain there for at least 14 days since last the Director last suspects they were exposed to COVID-19

[Here](#)

Direction under Section 16 (Isolation No 2)

If a person tests positive for COVID-19 while in Tasmania, they must travel directly to a suitable premises to reside in until at least 10 days have passed since they initially showed symptoms or at least 3 days have passed since they last showed symptoms (unless otherwise directed by Director of Public Health).

[Here](#)

23 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 – Notice under section 22

Declaration that:

- a) despite any provision of a lease that is a residential tenancy agreement to which the *Residential Tenancy Act* applies, rent payable under that agreement may not be increased under section 22 of that Act; and
- b) a notice to a tenant under section 20(1) of that Act is of no effect if the notice has been given to the tenant and the increase specified in the notice has not yet taken effect.

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24 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2020 – Notice under section 15

Declaration that a person does not commit an offence against the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993*, including an offence relating to the contravention of an existing planning permit issued, and in force, under that Act, in relation to an area of land, within the meaning of that Act, that is to be developed, or used, for the purposes of Hospital Services, medical centres or consulting rooms, as defined in the State Planning Provisions made under the Act, if the development, or use, of the land for such a purpose is necessary to effectively implement a requirement, direction or authorisation under the *Emergency Management Act 2006* or the *Public Health Act 1997*.

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<p>24 Apr 2020</p>	<p>Section 15 Extension of Emergency Declaration Extended for further 7 days until 11 May 2020</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>1 May 2020</p>	<p>Section 15 Extension of Emergency Declaration Extended for further 7 days until 11 May 2020</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>5 May 2020</p>	<p>COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act (No 2) 2020 Act proposing additional amendments, in regards to Legislative Council periodical elections 2020, functions of the Tasmanian Health Service, taxi operations, and registration of certain vehicles. Declaration made by Governor that Act to commence on 6 May</p>	<p>Here</p>
<p>9 May 2020</p>	<p>Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.</p> <p>Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings – No 8) Each person who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> g) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or h) provides a service specified in Sch 2 <p>in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service.</p> <p>Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of 3+ people to occur in a single indoor or outdoor space.</p> <p>Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and gatherings in public or at private premises.</p> <p>Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <20 people with COVID control measures or 10 people without; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <5 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, skate parks, playgrounds, and other similar premises; auction houses; all premises where racing, gambling or gaming services are provided except for newsagencies; spas and massage parlours and other similar premises; indoor/outdoor swimming pools, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres, indoor venues used for sport/fitness, saunas, bath houses, or other similar premises, except where used for physical rehab with registered health practitioner or someone with accreditation; community/recreation/youth centres, neighbourhood houses, libraries and other similar premises; premises owned or operated by council if not for essential voluntary or public service; zoos or other similar premises.</p> <p>Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies unless compliant with the above limits on attendees, provision of beauty therapy, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <3 people, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless outdoors and social distancing applies, provision or social sports activities, provision of garage sales.</p>	<p>Here</p>

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, providing support to person with disability, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where 3+ people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, at premises where services other than prohibited services are provided if necessary for the normal provision of those services; gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health, or where the operator has a social distancing policy approved by the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

Gathering does not include at private residence with people who are ordinarily members of that premises or up to two additional people not residents, or for purpose of renovations, delivery, or provision of medical/emergency/legal services.

Direction under Section 16 (Stay at Home – No 4)

Person must remain in, or on, their primary residence unless leaving for: shopping for supplies or services that are lawfully operating, undertaking personal exercise, attending medical/health care appointments or treatment; visits to the vet/providing reasonable measures for a pet within their care; providing social care/support to another person as long as other directions complied with; attending school/study if unable to be performed at home; attending work/volunteering, if unable to be performed at home; performing essential maintenance/security inspections of another premises owned or occupied by that person; launching a boat, if launched in municipal area where person's primary residence is located, attending another location if they have a reasonable excuse in the opinion of the Director of Public Health

[Here](#)

**15 May
2020**

Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania

Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

**17 May
2020**

Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings – No 9)

Each person who:

- i) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- j) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service, except as specified.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of >5 people at a residential premises or >10 persons at a non-residential indoor/outdoor space to occur.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and gatherings in public or at private premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens except for <10 persons or more than 4 sq m per person, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <10 people or funerals with <30 people (outdoor) or <20 people (indoor) or more than 4 sq m per person; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums,

[Here](#)

stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <10 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres, indoor venues used for sport/fitness, saunas, bath houses, or other similar premises, except where used for physical rehab with registered health practitioner or someone with accreditation, or therapy in a pool with <10 people; skate parks with <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person, playgrounds, and other similar premises; community/recreation/youth centres, neighbourhood houses, libraries and other similar premises except for library with <10 people; auction except for <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person; zoos or other similar premises; racing and gaming premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies unless compliant with the above limits on attendees, provision of beauty therapy, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless in accordance with above and social distancing applies, provision or social sports activities.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, providing support to person with disability, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where >10 people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, child/family centre; outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, at premises where services other than prohibited services are provided if necessary for the normal provision of those services; gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health, or where the operator has a social distancing policy approved by the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

Gathering does not include at private residence with people who are ordinarily members of that premises or up to five visitors, or for purpose of shared custody, renovations, delivery, or provision of medical/emergency/legal services.

Direction under Section 16 (Stay at Home – No 5)

Person must remain in, or on, their primary residence unless leaving for: shopping for supplies or services that are lawfully operating, attending a lawful gathering, undertaking personal exercise, attending medical/health care appointments or treatment; visits to the vet/providing reasonable measures for a pet within their care; attending school/study; attending work/volunteering, if unable to be performed at home; performing essential maintenance/security inspections of another premises owned or occupied by that person; launching a boat, if launched in municipal area where person's primary residence is located, attending another location if they have a reasonable excuse in the opinion of the Director of Public Health

Direction is revoked by further [direction](#) dated 5 Jun 2020

[Here](#)

**21 May
2020**

Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania

Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

**28 May
2020**

Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings – No 10)

Each person who:

- k) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- l) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service, except as specified.

[Here](#)

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of >5 people at a residential premises or >10 persons at a non-residential indoor/outdoor space to occur.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and whether public, commercial, retail or residential premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens except for <10 persons or more than 4 sq m per person, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <10 people or funerals with <30 people (outdoor) or <20 people (indoor) or more than 4 sq m per person; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises unless for live streaming with <10 people; amusement parks, arcades, play centres, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres, indoor venues used for sport/fitness, saunas, bath houses, or other similar premises, except where used for physical rehab with registered health practitioner or someone with accreditation, or therapy in a pool with <10 people; skate parks with <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person, playgrounds, and other similar premises; community/recreation/youth centres, neighbourhood houses, libraries and other similar premises except for library with <10 people; auction except for <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person; zoos or other similar premises; racing and gaming premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies unless compliant with the above limits on attendees, provision of beauty therapy, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <10 people or more than 4 sq m per person, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless in accordance with above and social distancing applies, provision or social sports activities.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, providing support to person with disability, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where >10 people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, child/family centre; outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, at premises where services other than prohibited services are provided if necessary for the normal provision of those services; gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health, or where the operator has a social distancing policy approved by the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

Person may enter and remain on premises that are not allowed to open or operate if they are an owner or operator, or an employee or contractor, or the owner, operator, employee or contractor and they are entering for the purposes of undertaking necessary tasks or maintenance, and the person remains on the premises for as long as necessary, and the person is necessary for the task.

Gathering does not include at private residence with people who are ordinarily members of that premises or up to five visitors, or for purpose of shared custody, renovations, delivery, or provision of medical/emergency/legal services.

3 Jun
2020

COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Commercial Leases) Act 2020

Act passed to enable appropriate apportioning, between parties to a protected lease, of the financial burden caused to the parties by, or relating to, the COVID pandemic.

[Here](#)

Under the Act, prohibited lessor actions are defined as doing, or attempting to do, the following: evicting the lessor from the premises; exercising a right of re-entry; recovering land; distraining goods; seeking forfeiture; seeking or recovering damages; requiring a payment of interest or any other fee or charge, on unpaid rent otherwise payable; recovering whole or part of a security bond, or bank guarantee, under or in relation to the lease; requiring the performance of obligations by the lessee, or any other person, pursuant to a guarantee, or indemnity, relating to the lessee's obligations under the lease; taking possession; terminating the lease; seeking or applying any other remedy

Lessor in relation to protected leases must not, during or after the financial hardship period, take, or continue, any prohibited lessor action in relation to the lease on the grounds of a breach of the lease during the financial hardship period consisting of a failure to pay rent, fees, levies, or charges; or a failure to meet criteria based on sales performance or another prescribed factor; or a failure to pay outgoings that are payable by the lessee to the lessor or another person; or the business operating under the lease not being open for business during the hours, or on the days, specified in the lease; or any other act or omission of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this subsection.

[Proclamation](#) made under Act that section 17 commences on 24 Jul. [Regulations](#) issued which included the following key changes:

- The prohibition on rent increases no longer applies to turnover rent.
- Parties to a protected lease may not request the other party to renegotiate the rent payable within 3 months of the end of a previous rent negotiation (unless otherwise agreed).
- If the tenant is required to pay a fixed amount in relation to statutory charges or insurance payable by the landlord, and those charges are reduced, the amount payable by the tenant must be reduced in a corresponding manner (unless otherwise agreed). There was previously no express entitlement to a reduction in outgoings.
- If a dispute between the parties to a protected lease arises, the parties must follow the mediation procedure under the Act and mediation under the Fair Trading (Code of Practice for Retail Tenancies) Regulations 1998 (Tas) may not occur.

5 Jun
2020

Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings – No 11)

Each person who:

- m) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- n) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service, except as specified.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of >10 people at a residential premises or >20 persons at a non-residential indoor/outdoor space to occur.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and whether public, commercial, retail or residential premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens except for <40 persons or more than 4 sq m per person, unless for purposes of takeaway or eg at a hospital; all premises where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, other than bottle shops; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers; residential rehab facilities; places of worship except for weddings with <40 people or funerals with <50 people; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other similar premises; galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises; concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises; amusement parks, arcades, play

[Here](#)

centres except for in some cases with <40 people, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres, indoor venues used for sport/fitness, saunas, bath houses, or other similar premises, playgrounds, and other similar premises; except for in some cases with <20 people; community/recreation/youth centres, neighbourhood houses, libraries and other similar premises except for library with <20 people; auction except for <20 people or more than 4 sq m per person; zoos or other similar premises; racing and gaming premises.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies unless compliant with the above limits on attendees, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <20 people or more than 4 sq m per person, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless in accordance with above and social distancing applies, provision or social sports activities.

Specific exemptions included: airport, public transport, private vehicle, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where >20 people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, child/family centre; outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, at premises where lawful services other than prohibited services are provided if necessary for the normal provision of those services; gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health

Person may enter and remain on premises that are not allowed to open or operate if they are an owner or operator, or an employee or contractor, or the owner, operator, employee or contractor and they are entering for the purposes of undertaking necessary tasks or maintenance, and the person remains on the premises for as long as necessary, and the person is necessary for the task.

Gathering does not include at private residence with people who are ordinarily members of that premises or up to five visitors, or for purpose of shared custody, renovations, delivery, or provision of medical/emergency/legal services.

Revocation of Direction under Section 16

Stay at Home Direction dated 17 May is revoked.

[Here](#)

Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania

Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.

[Here](#)

**6 Jun
2020**

Section 15 Extension of Emergency Declaration

Extended for further 12 weeks commencing on 8 Jun.

[Here](#)

**11 Jun
2020**

Extension of Declaration of State of Emergency

For a period of 4 weeks

[Here](#)

**14 Jun
2020**

Direction under Section 16 (Workplace COVID Plan)

Each person conducting a business or undertaking must implement measures in respect of the business or undertaking, or the workplace where the business or undertaking occurs, to address:

- a) that social distancing of 1.5m between persons is observed or, if not practicable to maintain, other procedures to minimise the risk of contracting or spreading COVID;
- b) that the total number of persons in a single undivided indoor space at any one time does not exceed 1 person per 4 sq m unless the density limit changes by other direction or the Director of Public Health or their delegate has authorised a different limit;

[Here](#)

- c) that information, recommendations, directions and guidance materials that are relevant to the business are reviewed reasonably often to ensure that measures are appropriate;
- d) that the workplace is cleaned and, if needed, disinfected;
- e) that appropriate hygiene measures are observed;
- f) that all supplies are provided to clean and disinfect the workplace, and observe appropriate hygiene;
- g) that training is provided re the above to workers and those entering the premises;
- h) that entry is managed and controlled where a person is suspected of having COVID;
- i) that a record is kept that would assist in notifying persons who enter and leave for the purposes of any potential exposure.

17 Jun
2020

Declaration under section 16 (Gatherings – No 12)

Each person who:

- o) owns, controls or operates a premises specified in Sch 1, including each outdoor space associated with the premises, or
- p) provides a service specified in Sch 2

in Tasmania must not open or operate the premises or provide that service, except as specified.

Each person who owns, controls or operates premises in Tasmania must not allow gatherings of >20 people at a residential premises or >80 persons at a non-residential indoor/outdoor space to occur.

Person must not organise or attend a gathering as specified above. This includes formal and informal gatherings, and whether public, commercial, retail or residential premises.

Sch 1 lists the following premises: restaurants, cafes, food courts and workplace canteens and premises such as pubs/bars where alcohol is sold for consumption on premises, except for <80 persons or more than 4 sq m per person, or for purposes of takeaway/bottle shop or eg at a hospital; all hotels, motels, hostels, B&Bs, boarding houses, caravan parks, campsites, camping areas, homeless accommodation and other similar premises except for residents and workers or <80 persons in common areas; places of worship except for <80 people; cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos, gaming or other gambling venues, dance venues, night clubs, or other similar premises, galleries, museums, national institutions, historic sites and other similar premises, concert venues, theatres, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other similar premises, amusement parks, arcades, play centres – all except for <80 people (excluding venues like nightclubs); gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, wellness centres, indoor venues used for sport/fitness, saunas, bath houses, or other similar premises, playgrounds, and other similar premises; except for in some cases with <20 people in each room and <80 people in each enclosed building; community/recreation/youth centres, neighbourhood houses, libraries and other similar premises – all except for library with <80 people; auction except for <80 people or more than 4 sq m per person; zoos or other similar premises except for with <80 people.

Sch 2 lists the following services: religious gatherings, wedding or funeral ceremonies unless compliant with the above limits on attendees, real estate auctions and open home inspections unless <80 people or more than 4 sq m per person, provision of markets unless for food, provision of boot camps/PT etc unless in accordance with above and social distancing applies, provision of social sports activities except if Level B activity under the AIS guidelines and, if indoors, <20 people.

Specific exemptions included: airport, private vehicle, premises used for public/commercial transportation, large passenger vehicle, ferry service, medical or health facility, emergency services, disability or aged care facility, correctional facility, Court or tribunal, Parliament, supermarket, grocery store, retail store for normal business, shopping centre but only where >80 people may be present for purposes of transiting through; office building, factory, mining or construction site, educational institution, child/family centre; outdoor space for purposes of transit, veterinary establishment, commercial premises, at premises where lawful services

[Here](#)

	<p>other than prohibited services are provided if necessary for the normal provision of those services; gathering specified as exempt by direction of the Director or Deputy Director of Public Health</p> <p>Person may enter and remain on premises that are not allowed to open or operate if they are an owner or operator, or an employee or contractor, or the owner, operator, employee or contractor and they are entering for the purposes of undertaking necessary tasks or maintenance, and the person remains on the premises for as long as necessary, and the person is necessary for the task.</p> <p>Gathering does not include at private residence with people who are ordinarily members of that premises or up to five visitors, or for purpose of renovations, or delivery or provision of medical/emergency services.</p>	
26 Jun 2020	<p>Direction under Section 16 (Management of premises)</p> <p><u>Residential premises</u>: 20 guests allowed, in addition to those ordinarily resident at premises.</p> <p><u>Premises specified in schedule 1</u>: person who owns or operates one of these premises must ensure that the total number of people does not exceed the number lawfully permitted on the premises under the occupancy permit or temporary occupancy permit. Such gatherings include airport or public/commercial transport, medical/health facilities, disability/aged care facilities, prisons, Court/tribunals, Parliament, Emergency services, vet, education institutions, child/family centres, indoor/outdoor spaces for transiting through, essential voluntary/public services.</p> <p><u>Other premises</u>: for premises outside either of the above, person who owns or operates such premises must ensure that, in each undivided space, the total number of persons does not exceed the maximum density calculated for that space (total sq m/2, or for undivided outdoor space, 500 persons, or for undivided indoor space, 250 persons);</p> <p><u>Requirements for all non-residential premises</u>: distance of 1.5m must be maintained where practicable, premises where alcohol/food/drink are sold, must be sold only to patrons seated at the premises; operator of premises used for sports/recreation/physical activity/wellness must ensure that there's a supervisor there at all times; and operator of premises used for sporting/fitness must ensure that activities undertaken are Level 3 as specified within Framework for Re-booting Sport in a COVID-19 Environment as published by the AIS.</p>	Here
5 Jul 2020	<p>Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania</p> <p>Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.</p>	Here
8 Jul 2020	<p>Extension of Declaration of State of Emergency</p> <p>Until 31 August.</p>	Here
9 Jul 2020	<p>Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania (General)</p> <p>Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.</p>	Here
	<p>Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania (Victoria)</p> <p>If an Affected Person is not a resident of Tasmania they must leave as soon as possible if required by an Authorised Officer. They may be required to isolate at a specified accommodation facility until able to leave. If they are permitted to enter, they must self-isolate for a period of 14 days at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer.</p>	Here
	<p>Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania (General)</p>	Here

17 Jul
2020

Every person arriving in Tasmania from outside Tasmania must self-isolate at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer for a period of 14 days.

Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania (Victoria)

If an Affected Person is not a resident of Tasmania they must leave as soon as possible if required by an Authorised Officer. They may be required to isolate at a specified accommodation facility until able to leave. If they are permitted to enter, they must self-isolate for a period of 14 days at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer.

[Here](#)

30 Jul
2020

Directions in relation to Persons Arriving in Tasmania (Affected Regions and Premises)

An Affected Person must not enter Tasmania unless they are a resident of Tasmania or an authorised person. An Affected Person who is not a resident of Tasmania must leave as soon as possible if required by an Authorised Officer. They may be required to isolate at a specified accommodation facility until able to leave. If they are permitted to enter, they must self-isolate for a period of 14 days at an accommodation facility specified by them to an authorised officer.

List of [affected regions or premises](#) kept on the website. Affected Person is anyone who has been in affected region/premises within 14 days of arriving in Tasmania (person not affected if just transited directly through either in airport or in vehicle). Additional [Directions](#) introduced for assessment of persons arriving from affected regions or premises.

[Here](#)

South Australian Government

Date	Description	Link
5 Mar 2020	South Australian Public Health (Controlled Notifiable Conditions) Amendment Act 2020	Here
16 Mar 2020	<p>Public health emergency declared</p> <p>The SA Premier said public compliance with guidelines had so far been good, but steps could be taken where breaches occurred.</p> <p>"Authorities in South Australia do have the ability to take further action if they think there are people who are ignoring the directives," Mr Marshall said.</p> <p>"We've got the ability under the Public Health Act already in place to not only direct people, but enforce that using SAPOL (SA Police)."</p>	Here Here Here
18 Mar 2020	<p>Legal direction issued by SA Health</p> <p>Requires compliance with self-isolation rules when entering Australia</p>	Here Here Here
19 Mar 2020	<p>Direction of the Chief Executive of the Department for Health and Wellbeing in relation to Mass Gatherings</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A person who is in a position to do so in relation to a place or premises in the State of South Australia must not allow a mass gathering to occur on or at the place or premises. 2. A person must not organise a mass gathering or a gathering that is reasonably likely to be a public gathering on or at a place or premises in the State of South Australia. 3. A person must not attend a mass gathering on or at a place or premises in the State of South Australia <p>*Mass gathering defined to mean any gathering of 500 or more in a single undivided outdoor space, or any gathering of 100 or more in a single undivided indoor space.</p> <p>Listed exceptions apply, as per other jurisdictions.</p>	Here Here
22 Mar 2020	<p>South Australia's borders to close</p> <p>From Tuesday 24 Mar, all people entering South Australia from interstate or overseas will be required to self-isolate for 14 days (Direction made on 24 Mar)</p>	Here Here
	<p>Declaration of Major Emergency</p> <p>For a period of 14 days</p>	Here
23 Mar 2020	<p>Direction of the Chief Executive of the Department for Health and Wellbeing in relation to Mass Gatherings (No 2)</p>	Here Here

1. A person who owns, controls or operates premises in the State of South Australia must not allow a mass gathering to occur on the premises.
2. A person must not organise a mass gathering on premises in the State of South Australia.
3. A person must not attend a mass gathering on premises in the State of South Australia

*Mass gathering defined to mean any gathering of 500 or more in a single undivided outdoor space, or any gathering of 100 or more in a single undivided indoor space, or any gathering of fewer than 100 persons in a single indoor space unless the total number of persons does not exceed one person per 4 square metres

Listed exceptions apply, as per other jurisdictions.

25 Mar
2020

Direction of the State Co-ordinator: Non-essential Business (and other Gatherings) Closure Direction

Direction for the closure of *defined premises*, including: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, buildings used by social/sporting clubs, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres and yoga, barre and spin facilities, indoor premises at which boot camps or PT sessions are offered, indoor sporting venues, indoor play centres, swimming pools, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venue, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where performances occur, galleries, museums, libraries, public institutions, local government non-essential facilities, casinos and other gaming/gambling venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes, food courts, auction houses, auctions, outdoor/indoor markets, hairdressers and barber shops, various beauty salons, saunas/spas/massage parlours, amusement parks and arcades, places of worship, weddings or funerals, outdoor spaces associated with any of those.

Limited exceptions applied to the above

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

26 Mar
2020

SA Education Department confirms pupil free days

For 6 to 9 Apr 2020

[Here](#)

27 Mar
2020

Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises, and a person must not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, buildings used by social/sport clubs, indoor premises at which boot camps or PT sessions are offered, indoor sport venues, indoor play centre, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses, premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, hairdressers and barbershops, beauty and spa salons etc, amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues, outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

[Here](#)

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities, provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, social sport-based activity.

Emergency Management (Continuation of Overseas Travel Self-Quarantine) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Any person subject to an Overseas Travel Direction before this Direction was issued must continue to comply with that direction for any remaining self-quarantine period

Emergency Management (COVID-19) (Isolation Following Diagnoses or Close Contact) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

A person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 is directed to identify suitable premises and travel directly to those premises and remain isolated at those premises for a period determined by the treating medical practitioner. Any person who an authorised officer determines has come into close contact with that person must follow the directions of the officer regarding self-quarantine

Emergency Management (Gatherings) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

- a) Person who owns, controls or operates a place in SA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur at the place;
- b) Person must not organise a prohibited gathering at a place in SA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering at a place in SA;

Prohibited gathering means: gathering of more than 10 persons; or gathering of less than 10 persons if social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed;

Exceptions to this direction for: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; emergency services; disability/aged care facility; correctional facility; Court/tribunal; Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel/accommodation facility except for accommodation; for purposes of transiting through; specific exemption provided by State Coordinator or authorised officer; delivered by operator who has social distancing policy specially approved by State Coordinator or other authorised officer.

**28 Mar
2020**

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

Emergency Management (Expiation Notices) Variation Regulations 2020

[Here](#)

Regulation giving police officers the power to issue on the spot fines for failure to comply with issued Directions related to the COVID-19 Emergency

**30 Mar
2020**

Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises, and a person must not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: commercial freight transporter, licenced hotels, bars and clubs, buildings used by social/sport clubs, gyms, health clubs, fitness centres, and yoga/barre/spin facilities, indoor premises at which boot camps or PT sessions are offered, indoor sport venues, indoor play centre, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses, premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, hairdressers and barbershops, beauty and spa salons etc, amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues, outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities, provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, social sport-based activity.

Wineries are now not permitted to provide takeaway meals by any means, but may provide speciality grocery items and beverages to be consumed off premises.

2 Apr
2020

Approval of Extension of a Major Emergency Declaration

For a period of 28 days.

[Here](#)

3 Apr
2020

Appropriate Surgery During COVID-19 Pandemic) Direction

Direction limiting surgical treatment to be performed in SA only to emergency surgery to prevent loss of life, loss of limb or permanent disability; or non-emergency but urgent surgery and procedures performed where failure to do so would likely lead to loss of life or permanent disability where the procedure would otherwise prevent it, or where clinical evidence suggests that not doing the surgery would lead to an increased risk of either of those outcomes.

[Here](#)

8 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response Bill 2020 read by Legislative Council

Includes provisions applying to commercial leases and residential tenancies.

7 – Provisions applying to commercial leases

- (1) *Despite any provision of a relevant Act, or any other Act or law, the provisions of this section apply during the prescribed period in relation to a commercial lease.*
- (2) *The provisions of a commercial lease will be taken to be modified to the extent necessary to give effect to the operation of this section.*
- (3) *If a lessee is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, a lessor cannot take any prescribed action against the lessee on grounds of a breach of the lease during the prescribed period consisting of—*
 - a. *a failure to pay rent; or*
 - b. *a failure to pay outgoings; or*
 - c. *the business operating under the lease not being open for business during the hours specified in the lease; or*
 - d. *any other act or omission of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this subsection.*
- (4) *An act or omission of a lessee required under the laws of the State in response to the COVID-19 pandemic—*
 - a. *will be taken not to amount to a breach of a commercial lease; and*
 - b. *will not constitute grounds for termination of the lease or the taking of any prescribed action by the lessor against the lessee.*
- (5) *Unless otherwise agreed between the lessee and the lessor, rent payable under a commercial lease (other than rent or a component of rent determined by reference to*

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- turnover) must not, if during the prescribed period the lessee is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, be increased.
- (6) A lessor must not, during the prescribed period, require a lessee who is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic to pay land tax or reimburse the lessor for the payment of land tax in respect of a commercial lease.
- (7) Subsection (6) does not limit the operation of the terms of a commercial lease, or a provision of an Act, that otherwise prohibits the payment of land tax or reimbursement of land tax to a lessor by a lessee.
- (8) A party to a commercial lease may apply to the Commissioner for 1 or both of the following:
- a. mediation of a dispute in relation to whether or not, for the purposes of this section, a lessee is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic;
 - b. a determination as to whether or not a lessee is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- (9) A right of appeal lies to the Magistrates Court against a determination of the Commissioner under subsection (8)(b).
- (10) In addition to the provisions of subsection (8), a party to a commercial lease may apply to the Commissioner for mediation of any other dispute in relation to issues that have arisen in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic—
- a. arising from, or related to, the operation of this section; or
 - b. arising from, or related to, the commercial lease; or
 - c. related to any other matter relevant to the occupation of the premises or to a business conducted at the premises subject of the commercial lease.
- (11) The Commissioner may, in exercising any functions or powers under this section in relation to a matter, exercise any of the powers or functions the Commissioner is able to exercise under Part 7 of the Fair Trading Act 1987 in relation to that matter.
- (12) If a lessee is suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and during the relevant period—
- a. a lessor has taken or commenced, but not yet completed or finalised, a prescribed action (including a prescribed action that has a periodic or ongoing effect); or
 - b. a lessor has taken or commenced, but not yet completed or finalised, the performance of any other measure (including a measure that has a periodic or ongoing effect) that the lessor would not have been able to undertake or commence during the prescribed period by virtue of the operation of this section; or
 - c. the operation of the terms of a commercial lease has had effect, or has a periodic or ongoing effect, contrary to the operation of this section, the action, operation or effect will, insofar as it remains incomplete or ongoing, or has a periodic or ongoing effect, be taken to be stayed or suspended until the end of the prescribed period.
- (13) The Magistrates Court may, on application by a party to a commercial lease—
- a. make such orders as it thinks appropriate in the circumstances to mitigate the effect of an action or effect of a matter referred to in subsection (12), insofar as it has been completed or implemented in whole or in part during the relevant period, on grounds that the lessee has suffered financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic; and
 - b. may make such other orders as it thinks fit.
- (14) In subsections (12) and (13)— relevant period means the period—
- a. beginning on the day on which this section commences; and
 - b. ending on the day on which this Act is assented to by the Governor.
- (15) A person must not divulge or communicate personal information, information relating to business processes or financial information (including information about the turnover of a business) obtained in connection with the operation of this section except—
- a. with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or
 - b. in connection with the administration of this section; or
 - c. as authorised by the Commissioner; or

- d. for the purposes of legal proceedings; or
- e. to a police officer or a law enforcement officer of another State, a Territory of the Commonwealth or of the Commonwealth.

Similar protections are offered in respect of residential tenancies under provision 8.

[Bill](#) passed both houses.

[COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020](#) as assented to

10 Apr
2020

Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises. A person must also not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, wineries, buildings used by social/sport clubs, facilities used primarily for indoor physical recreation, indoor premises at which boot camps and other PT is offered, indoor sporting venues, indoor play centres, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses, premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, beauty salons, saunas, bathhouses, wellness centres, spa and massage parlours; amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues, outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities, provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, provision of reusable equipment such as shisha, social sport-based activity, provision of takeaway meals by wineries, provision of driver training and testing.

15 Apr
2020

Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 4) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises. A person must also not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, wineries, buildings used by social/sport clubs, facilities used primarily for indoor physical recreation, indoor premises at which boot camps and other PT is offered, indoor sporting venues, indoor play centres, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses,

premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, beauty salons, saunas, bathhouses, wellness centres, spa and massage parlours; amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues, outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities, provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, provision of reusable equipment such as shisha, social sport-based activity, provision of takeaway meals by wineries, provision of driver training and testing.

16 Apr
2020

Emergency Management (Gatherings No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

- a) Person who owns, controls or operates a place in SA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur at the place;
- b) Person must not organise a prohibited gathering at a place in SA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering at a place in SA;

Prohibited gathering means: gathering of more than 10 persons; or gathering of less than 10 persons if social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed;

Exceptions to this direction for: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; emergency services; disability/aged care facility; correctional facility; Court/tribunal; Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/constriction site; educational institution; hotel/motel/accommodation facility except for accommodation; for purposes of transiting through; specific exemption provided by State Coordinator or authorised officer; delivered by operator who has social distancing policy specially approved by State Coordinator or other authorised officer.

[Here](#)

COVID-19 Emergency Response (Commercial Leases) Regulations 2020

Those eligible for the JobKeeper payment will be taken to be suffering financial hardship per *COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020*.

Also, the Small Business Commissioner must have regard to whether the lessee is receiving the JobKeeper payment, and any reduction in turnover of the business over a specified period as compared with another period.

[Here](#)

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

20 Apr
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response (Section 17) Regulations

The requirement that a person be physically present to witness a document is exempted from the limitations in regard to in person meetings contained in the [COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020](#)

[Here](#)

COVID-19 Emergency Response (Section 16) Regulations

Extends the classes of people able to take a statutory declaration.

[Variation Direction](#) on 25 June 2020

[Here](#)

27 Apr
2020

Appropriate Surgery During COVID-19 Pandemic) Direction

[Here](#)

Direction extending limitations on permissible surgical treatment to be performed in SA to:

- 1) emergency surgery to prevent loss of life, loss of limb or permanent disability;
- 2) non-emergency but urgent surgery and procedures performed where failure to do so would likely lead to loss of life or permanent disability where the procedure would otherwise prevent it, or where clinical evidence suggests that not doing the surgery would lead to an increased risk of either of those outcomes;
- 3) surgery that is either: procedures undertaken in a community setting under local anaesthetic, eg dermatologists/plastic surgeons; or permissible dental procedures; or
- 4) appropriate elective surgery in accordance with the requirements set out in Sch 1 of the direction

Direction revoked by [subsequent direction](#) on 13 May 2020

11 May
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 4) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 5) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises. A person must also not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, wineries, breweries and distilleries, outdoor sporting and recreational venues, facilities used for indoor physical recreation, indoor premises at which boot camps and other PT is offered, indoor sporting venues, indoor play centres, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses, premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, beauty salons, saunas, bathhouses, wellness centres, spa and massage parlours; amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues, outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities, provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, provision of reusable equipment such as shisha, social sport-based activity, provision of driver training and testing.

15 May
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response (Further Measures) Amendment Act 2020

[Here](#)

Various amendments proposed, including to the provisions of the COVID-19 Response Act on commercial leases. The new subsection gives the Governor regulation-making power, as is necessary, to provide for the following (n.b. this list is not exhaustive/limiting):

- a) the types or classes of commercial leases to which the regulations may apply;
- b) the types of disputes in relation to a commercial lease to which the regulations will apply;
- c) modification of the operation of this section or a relevant Act;

- d) modification of the operation of a relevant Act consequent on the regulations made under this section;
- e) modifying the provisions of a commercial lease or related agreement;
- f) the provision of rent relief for a lessee under a commercial lease;
- g) exempting a lessee, or a class of lessees, from the operation of a provision of an Act, commercial lease or related agreement;
- h) prohibiting or limiting the ability of a lessor to take specified action or seek specified orders or issue proceedings in court under the provisions of a commercial lease or related agreement, or any Act or law;
- i) prohibiting or restricting the ability of a lessor to terminate a commercial lease;
- j) the circumstances in which a lessor may terminate a commercial lease;
- k) prohibiting, limiting or modifying the exercise or enforcement of the rights of a lessor under a commercial lease or other agreement or under any other Act or law or the common law;
- l) the circumstances in which a person will be taken to be suffering financial hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- m) requiring the parties to a commercial lease or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease to have regard to particular matters or principles, or a prescribed standard, code or other document, in negotiating or disputing a matter under or in relation to the commercial lease;
- n) provision for the regulations to be deemed to form part of a commercial lease;
- o) imposing obligations on a party to a commercial lease, or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease, including—
 - i. requiring them to negotiate and agree on modifications to terms and conditions of the commercial lease or a related agreement having regard to specified matters; and
 - ii. requiring a party to a lease or other person with an interest in a commercial lease to pay a specified amount or give a specified benefit to another party to the lease or person with an interest in a commercial lease;
- p) a requirement that parties to a commercial lease or any other persons with an interest in a commercial lease who are in dispute in relation to the commercial lease participate in mediation arranged by the Commissioner or a court;
- q) the conduct of a mediation referred to in paragraph (p) including a requirement for the Commissioner to issue a certificate in respect of the mediation setting out specified matters in relation to the mediation;
- r) conferring jurisdiction on a court to hear and determine disputes between the parties to a commercial lease or any other persons with an interest in a commercial lease;
- s) the circumstances in which a party to a commercial lease or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease may or may not apply to a court for determination of a dispute relating to a commercial lease;
- t) (a requirement that a party to a commercial lease or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease who are in dispute in relation to the commercial lease to have a mediation certificate before commencing proceedings in a court in relation to the dispute;
- u) the orders that a court may make in relation to a dispute relating to a commercial lease;
- v) a requirement that the Commissioner or a court have regard to particular matters or principles, or a prescribed standard, code or other document, in mediating, conciliating, hearing or deciding a matter or proceeding relating to a commercial lease or a dispute between parties to a commercial lease or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease;
- w) provisions of a saving or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this section or the making of any regulation under this section;
- x) fines, not exceeding \$10 000, for offences against the regulations;
- y) expiation fees, not exceeding \$5 000, for offences against the regulations;
- z) facilitation of proof of the commission of offences and other evidentiary matters;
- aa) any other matter regulating the parties to a commercial lease or any other person with an interest in a commercial lease or the provisions of a commercial lease or related agreement.

22 May
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response (Commercial Leases No 2) Regulations 2020

New regulations imposing an obligation on parties to commercial leases to negotiate in good faith. These regulations also seek to enforce certain prohibitions and restrictions relating to commercial leases, by preventing the lessor from taking any prescribed actions against the lessee on the grounds of a breach constituted by a failure to pay rent, failure to pay outgoings, or where the business has been forced to close during the hours specified in the lease.

Prescribed actions defined as eviction, exercising right of re-entry; recovery of land; distraint of goods; forfeiture; damages; requiring payment of interest on unpaid rent; recovery of whole or part of security bond; performance of obligation by lessee or other person pursuant to guarantee under the lease; possession; termination; or any other remedy otherwise available to a lessor against a lessee at common law or under the law of SA.

[Here](#)

Emergency Management (Gatherings No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

- a) Person who owns, controls or operates a place in SA must not allow a prohibited gathering to occur at the place;
- b) Person must not organise a prohibited gathering at a place in SA;
- c) A person must not attend a prohibited gathering at a place in SA.

Person who is present at a gathering must use best endeavours to comply with social distancing principles.

Prohibited gathering means: gathering of more than 10 persons; or gathering of less than 10 persons if social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed;

Exceptions to this direction for: airport; public transport; medical/health service facility; emergency services; disability/aged care facility; correctional facility; Court/tribunal; Parliament; members/office bearers of council, council committee, or subsidiary of council; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; office building/factory/mining site/construction site; on land or a vessel used in production or treatment of primary produce; educational institution; hotel/motel/accommodation facility that is necessary for accommodation; for purposes of transiting through; specific exemption provided by State Coordinator or authorised officer; delivered by operator who has social distancing policy specially approved by State Coordinator or other authorised officer.

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Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 6) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Subject to limited exceptions, a person who owns, controls or operates a defined premises must close those premises and keep them closed in so far as it is necessary to prohibit access to consumers or members of the public, and consumers or members of the public must not enter into defined premises. A person must also not conduct defined work or operations and consumer or member of the public must not participate in defined work or operations.

Defined premises means the following: licenced hotels, bars and clubs, wineries, breweries and distilleries, buildings used by social and sporting clubs; outdoor sporting and recreational venues, facilities used for indoor physical recreation, indoor premises at which boot camps and other PT is offered, indoor sporting venues, indoor play centres, public swimming pools, motor sport facilities/racetracks, community/youth/recreation centres, cinema, function centre, or entertainment venue of any kind, theatre, concert venues, arenas, auditoriums, stadiums, and other places where live performances are offered, galleries, museums, libraries (other than in educational institutions), public institutions and historic sites, local government non-essential activities, casinos and other gambling/gaming venues, retail gambling outlets, restaurants and cafes except for takeaway/delivery, food courts within shopping centres/business precinct, auction houses, premises for auctions/open inspections, outdoor/indoor markets, beauty salons, saunas, bathhouses,

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wellness centres, spa and massage parlours; amusements parks and arcades, places of worship, wedding/funeral venues (except for indoor funerals with <20 people or outdoor funerals with <30 people), outdoor spaces associated with any of the above;

Defined work or operations include boot camps or other PT activities (except outdoors with <10 people), provision of prepared food/drink to homeless in an outdoor location, provision of reusable equipment such as shisha, social sport-based activity, provision of driver training and testing.

1 Jun
2020

Emergency Management (Public Activities) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Replaces the *Emergency Management (Non-Essential Business and Other Activities No 7) (COVID-19) Direction 2020* and the *Emergency Management (Gatherings No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020*

Under this Direction, a defined public activity cannot have more than 80 people in the place and no more than 20 people can be present in any single room or enclosed area (not including employees). Persons must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing. A person must complete a COVID Safe Plan if they are to conduct a defined public activity. Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, fitness or recreation activities, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, provision of personal care services and public entertainment, auctions and inspections of premises for sale or rent, and driver instruction.

Further, food and beverages may only be consumed by patrons seated at tables. Physical distancing principles do not apply to people who attend as a group while seated at the same table.

Outdoor sport (including training), activities, fitness or recreation activities are permitted provided that before 25 June, sports are non-contact or accidental contact. Indoor permitted if before 25 June, the activity is non-contact or accidental contact and after 25 June, any sports competition is non-contact or accidental contact. Indoor fitness or recreation activities are limited to 10 persons per room in relation to group classes at gymnasiums, health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre and spin facilities and dance and pilates studios, and 20 people per room in any other case. Swimming pools are permitted to be used if the total number of persons in the pool does not exceed 1 person per 4 square meters, up to 20 persons. Communal changing, shower and sauna and spa facilities are not permitted to be used if at a place where a defined public activity takes place (except for toilet facilities)

Restricted premises continue to be: casinos and other gaming and gambling venues, nightclubs, indoor food courts other than take-away, indoor play centres, amusement parks and arcades, saunas and bathhouses

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17 Jun
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 5) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

19 Jun
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 6) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Under this Direction, a defined public activity cannot have more than 300 people in the place and no more than 75 people can be present in any single room or enclosed area (not including employees). Persons must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing. A person must complete a COVID Safe Plan if they are to conduct a defined public activity. Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, public assemblies, ceremonies, provision of personal care services and public entertainment, auctions and inspections of premises for sale or rent, and driver instruction.

Further, food and beverages may only be consumed by patrons seated at tables. Physical distancing principles do not apply to people who attend as a group while seated at the same table.

Outdoor sport (including training), activities, fitness or recreation activities are permitted provided that before 25 June, sports are non-contact or accidental contact. Indoor permitted if before 25 June, the activity is non-contact or accidental contact and after 25 June, any sports competition is non-contact or accidental contact. Indoor fitness or recreation activities are limited to 20 persons per room (if 1 person per 7 sq m) or 10 persons (1 person per 4 sq m) in relation to group classes at gymnasiums, health clubs, fitness centres, yoga, barre and spin facilities and dance and palates studios, and 75 people per room in any other case. Swimming pools are permitted to be used if the total number of persons in the pool does not exceed 1 person per 4 square meters, up to 20 persons.

Other types of gatherings referred to above required to maintain contact tracing records.

Restricted premises continue to be: casinos and other gaming and gambling venues, nightclubs, indoor food courts other than take-away, indoor play centres, amusement parks and arcades, saunas and bathhouses

20 Jun
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 7) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons entering SA from outside SA must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

29 Jun
2020

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Under this Direction, a defined public activity cannot have more than 1 person per 2 sq m, including in any single room or enclosed space. Persons must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing. A person must complete a COVID Safe Plan if they are to conduct a defined public activity. Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, provision of personal care services and public entertainment, provision of recreational transport, operation of licenced premises, operation of casino/gaming area, auctions/inspections of premises for purposes of sale/rental, driving instructions.

Certain types of gatherings referred to above required to maintain contact tracing records.

A person must not allow a prescribed gathering to occur at a place occupied by the person or organise or attend a prescribed gathering. Prescribed gathering defined as gathering of >1000 people. Exceptions include: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, disability/aged care/residential care facility, prison, Court/tribunal, Parliament, Council, food market/super market/grocery/retail store/shopping centre, office building/factory/lab/testing facility/repair or maintenance premises, primary produce, educational institution, accommodation facility, for purposes of transiting through, or specified as exempt by Chief Health Officer.

[Here](#)

9 Jul 2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 8) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Direction that all persons permitted to enter SA who are arriving from outside SA (except for arrivals from Victoria who are not permitted) must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 4) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Under this Direction, a defined public activity cannot have more than 1 person per 2 sq m, including in any single room or enclosed space. Persons must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing. A person must complete a COVID Safe Plan if they are to conduct a defined public activity. Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, provision of personal care services and public entertainment, provision of recreational transport, operation of a nightclub, operation of licenced premises, operation of casino/gaming area, auctions/inspections of premises for purposes of sale/rental, driving instructions.

Certain types of gatherings referred to above required to maintain contact tracing records.

A person must not allow a prescribed gathering to occur at a place occupied by the person or organise or attend a prescribed gathering. Prescribed gathering defined as gathering of >1000 people. Exceptions include: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, disability/aged care/residential care facility, prison, Court/tribunal, Parliament, Council, food market/super market/grocery/retail store/shopping centre, office building/factory/lab/testing facility/repair or maintenance premises, primary produce, educational institution, accommodation facility, for purposes of transiting through, or specified as exempt by Chief Health Officer.

[Here](#)

19 Jul
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 9) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons permitted to enter SA who are arriving from outside SA (except for arrivals from Victoria who are not permitted) must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

29 Jul
2020

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 5) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Under this Direction, a defined public activity cannot have more than 1 person per 2 sq m, including in any single room or enclosed space. Persons must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing. A person must complete a COVID Safe Plan if they are to conduct a defined public activity. Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, funerals, weddings, provision of personal care services, provision of public entertainment, provision of recreational transport, operation of a nightclub, operation of licenced premises, operation of casino/gaming area, auctions/inspections of premises for purposes of sale/rental, driving instructions.

Certain types of gatherings referred to above required to maintain contact tracing records.

A person must not allow a prohibited gathering or prescribed gathering to occur at a place occupied by the person or organise or attend a prescribed gathering.

Prohibited gathering defined as any gathering of >50 people in a residential premises or other private place other than a permitted gathering. Prescribed gathering defined as gathering of >1000 people at any place other than a permitted gathering. Permitted gathering defined as gathering for defined public activity or one of the below exceptions.

Exceptions include: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, disability/aged care/residential care facility, prison, Court/tribunal, Parliament, Council, food market/super market/grocery/retail store/shopping centre, office

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building/factory/lab/testing facility/repair or maintenance premises, primary produce, educational institution, accommodation facility, for purposes of transiting through, or specified as exempt by Chief Health Officer.

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 10) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons permitted to enter SA who are arriving from outside SA (except for arrivals from Victoria who are not permitted) must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

5 Aug
2020

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 6) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Under this Direction, a person must not allow a defined public activity to be conducted at a place occupied by the person, must not conduct a defined public activity, and member of the public must not participate in a defined public activity.

If permitted to operate a defined public activity under the Direction:

- a) cannot have more than 1 person per 2 sq m, including in any single room or enclosed space;
- b) must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing;
- c) must complete a COVID Safe Plan.

Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, funerals, weddings, provision of personal care services, provision of public entertainment, provision of recreational transport, operation of a nightclub, operation of licenced premises, operation of casino/gaming area, auctions/inspections of premises for purposes of sale/rental, driving instructions.

A person must not allow a prohibited gathering or prescribed gathering to occur at a place occupied by the person or organise or attend a prescribed gathering.

Prohibited gathering defined as any gathering of >10 people in a residential premises or other private place other than a permitted gathering. Prescribed gathering defined as gathering of >1000 people at any place other than a permitted gathering. Permitted gathering defined as gathering for defined public activity or one of the below exceptions.

Exceptions include: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, disability/aged care/residential care facility, prison, Court/tribunal, Parliament, Council, food market/super market/grocery/retail store/shopping centre, office building/factory/lab/testing facility/repair or maintenance premises, primary produce, educational institution, accommodation facility, for purposes of transiting through, or specified as exempt by State Co-Ordinator.

[Here](#)

14 Aug
2020

Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel No 11) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Direction that all persons permitted to enter SA who are arriving from outside SA (except for arrivals from Victoria who are not permitted) must identify suitable premises for them to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of entry into SA Those arriving from overseas must remain quarantined at a place determined by an authorised officer for 14 days from their arrival into SA.

[Here](#)

Emergency Management (Public Activities No 7) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

Under this Direction, a person must not allow a defined public activity to be conducted at a place occupied by the person, must not conduct a defined public activity, and member of the public must not participate in a defined public activity.

[Here](#)

If permitted to operate a defined public activity under the Direction:

- a) cannot have more than 1 person per 2 sq m, including in any single room or enclosed space;
- b) must use best endeavours to comply with physical distancing;
- c) must complete a COVID Safe Plan.

Defined public activity includes onsite purchase and consumption of food and beverages, sport, indoor public meetings, ceremonies, funerals, weddings, provision of personal care services, provision of public entertainment, provision of recreational transport, operation of a nightclub, operation of licenced premises, operation of casino/gaming area, auctions/inspections of premises for purposes of sale/rental, driving instructions.

A person must not allow a prohibited gathering or prescribed gathering to occur at a place occupied by the person or organise or attend a prescribed gathering.

Prohibited gathering defined as any gathering of >20 people in a residential premises, or gathering where more than 10 people are visitors who are not residents; or other private place (indoor or outdoor) if more than 100 people. Prescribed gathering defined as gathering of >1000 people at any place other than a permitted gathering. Permitted gathering defined as gathering for defined public activity or one of the below exceptions.

Exceptions include: airport, public transport, medical/health service facility, emergency services, disability/aged care/residential care facility, prison, Court/tribunal, Parliament, Council, food market/super market/grocery/retail store/shopping centre, office building/factory/lab/testing facility/repair or maintenance premises, primary produce, educational institution, accommodation facility, for purposes of transiting through, or specified as exempt by State Co-Ordinator.

Australian Capital Territory Government

Date	Description	Link
16 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration 2020 (No 1)</p> <p>Pursuant to s 119 of the Public Health Act 1997 being satisfied that it is justified in the circumstances I DECLARE that a public health emergency exists.</p>	Here
19 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Indoor Gatherings) Emergency Direction</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> From 5.00pm on 19 March 2020 until the conclusion of the declared public health emergency a person who owns, controls or operates premises in the Australian Capital Territory must not allow an indoor gathering of greater than 100 people to occur on the premises. From 5.00pm on 19 March 2020 until the conclusion of the declared public health emergency a person must not organise an indoor gathering of greater than 100 people on premises in the Australian Capital Territory. 	Here
	<p>Public Health (Outdoor Gatherings) Emergency Declaration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> From 5pm on 19 March 2020 until the conclusion of a declared public health emergency, a person who owns, controls or operates premises in the Australian Capital Territory must not allow an outdoor gathering to occur on the premises From 5pm on 19 March 2020 until the conclusion of a declared public health emergency, a person must not organise an outdoor gathering on premises in the Australian Capital Territory From 5pm on 19 March 2020 until the conclusion of a declared public health emergency, a person must not attend an outdoor gathering on premises in the Australian Capital Territory. 	Here
	<p>Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction</p> <p>Mandatory enforcement of self-quarantine rules regarding travellers arriving from overseas.</p>	Here
20 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Extension 2020</p> <p>Declared emergency extended for 2 days</p>	Here
22 Mar 2020	<p>Confirmation of ACT school's response to COVID-19</p> <p>ACT schools, Government and non-Government, will begin pupil-free days from Tuesday 24 March through to the school holidays despite statements from the Prime Minister.</p>	Here
23 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020</p>	Here

	<p>From 11.59pm on 23 March 2020 until 11.59pm on 13 April 2020 a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the Australian Capital Territory must not operate that business or undertaking.</p> <p>Non-essential business or undertaking defined to include: a business that supplies liquor for consumption ON the premises but not including any part of the business that sell liquor for consumption OFF the premises as defined by the Liquor Act 2010; a hotel, whether licensed or unlicensed but not: to the extent that it provides accommodation, takeaway meals or a meal delivery service; or any part of the hotel constituted by a bottle shop; a gym, an indoor sporting centre; a casino, a cinema, nightclub or entertainment venue of any kind; a restaurant or café, other than to the extent that it provides takeaway meals or a meal delivery service, a place of worship, other than for the purposes of a wedding or funeral.</p>	
24 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 2)</p> <p>Public Health Emergency further extended for 2 days</p>	Here
25 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 2)</p> <p>Direction, with limited exception, for the closure of business including: all retail food services except for takeaway, auction houses, auctions and open inspections, beauty, spa and personal care services, except for 30 minute hairdresser appointments, entertainment venues, except for live-streamed performances where social distancing is observed, leisure and recreation centres such as gyms (boot camps with <10 people allowed), residential facilities except for residents and workers, places for outdoor recreation, non-residential institutions, places of worship, except for weddings with 5 people or funerals with 10 people. Also banned are gatherings of over 10 people unless they are normally resident at the premises or are related.</p>	Here
	<p>Self-isolation (Diagnosis) Direction</p> <p>Directing that anyone who receives positive diagnosis for COVID-19 self-isolate at a suitable premises to reside in until clearance from self-isolation is given by an authorised medical officer</p>	Here
26 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 3)</p> <p>Public Health Emergency further extended for 2 days</p>	Here
27 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 3)</p> <p>Until 13 April 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking.</p> <p>Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that provides liquor for consumption on premises, not including any portion of that business that sells for consumption off premises; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, except for accommodation, takeaway meals or bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; health club/fitness centre; centre that provides yoga/barre/spin facilities; boot camp or PT except for <10 people; social sporting based activity except for <10 people; swimming pool except for in hospital; gathering or 10+ people at private residence except where 10+ people usually reside at premises or if direct family members; gallery/museum/national institution/historic site; library; gaming/gambling venue; casino; cinema/nightclub/entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant/cafe, other than for takeaway, except for in limited circumstances eg hospital; community/youth centre or facility except in limited circumstances; hairdresser or barber shop except where social distancing of 1</p>	Here

	<p>person per 4 sq m, nail salon, tattoo parlour, beauty/spa centre etc; concert venue/theatre/arena/auditorium/stadium except for live streaming with social distancing; amusement park/arcade; outdoor/indoor play centre; food court except for meal delivery; auction house; real estate auction or open house; place of worship except for weddings of <5 people or funerals of <10 people.</p>	
28 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 2)</p> <p>Persons arriving in ACT from outside Australia must immediately travel to designated premises, as defined, as reside in those premises until clearance from quarantine is given by an authorised medical officer.</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 4)</p> <p>Further extended for 2 days</p>	Here
30 Mar 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 5)</p> <p>Further extended for 2 days</p>	Here
1 Apr 2020	<p>Public Health (Non-Essential Gatherings) Emergency Direction 2020</p> <p><u>Indoor areas</u></p> <p>From 31 Mar:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> An occupier of a residential premises must not permit more than 2 persons, other than persons ordinarily resident at the premises, to enter and remain in the premises; An occupier of residential premises must not permit a person not ordinarily resident at the premises to enter or remain in the premises unless social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m can be observed; and A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not enter or remain in the premises if: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> In addition to persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there are 2 or more persons present in the premises; or Social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed <p>Exemptions included for entry for purposes of: provision of medical care/supplies; law enforcement or provision of emergency services; any other emergency situation; providing necessary care/support; or urgent/essential repairs to premises.</p> <p><u>Outdoor areas</u></p> <p>From 31 Mar:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A person must not organise or attend a gathering of more than 2 people in an outdoor space unless <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The attendees are normally resident at the premises; For the purposes of a wedding in compliance with the below direction; or For the purposes of a funeral in compliance with the below direction. <p><u>Other premises</u></p> <p>From 31 Mar, a person:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow a gathering to occur on premises; Must not organise a gathering on premises in the ACT; and Must not attend a gathering on premises in the ACT. <p>Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; medical/health service facility; emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility;</p>	Here

correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where 2 or more persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment; specific exemption provided by Chief Health Officer

Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 4)

[Here](#)

Until 13 April 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that provides liquor for consumption on premises, not including any portion of that business that sells for consumption off premises; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, except for accommodation, takeaway meals or bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; health club/fitness centre; centre that provides yoga/barre/spin facilities; sauna/bathhouse/wellness centre; boot camp or PT except for 1 on 1 people; social sporting based activity except for <2 people; swimming pool except for in hospital; gallery/museum/national institution/historic site; library; gaming/gambling venue; casino; cinema/nightclub/entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant/cafe, other than for takeaway, except for in limited circumstances eg hospital; community/youth centre or facility except in limited circumstances; hairdresser or barber shop except where social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m, nail salon, tattoo parlour, beauty/spa centre etc; concert venue/theatre/arena/auditorium/stadium except for live streaming with social distancing; amusement park/arcade; outdoor/indoor play centre; food court except for meal delivery; auction house; real estate auction or open house; place of worship except for weddings of <5 people or funerals of <10 people.; public playgrounds/skate parks; public outside gyms/outdoor fitness stations/exercise equipment.

Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 6)

[Here](#)

Further extended for 2 days

COVID-19 Emergency Response Bill 2020 was passed

[Here](#)

Includes amendments to the *Leases (Commercial and Retail) Act 2001*, giving the Minister the power to make a declaration in relation to certain matters for the purpose of responding to the public health emergency caused by COVID-19. The 'certain matters' include:

[Here](#)

- a) Prohibiting the termination of a lease to which this Act applies for a lessor in stated circumstances;
- b) Prohibiting the recovery of possession of premises under a lease by the lessor in stated circumstances;
- c) Changing any period under the lease or this Act in which someone must or may do something;
- d) Changing, limiting or preventing the exercise or enforcement of any other right of the lessor under the lease or this Act in stated circumstances;
- e) Exempting a tenant or lessor, or class of tenant or lessor, from the operation of a provision of this act, a lease to which this Act applies or any other agreement relating to the lease of the premises.

Amendments to the *Residential Tenancies Act 1997* are also proposed, which give the Minister the power to make declarations in relation to the following matters, for the purposes of responding to the public health emergency caused by COVID-19:

- a) Prohibiting the termination of a residential tenancy agreement or occupancy agreement by a lessor or grantor in states circumstances;

2 Apr
2020

- b) Prohibiting the recovery of possession of premises under a residential tenancy agreement or occupancy agreement in stated circumstances;
- c) Changing any period under a residential tenancy agreement, an occupancy agreement or this Act in which someone must or may do something;
- d) Changing, limiting or preventing the exercise or enforcement of any other right of a lessor or grantor under a residential tenancy agreement or occupancy agreement or this Act;
- e) Prohibiting or limiting the matters that may be included in a residential tenancy database;
- f) Exempting a party, or class of party, to a residential tenancy agreement or occupancy agreement from the operation of a provision of this Act, the agreement, or any other agreement relating to the premises;
- g) Modifying a provision of this Act (including a standard residential tenancy term) to allow parties to a residential tenancy agreement or occupancy agreement to agree to temporary rent or fee reductions under the agreement.

[COVID-19 Emergency Response Act 2020](#) gazetted on 7 Apr.

Public Health (Emergencies) Amendment Bill 2020

Proposal to amend the power of the Minister, so that they may extend a declared state of emergency in relation to COVID-19 by up to 90 days, as opposed to 2 days.

[Public Health \(Emergencies\) Amendment Act 2020](#) gazetted on 7 Apr

[Here](#)

**3 Apr
2020**

Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 7)

Further extended for 2 days

[Here](#)

**4 Apr
2020**

Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 3)

Persons arriving in ACT from a flight originating outside Australia must immediately travel to designated premises, as defined, as reside in those premises until clearance from quarantine is given by an authorised medical officer.

An unaccompanied child or diplomatic visa holder must travel directly to a premises that is suitable for self-quarantine for 14 days.

Encompasses anybody arriving in ACT by air, bus, train, car, or any other means crossing from NSW to ACT.

[Here](#)

**5 Apr
2020**

Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 8)

Further extended for 2 days

[Here](#)

**7 Apr
2020**

Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 9)

Further extended for 90 days

[Here](#)

**14 Apr
2020**

Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 5)

Until 9 July 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online).

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that provides liquor for consumption on premises, not including any portion of that business that sells for consumption off premises; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, except for accommodation, takeaway meals or bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; health

[Here](#)

club/fitness centre; centre that provides yoga/barre/spin facilities; sauna/bathhouse/wellness centre; boot camp or PT except for 1 on 1 people; social sporting based activity except for <2 people; swimming pool except for in hospital; gallery/museum/national institution/historic site; library; gaming/gambling venue; casino; cinema/nightclub/entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant/cafe, other than for takeaway, except for in limited circumstances eg hospital; community/youth centre or facility except in limited circumstances; hairdresser or barber shop except where social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m, nail salon, tattoo parlour, beauty/spa centre etc, but not massage from allied health service providers; concert venue/theatre/arena/auditorium/stadium except for live streaming with social distancing; amusement park/arcade; outdoor/indoor play centre; food court except for meal delivery; auction house; real estate auction or open house; place of worship except for weddings of <5 people or funerals of <10 people.; public playgrounds/skate parks; public outside gyms/outdoor fitness stations/exercise equipment.

21 Apr
2020

Residential Tenancies (COVID-19 Emergency Response) Declaration 2020

[Here](#)

Some of the key directions made in this declaration include that:

- a) Lessor and tenant may agree to include a COVID-19 temporary rent reduction clause in the residential agreement.
- b) The lessor must not give a termination notice, a termination and possession order, a payment order or a warrant, because of failure to pay rent
- c) Lessor may not increase amount of rent payable under the residential tenancy agreement.

Updated [declaration](#) made on 21 Jul

1 May
2020

Public Health (Non-Essential Gatherings No 2) Emergency Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Indoor areas

From 1 May:

- a) An occupier of a residential premises must not permit more than 2 persons, other than persons ordinarily resident at the premises, to enter and remain in the premises;
- b) An occupier of residential premises must not permit a person not ordinarily resident at the premises to enter or remain in the premises unless social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m can be observed; and
- c) A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not enter or remain in the premises if:
 - a. In addition to persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there are 2 or more persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed

Exemptions included for entry for purposes of: provision of medical care/supplies; law enforcement or provision of emergency services; any other emergency situation; providing necessary care/support; or urgent/essential repairs to premises.

Outdoor areas

From 1 May:

- a) A person must not organise or attend a gathering of more than 2 people in an outdoor space unless:
 - a. The attendees are normally resident at the premises;
 - b. For the purposes of a wedding in compliance with the below direction; or
 - c. For the purposes of a funeral in compliance with the below direction.

Other premises

From 1 May, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow a gathering to occur on premises;
- b) Must not organise a gathering on premises in the ACT; and
- c) Must not attend a gathering on premises in the ACT.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where 2 or more persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment; specific exemption provided by Chief Health Officer

7 May
2020

COVID-19 Emergency Response Legislation Amendment Bill 2020

Amendments proposed to various pieces of legislation, primarily to clarify the application of the original COVID response [Act](#).

One particular amendment included insertion of a new section as regards witnessing of documents, or swearing or affirming affidavits or other documents, to permit these to be facilitated over audio-visual link, despite what any other piece of state legislation might say.

[COVID-19 Emergency Response Legislation Amendment Act 2020](#) notified on 13 May 2020

Additional [Amendment Act](#) passed on 8 Jul

[Here](#)

8 May
2020

Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 4)

Persons arriving in ACT from a flight originating outside Australia must immediately travel to designated premises, as defined, as reside in those premises until clearance from quarantine is given by an authorised medical officer.

Does not apply if person has been quarantined in another state or territory of Australia for 14 days.

Encompasses anybody arriving in ACT by air, bus, train, car, or any other means crossing from NSW to ACT.

[Here](#)

9 May
2020

Public Health (Non-Essential Gatherings No 3) Emergency Direction 2020

Residential premises

From 11:59pm, 8 May:

- a) An occupier of a residential premises must not permit more than 10 persons to enter and remain in the premises, unless the persons are ordinarily resident at the premises;
- b) An occupier of residential premises must not permit a person not ordinarily resident at the premises to enter or remain in the premises unless social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m can be observed; and
- c) A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not enter or remain in the premises if:
 - a. In addition to persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there are 10 or more persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed
- d) A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not enter or remain in the premises if:
 - a. Including persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there are 10 or more persons present in the premises; or

[Here](#)

- b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 square metres cannot be observed

Exemptions included for entry for purposes of: provision of medical care/supplies; law enforcement or provision of emergency services; any other emergency situation; providing necessary care/support; or urgent/essential repairs to premises.

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm, 8 May:

- a) A person must not organise or attend a gathering of more than 10 people in an outdoor space unless:
- a. The attendees are from the same household;
 - b. The attendees are from no more than two households;
 - c. For the purposes of a bootcamp, PT, auction, display home/open house, or
 - d. For purposes of wedding/funeral/religious ceremony that is compliant.

Other premises

From 11:59pm, 8 May, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow a gathering to occur on premises;
- b) Must not organise a gathering on premises in the ACT; and
- c) Must not attend a gathering on premises in the ACT.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where more than 10 persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment.

Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 6)

[Here](#)

Until 9 July 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online).

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that provides liquor for consumption on premises, not including any portion of that business that sells for consumption off premises; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, except for accommodation, takeaway meals or bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; health club/fitness centre; centre that provides yoga/barre/spin facilities; sauna/bathhouse/wellness centre; boot camp or PT except for up to 10 people and w/social distancing; social sporting based activity except for <2 people; swimming pool except for used for therapy by hospital; gallery/museum/national institution/historic site; library; gaming/gambling venue; casino; cinema/nightclub/entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant/cafe, other than for takeaway, except for in limited circumstances eg hospital; community/youth centre or facility except in limited circumstances; hairdresser or barber shop except where social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m, nail salon, tattoo parlour, place that provides beauty therapy except for cosmetic procedures by health professional, spa centre etc, but not massage from allied health service providers; concert venue/theatre/arena/auditorium/stadium except for live streaming with social distancing; amusement park/arcade; outdoor/indoor play centre; food court except for meal delivery; auction house; real estate auction or open house; place of worship except for weddings of <10 people or funerals of <30 people in outdoor space or 20 people in indoor space.; public playgrounds/skate parks; public outside gyms/outdoor fitness stations/exercise equipment.

11 May
2020

Leases (Commercial and Retail) COVID-19 Emergency Response Declaration 2020

[Here](#)

A lessor must not give a termination notice to an impacted tenant in relation to a prescribed breach unless the lessor has engaged in good faith negotiations with the tenant.

Impacted tenant is defined as a tenant under a prescribed lease (entered into before 7 Apr 2020) who, at any time during the prescribed period (beginning on 1 Apr and ending on the first day no COVID-19 emergency is in force or on a later date prescribed by the Minister), qualifies for the JobKeeper scheme; and has a turnover for the 2018-9 FY of less than \$50m for: if the tenant is a franchisee, the business conducted at the premises or land; for a corporate group, the group; or in another other case, the business conducted by the tenant.

Prescribed breach is defined as a failure by the tenant to pay rent, to pay outgoings or other amounts due under the lease; or to operate the business on the premises under the lease during the hours required under the lease.

A lessor is also prevented from taking any of the following prescribed actions against an impacted tenant in relation to a prescribed breach unless the lessor has engaged in good faith negotiations: eviction, exercise of a right of re-entry, recovery of premises or land, distraint of goods on the premises or land, forfeiture, damages, requiring payment of penalty interest/fee or charge related to unpaid rent, recovery of whole or part of security bond, performance of obligations by tenant or any other person guaranteeing the tenant's obligations, possession of premises or land; or any other remedy otherwise available against the tenant under an ACT law

14 May
2020

Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 5)

[Here](#)

Persons arriving in ACT from a flight originating outside Australia must immediately travel to designated premises, as defined, as reside in those premises until clearance from quarantine is given by an authorised medical officer.

Does not apply if person has been quarantined in another state or territory of Australia for 14 days.

Encompasses anybody arriving in ACT by air, bus, train, car, or any other means crossing from NSW to ACT.

15 May
2020

Public Health (Closure of Non-Essential Business or Undertaking) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 7)

[Here](#)

Until 9 July 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online). This direction does not operate to prohibit businesses from operating with less than 10 patrons.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that provides liquor for consumption on premises, not including any portion of that business that sells for consumption off premises or restaurant/cafe with <10 persons; a hotel, whether licenced or unlicensed, except for accommodation, takeaway meals or bottle shop; gym; indoor sporting centre; health club/fitness centre; centre that provides yoga/barre/spin facilities; sauna/bathhouse/wellness centre; boot camp or PT except for up to 10 people and w/social distancing; organised social sport except for <10 people; swimming pool except for used for therapy by hospital or with <people; gallery/museum/national institution/historic site; library except w/social distancing and gatherings of <10 people; gaming/gambling venue; casino; cinema/nightclub/entertainment venue of any kind; restaurant/cafe other than as above, or for takeaway, except for in limited circumstances eg hospital; community/youth centre or facility except in limited circumstances; hairdresser or barber shop except where social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m, nail salon, tattoo parlour, place that provides beauty therapy except for cosmetic procedures by health professional, spa centre etc, but not massage from allied health service providers; concert

venue/theatre/arena/auditorium/stadium except for live streaming with social distancing; amusement park/arcade; outdoor/indoor play centre; food court except for meal delivery; auction house except with <10 people; real estate auction or open house except with <10 people; place of worship except for weddings of <10 people or funerals of <30 people in outdoor space or 20 people in indoor space.; public playgrounds/skate parks; public outside gyms/outdoor fitness stations/exercise equipment.

20 May
2020

Long Service Leave (Portable Schemes) COVID-19 Emergency Leave Determination 2020 (No 1)

[Here](#)

Determination setting out certain criteria for workers in the building and construction industry, the contract cleaning industry, the community sector industry and the security industry, who would otherwise be entitled to >18 months of recognised long service leave, to take a payout to reduce any financial hardship arising due to COVID.

29 May
2020

Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020

[Here](#)

Residential premises

From 11:59pm, 29 May:

- a) An occupier of a residential premises must not allow gatherings of >20 persons at the premises, unless the persons are ordinarily resident at the premises;
- b) An occupier of residential premises must not permit a person not ordinarily resident at the premises to enter or remain in the premises unless social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m can be observed; and
- c) An occupier of residential premises must not allow a person who is not a member of the household at the premises if:
 - a. Including members of the household, there is a gathering of >20 persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed
- d) A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not be at the premises if:
 - a. Including persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there is a gathering of >20 persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 square metres cannot be observed

Exemptions included for entry for purposes of: provision of medical care/supplies; law enforcement or provision of emergency services.

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm, 29 May, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >20 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Other non-residential premises

From 11:59pm, 29 May, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >20 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >20 people on premises in the ACT.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where more than 10 persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment.

From 29 May 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online). This direction does not operate to prohibit businesses from operating with less than 10 patrons.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: gaming or gambling venue, business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway or where <20 persons seated in indoor or outdoor space, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, circuit training session at gym/health club/fitness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship except for wedding/funeral and <20 people, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, indoor/outdoor play centre, arcade, or entertainment venue, concert venue, theatre, arena, or auditorium, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house except where <20 persons, auctions, nightclubs

3 Jun
2020

**Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings)
Emergency Direction 2020 (No 2)**

[Here](#)

Residential premises

From 11:59pm, 3 Jun:

- a) An occupier of a residential premises must not allow gatherings of >20 persons at the premises, unless the persons are ordinarily members of the same household;
- b) An occupier of residential premises must not permit a person not ordinarily resident at the premises to enter or remain in the premises unless social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m can be observed; and
- c) An occupier of residential premises must not allow a person who is not a member of the household at the premises if:
 - a. Including members of the household, there is a gathering of >20 persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 sq m cannot be observed
- d) A person not ordinarily resident at residential premises must not be at the premises if:
 - a. Including persons ordinarily resident at the premises, there is a gathering of >20 persons present in the premises; or
 - b. Social distancing of 1 person per 4 square metres cannot be observed

Exemptions included for entry for purposes of: provision of medical care/supplies; law enforcement or any other emergency situation.

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm, 3 Jun, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >20 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Other non-residential premises

From 11:59pm, 3 Jun, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >20 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >20 people on premises in the ACT.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site;

educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where more than 10 persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment.

From 3 Jun 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online). This direction does not operate to prohibit businesses from operating with less than 10 patrons.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: gaming or gambling venue, business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway or where <20 persons seated in indoor or outdoor space, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, circuit training session at gym/health club/fitness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship except for wedding/funeral and <20 people, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, indoor/outdoor play centre, arcade, or entertainment venue, concert venue, theatre, arena, or auditorium, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house except where <20 persons, auctions, nightclubs.

Exceptions allowed for some where gathering is <20 people.

Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 3)

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm, 19 Jun, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >100 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Non-residential premises

From 11:59pm, 19 Jun, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >100 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >100 people on premises in the ACT;

Social distancing must be observed at any indoor gathering at non-residential premises.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe only for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services; place where more than 10 persons may be present for transit; vet clinic or similar for treatment.

From 19 Jun 2020, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online). This direction does not operate to prohibit businesses from operating with less than 10 patrons.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following (with limited exceptions allowing gatherings of <100 people on the premises and where social distancing is observed): business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, circuit training session at gym/health club/fitness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship except for wedding/funeral, library, gallery, museum,

[Here](#)

19 Jun
2020

	<p>national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, indoor/outdoor play centre, indoor arcade/amusement centre, gaming or gambling venue/casino, betting agency, entertainment venue, concert venue, theatre, arena, or auditorium, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house, real-estate display or open home.</p> <p>Businesses must have a COVID Safety Plan.</p>	
2 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Emergency Direction 2020</p> <p>Affected persons arriving in ACT must travel immediately to designated premises to undertake a period of quarantine, and not leave the premises other than in an emergency, and not permit another person to enter the premises, and comply with any request from an authorised person to produce ID. COVID-19 hotspots listed in Schedule 1 – all suburbs in Victoria.</p>	Here
3 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 10)</p> <p>Further extended for 45 days</p>	Here
4 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 2)</p> <p>Affected persons arriving in ACT must travel immediately to designated premises to undertake a period of quarantine, and not leave the premises other than in an emergency, and not permit another person to enter the premises, and comply with any request from an authorised person to produce ID. COVID-19 hotspots listed in Schedule 1 – all suburbs in Victoria.</p>	Here
6 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (Returned Travellers) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 6)</p> <p>Persons arriving in ACT from a flight originating outside Australia must immediately travel to designated premises, as defined, as reside in those premises until clearance from quarantine is given by an authorised medical officer.</p> <p>Does not apply if person has been quarantined in another state or territory of Australia for 14 days.</p> <p>Encompasses anybody arriving in ACT by air, bus, train, car, or any other means crossing from NSW to ACT.</p>	Here
	<p>Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 3)</p> <p>Affected persons arriving in ACT must travel immediately to designated premises to undertake a period of quarantine, and not leave the premises other than in an emergency, and not permit another person to enter the premises, and comply with any request from an authorised person to produce ID. COVID-19 hotspots listed in Schedule 1 – all suburbs in Victoria.</p>	Here
10 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (Self-Isolation) Emergency Direction 2020</p> <p>Directing that anyone who receives positive diagnosis for COVID-19 self-isolate at a suitable premises to reside in until clearance from self-isolation is given by an authorised medical officer</p>	Here
16 Jul 2020	<p>Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 4)</p>	Here

Outdoor areas

From 12:00pm, 17 Jul, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >100 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Non-residential premises

From 12:00pm, 17 Jul, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >100 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >100 people on premises in the ACT;

Social distancing must be observed at any indoor gathering at non-residential premises.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services.

From 12:00pm, 17 Jul, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online) except as permitted.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following (except for gatherings of <100 people on the premises and where social distancing is observed): business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship except for wedding/funeral, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, open air/drive in cinema, indoor/outdoor play centre, indoor arcade/amusement centre, gaming or gambling venue/casino, betting agency, performances in any venue, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house, real-estate display or open home.

Businesses must have a COVID Safety Plan.

Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 4)

Affected persons arriving in ACT must travel immediately to designated premises to undertake a period of quarantine, and not leave the premises other than in an emergency, and not permit another person to enter the premises, and comply with any request from an authorised person to produce ID. COVID-19 hotspots listed in Schedule 1 – Casula and Picton (certain locations)

[Here](#)

Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 5)

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm on 20 Jul, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >100 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Non-residential premises

From 11:59pm on 20 Jul, a person:

[Here](#)

20 Jul
2020

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >100 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >100 people on premises in the ACT;

Social distancing must be observed at any indoor gathering at non-residential premises.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services.

From 11:59pm on 20 Jul, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online) except as permitted.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following (except for gatherings of <100 people on the premises and where social distancing is observed): business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship except for wedding/funeral, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, open air/drive in cinema, indoor/outdoor play centre, indoor arcade/amusement centre, gaming or gambling venue/casino, betting agency, performances in any venue, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house, real-estate display or open home.

Businesses must have a COVID Safety Plan.

Public Health (COVID-19 Interstate Hotspots) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 5)

Affected persons arriving in ACT must travel immediately to designated premises to undertake a period of quarantine, and not leave the premises other than in an emergency, and not permit another person to enter the premises, and comply with any request from an authorised person to produce ID. COVID-19 hotspots listed in Schedule 1 – Batemans Bay, Casula and Picton (specific locations)

[Here](#)

Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings) Emergency Direction 2020 (No 6)

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm on 9 Aug, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >100 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Non-residential premises

From 11:59pm on 9 Aug, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >100 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >100 people on premises in the ACT;

Social distancing must be observed at any indoor gathering at non-residential premises.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility;

[Here](#)

9 Aug
2020

correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services.

From 11:59pm on 9 Aug, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online) except as permitted.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, open air/drive in cinema, nightclub, performances in all locations including concert venues, theatres, arena, or auditorium; events in a conference or convention centre; wedding; funeral; library; indoor/outdoor play centre, gaming or gambling venue/casino, betting agency, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house, real-estate display or open home.

Businesses must have a COVID Safety Plan.

11 Aug
2020

**Public Health (Restricted Activities – Gatherings, Business or Undertakings)
Emergency Direction 2020 (No 7)**

[Here](#)

Outdoor areas

From 11:59pm on 11 Aug, a person must not organise or attend a gathering of >100 people in an outdoor space, except where provided in this direction

Non-residential premises

From 11:59pm on 11 Aug, a person:

- a) Who owns, controls or operates premises in ACT must take reasonable steps to not allow or organise a gathering of >100 people to occur on non-residential premises; and
- b) Must not attend a gathering of >100 people on premises in the ACT;

Social distancing must be observed at any indoor gathering at non-residential premises.

Exceptions to definition of gathering are: airport, public transport; private transportation, medical/health service facility; for purposes of or relating to support or care for person with disability, emergency services; law enforcement; disability/aged care facility; correctional/detention facility; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly/Commonwealth Parliament; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; attending at restaurant or cafe for takeaway/delivery; office building/factory/construction site; educational institution; hotel/motel for accommodation services.

From 11:59pm on 11 Aug, a person who owns, controls or operates a non-essential business or undertaking in the ACT must not operate that business or undertaking (does not include businesses that can operate solely online) except as permitted.

Non-essential business or undertaking defined as the following: business that supplies liquor for consumption on premises, hotel, restaurant or cafe other than takeaway, food court, gym, health club, fitness centre or wellness centre, centre that provides yoga, barre or spin facilities, bootcamp or PT, organised sporting activity, swimming pool, community centre or facility, place of worship, library, gallery, museum, national institution or historic site, outdoor amusement park, cinema, open air/drive in cinema, performances in all locations including concert venues, theatres, arena, or auditorium; events in a conference or convention centre; wedding; funeral; library; indoor/outdoor play centre, gaming or gambling venue/casino,

betting agency, hairdresser or barber, nail salon, tattoo or body modification studio, place that provides beauty therapy, tanning or waxing services, day spa/massage parlour, steam based services (sauna/steam room etc), auction house, real-estate display or open home.

Businesses must have a COVID Safety Plan.

**19 Aug
2020**

Public Health (Emergency) Declaration Further Extension 2020 (No 11)

Further extended for 90 days

[Here](#)

Northern Territory Government

Date	Description	Link
18 Mar 2020	<p>Declaration of Public Health Emergency</p> <p>Under section 48 of the <i>Public and Environmental Health Act 2011</i> and with reference to section 49 of the Act, a Public Health Emergency was declared for a period of 5 days</p>	Here
	<p>Non-essential large gatherings are prohibited (500 people outdoors and more than 100 people indoors)</p> <p>People are legally directed to self-quarantine upon returning from international travel.</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	Here
20 Mar 2020	<p>Extension of Operation of Declaration of Public Health Emergency</p> <p>Emergency extended for a further period of 5 days from 23 Mar.</p>	Here
22 Mar	<p>COVID-19 Direction – Mass Gatherings</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An occupier of a place must not allow the following to occur on, in or at a single undivided area of the place: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Gathering of 500+ people outdoors b. Gathering of 100+ people indoors c. Gathering of <100 people where there is not 4 square metres of space per person; 2. must not attend such a gathering; <p>Listed exceptions apply, as per other jurisdictions.</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	Here
23 Mar 2020	<p>Events and gatherings</p> <p>The following indoor and outdoor facilities are restricted from opening until further notice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pubs, registered and licenced clubs (excluding bottle shops attached to these venues) • hotels (excluding accommodation) • gyms and indoor sporting venues • cinemas, entertainment venues, casinos and night clubs • *restaurants and cafes for seated dining • religious gatherings, places of worship or funerals (in enclosed spaces and other than very small groups and where the 1 person per 4 square metre rule applies). <p>*Cafes, restaurants, food courts and other similar food/drink service businesses may continue to operate as takeaway businesses. Patrons must not be permitted to consume purchased goods on the premises. Accommodation businesses may serve food/drinks for consumption by a guest in the guest's room. Social distancing measures should be applied.</p> <p>Page has since been updated with current restrictions as at 14 Apr.</p>	Here

**24 Mar
2020**

Border controls

From 24 Mar, strict border controls will apply for all access by road, rail, air and sea. All non-essential travellers arriving at a NT border must self-isolate for 14 days unless one of the exemptions applies, eg national or NT security and governance, health and emergency services, transport, freight and logistics, defence and policing, flight crews and freight (with strict guidelines), people with specialist skills.

Amended by [Direction](#) on 25 Mar to exclude those who are transiting through NT and do not leave the airport or overnight at the airport hotel

Superseded direction – no longer available

[Here](#)

**25 Mar
2020**

Events and gatherings

The following will close from midnight 25 Mar: food courts in shopping centres, but for takeaway, beauty parlours, indoor markets except for food markets, amusement parks and arcades, play centres (indoor and outdoor), community and recreation centres, and health clubs. Weddings are limited to 5 people and funerals are limited to 10 people.

[COVID-19 Directions – Direction for closure of certain businesses to the public and cease certain business and other activities published on 25 Mar](#)

Superseded direction – no longer available

[Here](#)

Emergency Legislation Amendment Act 2020

Amendment to increase the life for a declaration of an emergency to 90 days

[Here](#)

Directions for Further Closure and Cessation of Public Places, Services and Activities

An occupier of a place or proprietor of a business must close to the public any place specified and cease conducting with, or providing to, the public any activity or service specified.

The following are listed in the direction: an indoor market, other than a food market; a real estate open house; beauty therapy; tattooing etc; place that provides yoga/barre/Pilates/massage or other wellness services; bathhouse/swimming pool/wave pool/water park/recreational lake; arena/stadium/amusement park/community or recreation centre/indoor or outdoor play centre; venue operated by RSL; art gallery/museum/historic site; wedding with >5 people; funeral with >10 people; place that provides PT activities or outdoors with >10 people; organised or social sport activity;

[Minor amendments](#) to various directions made on 27 Mar

Superseded direction – no longer available

[Here](#)

**27 Mar
2020**

Extension of Operation of Declaration of Public Health Emergency

Extended for a period of 90 days

[Here](#)

**28 Mar
2020**

Directions for Territory Border Restrictions

All international arrivals must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by me or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival;

All interstate arrivals must travel directly from the place of entry to a suitable place for self-quarantine for a period of 14 days

Superseded direction – no longer available

[Here](#)

Directions for Infected Persons

A person who is diagnosed with COVID-19 must travel directly to a hospital or other place of medical treatment specified by an authorised officer or health practitioner and remain isolated in that place until notified in writing that the person no longer needs to remain isolated

[Here](#)

30 Mar
2020

Events and gatherings

Advice consistent with further lockdowns. Work from home if you can; going out for basics or exercise in small groups, such as partner or family, is fine.

No direction has been published as yet.

Page has since been updated with current restrictions as at 14 Apr.

[Here](#)

31 Mar
2020

COVID-19 Directions for Gatherings

An occupier of an outdoor place must not allow a gathering more than 10 people to occur on, in or at a single undivided area of the place;

An occupier of an indoor place must not allow a gathering to occur on, in or at a single undivided area of the place if the gathering has more than 10 people, or the density of people present is more than 1 person per 4 sq m

The operator of a vessel must not allow a gathering of more than 10 people on the vessel, including the operator, and must not allow the density of persons present to be more than 1 person per 4 sq m

A person must not attend any of the above gatherings.

A gathering of people from the same residence, and a gathering for emergency services, are exempted. Also exempted are: airports; medical or health service facility; residential facility for disability; correctional centre; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; educational institution; child care facility; office building/factory/mine/construction site; hotel/motel/mining accommodation or other accommodation facility; gathering in private motor vehicle or commercial passenger vehicle; transport.

To be read in conjunction with below direction.

Superseded direction – no longer available

[Here](#)

COVID-19 Directions to Close Public Places, Services and Activities

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: business of serving food or beverages for consumption in or at the premises or food court; casino; business that holds gaming machines; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue; indoor market other than food market; place used to conduct auction; place that provides beauty therapy; place that provides tattooing or body art; place that provides yoga or other wellness services; bathhouse/public swimming pool/wave pool/water park/recreational lakes for swimming/water sports; gymnasium/skate park/public playground/outdoor gym; arena/stadium/sporting facility/amusement park/community centre/recreation centre/play centre, whether indoors or outdoors; place that provides PT with >10 people; RSL venue; art gallery/museum/public memorial/public historic site; public library; place used for religious worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people.

Exemptions include: hairdressing, essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider

[Here](#)

1 Apr 2020	<p>providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	
2 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Directions for Territory Border Restrictions</p> <p>All arrivals from outside NT must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by me or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>Exceptions allowed for: Australian military personnel, member of Federal Parliament; health practitioner; transport or freight; member of crew; specialist required to provide services for continuity of industry/business and maintenance of competitive operations if needed without delay, skills are difficult to obtain in NT, and person has to be physically present; repairperson for water, power, communications and other critical infrastructure; law enforcement officer or emergency service worker; administration of justice; or paramedic</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	<p>Here</p>
5 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Direction to Close Public Places, Services and Activities</p> <p>The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: business of serving food or beverages for consumption in or at the premises or food court; casino; business that holds gaming machines; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue; indoor market other than food market; place used to conduct auction; place that provides beauty therapy; place that provides tattooing or body art; place that provides yoga or other wellness services; bathhouse/public swimming pool/wave pool/water park/recreational lakes for swimming/water sports; gymnasium/skate park/public playground/outdoor gym; arena/stadium/sporting facility/amusement park/community centre/recreation centre/play centre, whether indoors or outdoors; place that provides PT indoors; place that provides PT outdoors except with <2 people; RSL venue; art gallery/museum/public memorial/public historic site; public library; place used for religious worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people, venue that operates a totalisator or conducts totalisator wagering.</p> <p>Exemptions include: hairdressing, essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	<p>Here</p>

	Exemptions include: hairdressing, massage services that are provided as allied health services; essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.	
9 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Directions for Territory Border Restrictions</p> <p>Any person arriving in NT from outside NT must travel directly to a place specified by an authorised officer and remain quarantined for 14 days. Direction specifies exempt persons.</p>	Here
15 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Direction to Close Public Places, Services and Activities</p> <p>The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: business of serving food or beverages for consumption in or at the premises or food court; casino; business that holds gaming machines; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue; indoor market other than food market; place used to conduct auction; place that provides beauty therapy; place that provides tattooing or body art; place that provides yoga or other wellness services; bathhouse/public swimming pool/wave pool/water park/recreational lakes for swimming/water sports; gymnasium/skate park/public playground/outdoor gym/slate park/public playground/public outdoor gym equipment; arena/stadium/sporting facility/amusement park/community centre/recreation centre/play centre, whether indoors or outdoors; place that provides PT indoors; place that provides PT outdoors except with <2 people; RSL venue; art gallery/museum/public memorial/public historic site; public library; toy library, place used for religious worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people, venue that operates a totalisator or conducts totalisator wagering.</p> <p>Exemptions include: hairdressing, massage services that are provided as allied health services; essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available</p>	Here
16 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Direction for Potentially Infected Persons</p> <p>If a person is notified by a medical officer that they are either suspected on reasonable grounds of being infected with COVID-19 or have been in close contact with such a person, they must travel directly to a hospital or other place specified by a medical officer for testing, and must remain isolated at that location until notified in writing that they no longer need to.</p>	Here
17 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Directions for Territory Border Restrictions</p> <p>All arrivals from outside NT must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by me or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>Exceptions allowed for: Australian military personnel, member of Federal Parliament; health practitioner; transport or freight; member of crew; specialist required to provide services for continuity of industry/business and maintenance of competitive operations if needed without delay, skills are difficult to obtain in NT, and person has to be physically present; repairperson for water, power, communications and other critical infrastructure; law enforcement officer or emergency service worker; administration of justice; or paramedic</p> <p>Superseded direction – no longer available.</p>	Here
20 Apr 2020	<p>COVID-19 Directions for Gatherings</p>	Here

An occupier of an outdoor place must not allow a gathering more than 10 people to occur on, in or at a single undivided area of the place;

An occupier of an indoor place must not allow a gathering to occur on, in or at a single undivided area of the place if the gathering has more than 10 people, or the density of people present is more than 1 person per 4 sq m

An occupier of a place that is a private residence must not allow a gathering of more than 10 people to occur on, on or that the place, including the people who live at that place; and must not allow the density of people present to be more than one person per 4 sq m of the indoor area.

The operator of a vessel must not allow a gathering of more than 10 people on the vessel, including the operator, and must not allow the density of persons present to be more than 1 person per 4 sq m

A person must not attend any of the above gatherings.

A gathering of people from the same residence, and a gathering for emergency services, are exempted. Also exempted are: airports; medical or health service facility; residential facility for disability; correctional centre; Court/tribunal; Legislative Assembly; food market/supermarket/grocery store/retail store/shopping centre; educational institution; child care facility; office building/factory/mine/construction site; hotel/motel/mining accommodation or other accommodation facility; gathering in private motor vehicle or commercial passenger vehicle; transport.

Revoked on 1 May.

24 Apr
2020

Public and Environmental Health Legislation Amendment Bill 2020

Bill introducing certain amendments, including to supplement the Chief Health Officer's powers during emergencies to permit them to charge a fee to a person or class of persons for any action taken under section 52(1) of the *Public and Environmental Health Act 2011* that requires the person or class to remain quarantined at a place if they enter from outside the Territory.

[*Public and Environmental Health Legislation Amendment Bill 2020*](#) published overnight on 24 Apr and commenced from 25 Apr

[Here](#)

Tenancies Legislation Amendment Bill 2020

Bill proposed introducing new powers for the Minister to, by Gazette Notice, suspend or modify all or part of the *Business Tenancies (Fair Dealings) Act 2003* or *Residential Tenancies Act 1999*, or make provisions to regulate either a business premises or lease, or alternatively a residential premises or tenancy agreement; or a residential or business occupation arrangement.

[*Tenancies Legislation Amendment Act 2020*](#) published overnight on 24 Apr and commenced from 25 Apr

[Here](#)

28 Apr
2020

Gazette Notices published following the *Tenancies Legislation Amendment Act 2020*

Business Tenancies COVID-19 Modification Notice 2020

Putting in place a mandatory 30-day period of negotiation between landlord and tenant to attempt to reach an agreeable solution to allow the tenant to remain in the premises.

Residential Tenancies COVID-19 Modification Notice 2020

Modifies or suspends various relevant sections of the *Residential Tenancies Act 1999* in order to, among other things, offer protections to residential tenants in the event that they suffer hardship due to COVID-19.

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

1 May
2020

COVID-19 hardship is defined in this instrument as being where: the a Government COVID-19 Direction directly or indirectly causes the person to suffer any of the following hardships: the rent payable by the person under a tenancy agreement exceeds 30% of household income, the person's physical/mental/psychological health or safety is at risk, or a hardship that was already existing as at this date that has been made worse.

Residential Tenancies Notice was amended slightly on 11 May ([here](#))

Revocation of Directions for Gatherings

Earlier direction made on 20 Apr revoked with effect from noon.

Directions to Close Public Places, Services and Activities

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: business of serving food or beverages for consumption in or at the premises or food court; casino; business that holds gaming machines; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue; indoor market other than food market; place that provides beauty therapy; place that provides tattooing or body art; place that provides yoga or other wellness services; bathhouse/indoor public swimming pool; indoor arena, stadium or sporting/recreation facility; indoor gymnasium. Indoor community centre, RSL venue, art gallery/museum, public library, toy library or indoor play centre, place used for religious worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people, venue that operates a totalisator or conducts totalisator wagering.

Exemptions include: hairdressing, massage services that are provided as allied health services; essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.

Directions to Close Public Places, Services and Activities

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: business of serving food or beverages for consumption in or at the premises or food court; casino; business that holds gaming machines; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue/park; indoor market other than food market; place that provides beauty therapy; place that provides tattooing or body art; place that provides yoga or other wellness services; bathhouse/indoor public swimming pool; indoor arena, stadium or sporting/recreation facility; place that provides PT or sporting activities indoors, indoor gymnasium. Indoor community centre, RSL venue, art gallery/museum, public library, toy library or indoor play centre, place used for religious worship except for weddings with <5 people or funerals with <10 people, venue that operates a totalisator or conducts totalisator wagering.

Exemptions include: hairdressing, massage services that are provided as allied health services; essential public/volunteer services, public library if returning/borrowing books reserved or requested in advance, accommodation provider providing accommodation and serving food or beverages for consumption by a guest in their room.

Directions for Physical Distancing

Action taken by Chief Health Officer, who has deemed it necessary, appropriate or desirable to take such actions in order to alleviate the public health emergency in NT.

All people in NT must comply with physical distancing principles as updated from time to time on the NT government coronavirus [website](#).

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

[Here](#)

15 May
2020

An authorised officer is not to charge people or give them an infringement notice for failure to comply with these directions unless they have directed the person to comply with these directions and given an opportunity to comply, and the person continues to fail to comply.

Directions to Close Certain Places, Businesses, Activities and Services and Directions for Safety Measures at Reopened Places, Businesses, Activities and Services

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: approved gaming areas of a casino; gaming machine area, operation of a totaliser; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue/park; place that provides beauty therapy for the face; place that provides tattooing or body art.

Business that was closed or required to cease under previous directions and is now allowed to reopen must submit a COVID-19 safety plan checklist in an approved form before reopening or resuming.

[Here](#)

21 May
2020

Directions for Territory Border Restrictions

All arrivals from outside NT must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by the Chief Health Officer or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.

Exceptions allowed for: Australian military personnel, member of Federal Parliament who is ordinarily resident in NT; health practitioner; any person providing services for transport or freight; specialist required to provide services for continuity of industry/business and maintenance of competitive operations if needed without delay, skills are difficult to obtain in NT, and person has to be physically present; person required to enter for necessary maintenance or repair of water, power, communications and other critical infrastructure; law enforcement officer or emergency service worker; administration of justice; or paramedic

[Here](#)

Directions to Close Certain Places, Businesses, Activities and Services and Directions for Safety Measures at Reopened Places, Businesses, Activities and Services

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: approved gaming areas of a casino; gaming machine area, operation of a totaliser; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue/park; place that provides beauty therapy for the face; place that provides tattooing or body art.

A business that was closed or required to cease under earlier directions and is now allowed to reopen must submit a COVID-19 safety plan checklist in an approved form before reopening or resuming.

Superseded direction

[Here](#)
[Here](#)

22 May
2020

Directions to Close Certain Places, Businesses, Activities and Services and Directions for Safety Measures at Reopened Places, Businesses, Activities and Services

The following places, services and activities are closed to the public: approved gaming areas of a casino; gaming machine area, operation of a totaliser; cinema/theatre/concert hall/music hall/dance hall/nightclub/any other similar entertainment venue; amusement venue/park; place that provides beauty therapy for the face; place that provides tattooing or body art.

A business that was closed or required to cease under earlier directions and is now allowed to reopen must submit a COVID-19 safety plan checklist in an approved form

[Here](#)

	before reopening or resuming; and place markings on the floor to indicate 1.5m spacing in areas where public may queue.	
4 Jun 2020	<p>Directions for Safety Measures at Reopened Places, Businesses, Activities, Services and Premises</p> <p>A business that was closed or required to cease under earlier directions and is now allowed to reopen must submit a COVID-19 safety plan checklist in an approved form before reopening or resuming; provide hand sanitiser, display signage for practicing social distancing, hand hygiene, staying home and downloading COVIDSafe.</p>	Here
11 Jun 2020	<p>Revocation of directions for physical distancing</p> <p>Above direction issued on 1 May is revoked.</p> <p>No more restrictions on gatherings.</p>	Here
12 Jun 2020	<p>Directions for Territory Border Restrictions</p> <p>All arrivals from overseas must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by the Chief Health Officer or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>All arrivals from interstate must travel to a suitable place for self-quarantining and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>Exceptions from rules re interstate travellers permitted for: Australian military personnel, member of Federal Parliament who is ordinarily resident in NT; health practitioner; any person providing services for transport or freight; specialist required to provide services for continuity of industry/business and maintenance of competitive operations if needed without delay, skills are difficult to obtain in NT, and person has to be physically present; person required to enter for necessary maintenance or repair of water, power, communications and other critical infrastructure; law enforcement officer or emergency service worker; administration of justice; or paramedic</p>	Here
19 Jun 2020	<p>Directions for Major Public Events</p> <p>The organiser of an event that is expected to have >500 people must complete and submit a COVID-19 event safety plan to be approved by the Chief Health Officer.</p>	Here
26 Jun 2020	<p>Directions for Territory Border Restrictions – Consolidated</p> <p>All arrivals from overseas must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by the Chief Health Officer or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>All arrivals from interstate must travel to a suitable place for self-quarantining and remain there for 14 days after arrival.</p> <p>Exceptions from rules re interstate travellers permitted for: Australian military personnel, member of Federal Parliament who is ordinarily resident in NT; health practitioner; any person providing services for transport or freight; specialist required to provide services for continuity of industry/business and maintenance of competitive operations if needed without delay, skills are difficult to obtain in NT, and person has to be physically present; person required to enter for necessary maintenance or repair of water, power, communications and other critical infrastructure; law enforcement officer or emergency service worker; administration of justice; or paramedic</p>	Here Here
3 Jul 2020	<p>Directions for Territory Border Restrictions</p>	Here

16 Jul
2020

All arrivals from overseas must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by the Chief Health Officer or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.

All arrivals from interstate COVID hotspots must travel to a suitable place for self-quarantining and remain there for 14 days after arrival.

Directions for Territory Border Restrictions

All arrivals from overseas or from a COVID-19 hotspot must travel directly from the place of entry to a place specified by the Chief Health Officer or an authorised officer and remain there for 14 days after arrival.

Amended on 23 Jul to introduce additional requirements for COVID-19 hotspots.

Amended on 7 Aug regarding when places cease to be hotspots.

[Here](#)

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